THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

VOL. IX.—NO. 117. PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1869. DOUBLE SHEET—THREE CENTS.

A CLEAR, SMOOTH SKIN AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION follows the use of HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.

It removes black spots, pimples moth patches, and all eruptions of the skin.

IN THE SPRING MONTHS, THE SYSTEM naturally undergoes a change, and HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA is an assistant of the greatest value.

YOUNG LADIES, BEWARE! OF THE injurious effects of Face Powders and Washes. All such remedies close up the pores of the skin, and in a short time destroy the complexion. If you would have a fresh, healthy, and youthful appearance, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

NOT A FEW OF THE WORST DISORders that affect mankind arise from corruption of the blood. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is a remedy of the utmost value.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA cleanses and renovates the blood, instils the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors that make disease.

QUANTITY VS. QUALITY. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. The dose is small. Those who desire a large quantity and large doses of medicine ERR.

THOSE WHO DESIRE BRILLIANCY of complexion must purify and enrich the blood, which HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA invariably does. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other.

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is the Gread Blood Purifier.

HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED

Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla

ERADICATES ERUPTIVE AND ULCERATED DISEASES OF THE THROAT, NOSE, EYES, EYELIDS, SCALP AND SKIN,

Which so disfigure the appearance, PURGINH the evil effects of mercury and removing all taints, the remnants of DISEASES, hereditary or otherwise, and is taken by ADULTS and CHILDREN with perfect safety.

TWO TABLESPOONFULS of the extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

AN INTERESTING LETTER is published in the "Medico-Chirurgical Review" on the subject of the Extract of Sarsaparilla in certain affections, by Benjamin Travers, F. R. S., etc. Speaking of those diseases, and diseases arising from the excess of mercury, he states that no remedy is equal to the Extract of Sarsaparilla; its power is extraordinary, more so than any other drug I am acquainted with. It is, in the strictest sense, a tonic, with this invaluable attribute, that it is applicable to a state of the system so sunken, and yet so irritable, as renders other substances of the tonic class unavailable or injurious.

HELMBOLD'S

Concentrated Extract Sarsaparilla,

Established upwards of 18 years. PREPARED BY

H. T. HELMBOLD,

DRUGGIST AND CHEMIST,

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Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price, $1·25 per bottle, or 6 for $6·50.

MEDICAL DEPOT, NO. 104 S. TENTH STREET.

FIRST EDITION

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

CHURCH LITIGATION.

Is Music a Part of Religious Service?

Walnut St. Presbyterian Church.

Court of Common Pleas.

This morning the following interesting decision was delivered by his Honor Judge Peirce:—

In the matter of the proposed amendments to the charter of The Walnut Street Presbyterian Church of Philadelphia.

Pierce, J.—This is a church organized, in the language of the charter, for the purpose of worshipping Almighty God according to the usages and forms of the Presbyterian Church. Several amendments have been proposed to its charter, and exceptions have been filed to a part of the proposed fourth amendment. The part of the amendment to which exceptions have been filed is as follows:—

"The said Trustees shall have power to appoint an organist (subject to the approval of the session), a sexton, and any other persons they may think necessary for the interests or convenience of the corporation, and to pay their salaries."

The exceptions filed are as follows:—

"First. The music of the church being a part of the religious services or worship in the sanctuary, should be subject to the control of the Session of the church, and the Trustees, whose duties relate exclusively to the temporal affairs of the corporation, ought to have no voice in the election of any one appointed to conduct the worship of the house of God.

"This exceptant believes to be in accordance with the fundamental law and usage of the Presbyterian Church.

"Second. The language of the proposed amendment is objected to for indefiniteness. It proposes to confer on the Trustees an unlimited power of appointment. The language employed, 'Shall have power to appoint any other persons,' does not limit the power as to number, nor does it specify what offices the Trustees may create to fill. Nor does it define the duties of the persons to be appointed. It is also objectionable on the ground that no check is placed on the amounts for which the Trustees may bind the congregation for salaries to be paid.

"Third. The trustees, under the foregoing clause, claim to further control the worship of the church, by setting up a right to introduce into said church a paid choir, which, it is claimed by the exceptant, is in opposition to the wish of a majority of the members of said church and congregation, and in support of this allegation, the Court is respectfully referred to the annexed extract from the minutes of the Board of Trustees, of an adjourned meeting held on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1868."

Extract from said minutes:—

"Mr. Knight moved that it is the sense of this Board that under the amendment of Article 2 to the charter, as reported by the committee at congregational meeting, November 18, 1868, that this Board have the power to engage a paid choir without the consent of the Session."

"Seconded by Mr. Christian and carried.

"Messrs. Davis and Fine voted in the negative.

"The President here desired to enter his protest against the motion just passed, and stated that it was in direct violation of the organic law of the Presbyterian Church, and would be totally inoperative."

The question raised by these exceptions is, What are the relative duties and powers of trustees and church sessions in a church organized for the worship of God according to the usages and forms of the Presbyterian Church? This question has received consideration from time to time by the highest judicatory of the Church, as will be found by reference to the digest of the acts and deliverances of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America.

New Digest, page 48. "It is not inconsistent with the Presbyterian plan of government, nor the institution of our Lord Jesus Christ, that trustees or a committee chosen by the congregation should have the disposal and application of the public money raised by the said congregation, to the uses for which it is designed; provided that they leave in the hands and to the management of the deacons what is collected for the Lord's table and the poor. And that ministers of the gospel, by virtue of their office, have no right to sit with or preside over such trustees or committees." Minutes 1752, p. 249.

New Digest, page 108. "It being moved to the Synod whether a church session hath power to introduce a new version of Psalms into the congregation to which they belong, without the consent of the majority of said congregation; it was voted in the negative, *nemine contradicente*." Minutes 1753, p. 255.

Subsequently the whole subject of a Book of Psalmody was brought to the attention of the General Assembly, a committee appointed for the preparation of a Book of Psalms and Hymns, which was done, and the book recommended to the use of the churches. New Digest, pp. 582 to 585.

The subject has received further consideration from what is familiarly known as the Old School Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, since the division of the Church in 1837-8. The form of government and directory for worship are the same in both branches of the Presbyterian Church known as the New School and Old School Churches.

In 1845, in reply to an overture from the Synod of Cincinnati on the subject of instrumental music, the following minute was adopted:—

Whereas, By our Constitution (Form of Government, chapter ix, section 6, and Directory for Worship, chapter iv, section 4) the whole internal arrangement of a Church, as to worship and order, is committed to the minister and Session; therefore,

Resolved, That this Assembly do not feel themselves called upon and obliged to take any further order on this subject, but leave to each Session the delicate and important matter of arranging and conducting the music as to them shall seem most for edification, recommending great caution, prudence, and forbearance in regard to it.

1858, Overture No. 19, a memorial from John Woodman, an elder in the Presbytery of Iowa, asking the Assembly to define the rights of the session of a church in regard to the singing in the house of God. The committee recommend that the petitioner be referred, for a sufficient answer, to the action of the Assembly in 1845.—Assembly's Digest, p. 197.

The Church Session consists of the pastor or pastors, and ruling elders of a particular coegregation. Form of Gov., chap. 9, section 1.

Form of Gov., chap. 9, sec. 6, above referred to, is as follows, viz.:—

"The Church Session is charged with maintaining the spiritual government of the congregation, for which purpose they have power to inquire into the knowledge and Christian conduct of the members of the church; to call before them offenders and witnesses being members of their own congregation, and to introduce other witnesses where it may be necessary to bring the process to issue, and when they can be procured to attend; to receive members into the church; to admonish, to rebuke, to suspend, or exclude from the sacraments those who are found to deserve censure; to concert the best measures for promoting the spiritual interests of the congregation; and to appoint delegates to the higher judicatories of the Church."

Directory for Worship, chap. 4, sec. 4, above referred to, is as follows, viz.:—"The proportion of the time of public worship to be spent in singing is left to the prudence of every minister; but it is recommended that more time be allowed for this excellent part of divine service than has been usual in most of our churches."

It will be perceived from these standards of authority that in the Presbyterian Church the spiritual government of the congregation, including the public worship, is committed to the minister and church session.

It is usual to commit the temporal interests of the congregation and the custody of the church property to the care of the trustees, though these interests may be managed by the congregation at large.

The object of the association of the Walnut Street Church, as set forth in the charter, is the worship of God according to the usages and forms of the Presbyterian Church. This directs the mode of the worship and prescribes who shall have control of it. It is a Presbyterian church, and is to be governed in its worship by the usages and forms of that Church. The duty of directing that is committed, by the law of the Church, to the minister and Church Session. A majority of the congregation, however numerous, cannot direct otherwise, or give to the trustees a power to control or affect the public worship in any manner whatever. This is according to the forms and usages of the Presbyterian Church, and is declared by the highest judicatory in one branch of the Church to be the fundamental law of the Church.

But it may be a question whether the Church Session have the power of incurring expense or contracting debts for the purpose of public worship which will bind the congregation or Trustees. They have the sole control of the public worship, but whether expenses for that purpose can be incurred without the consent of the Corporation or the Trustees empowered for that purpose we do not decide. The affairs of the Corporation, as provided by the charter, are to be managed by the Trustees. The worship and spiritual direction of the church, by the fundamental law of the Presbyterian Church, belong to the Minister and Church Session. Each body moves in its own sphere. Neither can interfere with the other. If a particular mode of conducting the public worship, which is in harmony with the usages of the Presbyterian Church, be deemed desirable, the minister and Session may authorize and establish it, but it is desirable that this should be done in harmony with the views and wishes of the Church and congregation. Usually the incurring of such expenses is a matter of arrangement between the Trustees and the Session. But if such expenses be incurred in the necessary maintenance of the public worship, and there be funds of the church adequate for their payment, it would seem to be the duty of the Trustees to so apply them; and such duty could perhaps be enforced by proceedings in equity if the Trustees should so refuse. But of this we express no opinion.

There is nothing in the fundamental law of the Presbyterian Church which requires that Trustees shall be members of the congregation. They are such persons as the corporation may select for that purpose. As Trustees, they are not in any sense a part of the Church, and are not amenable to discipline, and may be, through negligence or want of knowledge in selecting them, men of immoral lives. To hold that such persons should govern and control the worship of the church would be to introduce an element into the church that might prove its disintegration and destruction. Such a view is repugnant to common sense, and repellant to every proper idea of the worship of the Supreme Being.

The rules of law which govern the rights of members in church organizations have been well settled by numerous decisions in Pennsylvania.

Religious societies may organize as independent churches, and then their law is found in their own separate institutions; or they may organize as associate churches, and then their law is to be found in their own rules and in those of the associated organism.—McGinnis vs. Watson, 5 Wright, 9.

In general organizations of united churches the law of the general organism is binding on all the individual churches, and even a majority seceding lose all their rights in the church property.—Ibid.

The majority may control consistently with the laws of the organism, but not in violation of them. The question is not which party has the majority, but which is right according to the law by which the body has hitherto consented to be governed. Sutter vs. Reformed Church, 6 Wright, 509.

In Church organizations those who adhere and submit to the regular order of the Church, local and general, though a minority, are the true congregation and corporation, if incorporated. Winebrenner vs. Colden, 7 Wright, 244.

Applying the fundamental law of the Presbyterian Church, which gives the direction of the public worship to the minister and Church Session, and the rules of law which define the rights of ministers in church organizations, to the question submitted to us in this case, we think that the exceptions to the proposed fourth amendment to the charter are well taken, and must be sustained. The amendment proposes to give power to the Trustees to appoint an organist (subject to the approval of the Session). The duties of an organist are connected with the public worship. This is solely under the control of the minister and Church Session. It is a violation of the fundamental law of the Church to place this power in the hands of the Trustees, even though it be qualified by requiring the approval of the session. If provision be made by the congregation or the trustees for the employment of an organist, the exclusive power of appointment, direction, and removal of him belongs to the Church Session, otherwise they have not that direction of the public worship which, by the law of the Presbyterian Church, is committed to them.

The same objections apply to that other portion of the proposed amendment which empowers the Trustees to appoint "any other persons they may think necessary for the interest or convenience of the corporation, and to fix their salaries;" if it be intended, as is alleged, to provide thereby for the employment of a choir to assist in the church music.

The language is further objectionable as being too general, and conferring powers on the Trustees not sufficiently ascertained and limited as to prevent confusion and possible conflict of authority in a church organization, when two separate bodies, within their respective spheres, direct and control the associate body.

The exceptions to the parts of the proposed fourth amendment, above specified, are sustained. The other proposed amendments are approved.

Judge Allison being a member of the corporation petitioning for these amendments, takes no part in this decision.

NEW YORKISMS.

From Our Own Correspondent.

NEW YORK, May 15, 1869.

Thinking, perhaps, that the readers of THE TELEGRAPH might not be unwilling to have something from an eye-witness of the *personnelle* of some of the principal women connected with the Equal Rights Convention, whose meetings are just over in this city, I took the trouble to attend their latest sittings, and I have come away a happier and a wiser man. I do not present myself in the aspect of a convert, but I am content to lean back and exclaim:—"Shinny on your own side, girls!" when I see any demonstrations among these women's rights women which seem to threaten to infringe upon ours.

The last meeting was held in this city on Thursday night, at Cooper Hall. Almost every seat in that oblong room—the more correct term would be "obwide"—was occupied, although the price of admission was twenty-five cents, and no half-price for men. No printed rules in reference to the admission of infants were visible, but since no babies were visible, perhaps it is not unfair to conclude that children in arms were not admitted. The audience was heterogeneous. Here sat a Quaker, with his grey coat-tails, long enough to be tied in front of him, folded across his knees, between which his broad-brimmed hat was nicely balanced. There a poetic-faced young woman fixed her gloating liquid eyes upon the speakers in turn, and losing all self-consciousness in her admiration of them, presented an artless contour to the slightly supercilious observer. Scattered on the right and left were bearded men, brawny as backwoodsmen, who were evidently there for the first time. At the conclusion of the evening's entertainment I heard one of them remark that it had been as good as six meals to him, and that Miss Anthony ought to be boxed up and sent South, both of these remarks remaining a pleasing enigma to me. At frequent intervals through the audience occurred the various well-known conventional types of the principal grades of modern society. The intellectual and knobby-browed woman, with very convex eyes and shining spectacles; the imbecile-mouthed man, with small chest and no legs; the curled and perfumed minion of the drawing-room, with astonishing necktie, and hair parted in the middle; the commonplace clergyman, bent on putting the best face upon an equivocal question; the thorough home woman, deluded thither by the persuasion of friends—these and the different shades that blend with them made up a large measure of the audience.

Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton is the head and front of the offending. She has been often described, and those who have ever seen her like describing her. She is a noble-looking patrician of about sixty, with an abundance of hair perfectly white clustering around her forehead, and culminating at the back of her head in a natural *chignon* of which Lydia Thompson might be proud thirty years hence. Her favorite deess is of black *moire antique*, and she is devoid of ornaments. Her eyes are dark and fervid; her manner composed and repressed. She always seemed to me to be on the point of saying something which she orbore to say, yet whenever she did speak it was happily and to the point. Vexatious trifles she laughs off. She rarely raises her voice much above an ordinary level. She possesses a great deal of tact, and knows how to put a meeting in good humor. Her face is lambent with dignity and a sense of humor. She is too prudent and forbearing to say the severe truths that might flood up to her lips. She introduces speakers to the audience with the quiet grace that might characterize an introduction in a drawing-room. She "shuts down" on masculine interlopers with an unconscious gravity that is truly comic. Her tactics are to ignore their presence by deciding who has the floor, and that decision, whenever the masculine really *is* an interloper, is invariably in favor of some nice young effeminate fellow among the sisters on the platform.

An impression obtains amongst the ungodly that Miss Susan B. Anthony is raw-boned and red. This is not the case. Seated at a table upon Mrs. Stanton's right, with one hand supporting her chair or the side of her head, and the other grasping the treasury, as symbolized in a black morocco satchel, Miss Anthony looks an interesting and highly-intellectual invalid. Her abundance of fine brown hair is brushed plainly back of her ears, and runs off into a waterfall of moderate dimensions. She is tall, thin, and of olive complexion. Her checks are sunken, and her glass-enshrouded eyes are surrounded by circles of gloom. Her voice is monotonous yet not unpleasing, and what she says is characterized from time to time with a grim humor. Upon the evening in question she evidently thought that Miss Dickinson had done the association much injustice in not keeping her promise to lecture for them. This was obvious from her air of not having said by any means as much as she might have said, and I should not be surprised if the massive-jawed Quakeress and the fiscal Susan have "some words" together when they meet. Miss Anthony wears black silk, with a panier as retiring as her waterfall.

The most remarkable-looking woman who appeared during all the meetings of the convention was Madame Anneke, a German, who has fought in several battles, commanded men, had horses killed under her, managed a newspaper, and been hunted from country to country all over Europe. The last country she was hunted to was the United States, where she pursued the rival occupations of sword and pen that had been such favorites with her in the old country. But let us describe Madame Anneke's personal appearance. She wears a black velvet dress with a short skirt, and opening in front something like a man's vest. Around her neck and wrists is expensive lace, and her fingers are adorned with several valuable rings. Her *personnelle* is masculine. She looks as Vestvali, free from flabbiness, might look twenty years from now. Her eyes are blue, capable of intense expression, and most of the eloquence of her countenance lies in them. Her thick hair is cut off at the neck so as not to touch the shoulders in its fall, and, perhaps, I ought to add, as a distinguishing peculiarity, that it is parted in the middle. Her voice is as smooth and mellow as the mellowest notes of a trumpet. I don't believe that Mr. Levy, even from the *cornet-a-piston*, produces more exquisite vibrations than dwell in her tones. Her gestures in talking, standing, sitting, are those of a man. Before she rose, and while only the upper portion of her body could be seen, many of the audience thought she was a man. She sits with her hands resting on her knees, the knuckles bent downwards; or with one arm over the back of the chair; or she is momentarily mopping her face with a pocket hankerchief, or settling her gold spectacles, or clearing their glasses. When she bows to, or salutes, an acquaintance, it is with a distinguished inclination of the head. When she is introduced to a stranger, it is with a profound obeisance. Her smiles of recognition, of pride, of approval, are very pronounced, very cordial, very brief. The moment passed, the expression is dismissed as though, having served its purpose, it is done with forever, and the countenance resumes its wonted gravity. Madame Anneke is one of the most unmitigated of the women's rights women, and I have no doubt that she would look well at the head of a regiment.

In striking contrast to her are Madame de l'Hericourt and Mrs. Ernestine L. Rose. The former is a Frenchwoman, who addresses her audience in French, and with a perspicuity and vivacity which make one wish she were young and beautiful as well as talented. Her attire is by no means elegant. Indeed it is so dandyish you might think it was English or German. She is addicted to crinoline which reveals boots and ankles from which the eye of the observer is kept from being riveted from the fact that her animated voice rivets the ear, and you seek an accompaniment to it in watching the expressions of her countenance. Her compexion is ashen and glittering. Her eyes are full, liquid, bright, and grey, and a great deal of her eloquence is due to the liberal action of her forefinger. This makes her remarks more "pointed" than they would be without it. Madame de l'Hericourt is an emotional woman. Her hobby is universal suffage, and her countenance is momentarily beaming over recitals of happiness, or drawn down about the mouth at tales of woe.

Mrs. Ernestine L. Rose is very erect, and, notwithstanding her *petite* form and mild, cold blue eyes, is somewhat termagantish. She is a German who speaks English with singular correctness, and has identified herself with the woman's suffrage question for thirty-five years. She is, therefore, "no chicken," but must, at the lowest calculation, be between fifty and sixty years of age. Her thin, greyish hair is elaborately curled, and she usually wears a ribbon wreath of some bright color. She likewise indulges in an interesting lisp, and although she speaks English remarkably well, she has not yet familiarized herself with all our little turns of expression. She wants the name of the association changed into the "*Woman's* Rights" Association, is witheringly bitter against Congress, and don't wish to be construed by them into "a man and a brother."

But the time would fail me to tell of Mrs. Livermore, and Lucy Stone, and Mrs. Norton, and Olive Logan, and Mrs. F. E. W. Harper, and half-a-dozen other women whose names are familiar all over the land to those interested in the female suffrage question. And so I close this scandalous and wholly indefensible letter, with the hope that when they get the right to vote they will know how to use it.

ALI BABA.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH,
Saturday, May 15, 1869.

Mr. Boutwell's policy in relation to the disposition to be made of the Government-bond purchases still remains in much doubt, and as his avowed intention, at his assumption of official duties, was to administer the affairs of the Treasury for the interest of the country and not for the benefit of speculators, we trust that he will favor us by a distinct official statement on this subject. That the permanent withdrawal of a million per week would tend to advance prices materially at home, and thus check the downward tendency abroad, is self-evident, as such a movement would show a consciousness of our ability to cancel that amount of our debt per week, whilst any doubt as to his policy must necessarily affect the market unfavorably. Let the Secretary therefore inform the public whether he intends holding these bonds as a reserve or to immediately cancel them.

The Loan market indicates no change in any material feature. The regular rates are unchanged, but balances are merely nominal.

Government bonds continue active and strong.

Gold is excited, the market opening at 139½, advancing to 139¾, and declining to 139⅛, at 11·45 A. M.

The Stock market is quiet, and prices are not so strong. In State loans no change to notice. City 6s were firm, with sales of the new certificates at 101¾@101⅞; the Lehigh gold loan was taken at 95⅞.

Reading Railroad was less active, and sold at 48; Pennsylvania Railroad was quiet at 57; Lehigh Valley Railroad at 56; Philadelphia and Erie Railroad at 30⅜@30½; and North Pennsylvania Railroad at 35¾; 128 was bid for Camden and Amboy Railroad; 54¾ for Minehill Railroad; and 34 for Catawissa Railroad preferred.

Canal shares were without improvement. 100 shares Lehigh Navigation sold at 33½, b. o.

In Coal stocks the only transaction was in St. Nicholas, which sold at 1 3-16.

Bank shares were quiet, with sales of Mechanics' at 31.

Passenger Railway shares were steady, but the transactions were limited, and a few shares of Second and Third sold at 50½@50¾, an advance of 2½; 45½ was offered for Chesnut and Walnut; 18 for Thirteenth and Fifteenth; 61 for West Philadelphia, and 13 for Hestonville.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.
Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third Street.

FIRST BOARD.

$2700 City 6s, New. Is.	101⅜	1 sh Penna RR.	57
$2000 N Pa 6s	89	10 do	57⅛
$1000 Elmira R 7s	91	8 do	57⅛
$5000 Phil & E 7s	87½	100 do	57
$5000 do b30.	87½	4 do	57
$5000 do b60.	87¾	100 do s5wn&1.	57
$4000 do	87½	100 do	57
$1000 Junction R 2d mt 6s	91	68 do allotm's.	56⅜
$2000 Sch N 6s, '82	66	100 do b30.	57
$5000 do b5.	66	100 do b60.	57
$1000 Leh 6s, '84. Is	83	6 do allotm's.	56⅜
$1000 Leh gold I	95⅞	15 sh Cam & Am R.	128
$500 do	96⅛	100 sh Phil & E. b60.	30⅜
6 sh Mech Bk	31	100 do	30⅜
60 sh Leh Val. Is.	56	100 do	30½
100 sh Read R. c. 48	1-16	400 do b30.	30⅜
100 do	48	100 sh Leh Nav	33¼
100 do b30.	48	500 sh Nich Cl. b30.	1 3-16
100 sh N Pa R. b5.	35¼	15 sh 2d & 3d St. Is.	50¼

Messrs. WILLIAM PAINTER & Co., No. 36 S. Third street, report the following quotations:—U. S. 6s of 1881, 120⅞@121⅛; 5-20s of 1862, 120⅛@120⅜; do. 1864, 115⅞@116⅛; do. 1865, 116⅛@116⅜; do. July, 1865, 118@118⅛; do. July, 1867, 118⅛@118⅜; do. July, 1868, 118¼@118⅜; 5s, 10-40, 108⅜@109⅛. Gold, 139½@139¾.

Messrs. JAY COOKE & Co. quote Government securities, etc., as follows:—U. S. 6s, '81, 121@121¼; 5-20s of 1862, 120⅛@120⅜; do., 1864, 115⅛@116; do., Nov., 1865, 116⅛@117; do., July, 1865, 118⅛@118⅜; do., 1867, 118¼@118½; do., 1868, 118⅛@118⅜; 10-40s, 109@109¼. Pacifics, 106⅛@106⅝. Gold, 139½.

—NARR & LADNER, Bankers, report this morning's Gold quotations as follows:—

10·00 A. M.	139½	11·35 A. M.	139½
10·14 "	139⅝	12·12 P. M.	139½

Philadelphia Trade Report.

SATURDAY, May 15.—The Flour market continues quiet, there being no demand except from the home consumers, who purchase sparingly; sales of 700 barrels, including superfine, at $5@5·25; extras at $5·75@6·25; Iowa, Wisconsin, and Minnesota extra family at $6·50@7; Pennsylvania do. do. at $6·75@7·50; Ohio do. do. at $7·75@9; and fancy brands at $10@11·50, according to quality. Rye Flour sells at $7@7·25 in small lots. Nothing doing in Corn Meal.

The Wheat market is greatly depressed, and there is no inquiry except for prime lots, which are in small supply; sales of red at $1·55@1·60; amber at $1·67@1·70; 1000 bushels choice No. 1 spring at $1·50; and 500 bushels prime Michigan white at $2. Rye ranges from $1·43 to $1·45 per bushel for Western. Corn is quiet and prices are weak; sales of 3000 bushels yellow at 86@87c.; and 2500 bushels high Western mixed at 86@87c. Oats are steady, with sales of 2000 bushels Western at 82@83c.; and Southern and Pennsylvania at 60@70c.

Nothing doing in Barley or Malt.

Bark—In the absence of sales we quote No. 1 Quercitron at $52 ₱ ton.

Whisky is freely offered at 94c. ₱ gallon, tax paid, in iron bound barrels.

The Peace Jubilee.

BOSTON, May 15.—Madame Parepa-Rosa has an invitation to sing in the Grand Peace Jubilee. The work upon the Coliseum is going forward rapidly, five hundred mechanics being constantly at work.

SECOND EDITION

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

The Semi-Annual Whipping Day in Delaware—Men Lashed at New Castle—The Work of the Sheriff.

ADVICES FROM WASHINGTON.

FROM DELAWARE.

Another Specimen of Barbarous Civilization—The Pillory and the Whipping-Post Again in Demand.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

NEW CASTLE, Del., May 15.—The Criminal Court of New Castle county began its semi-annual session on Monday last, and before the week was half over, a fine lot of work was laid out for the Sheriff to-day. The old weather-beaten idol upon which the historic "eyes of Delaware" have gazed with mingled admiration and awe for so many years, had at last become so shaky and dilapidated that its devotees were afraid to lay their offerings on its shrine once more. So the council of high priests, known as the County Jail Commissioners, determined upon demolishing it, and erecting in its place a new and substantial shrine on which to place the offerings of justice. To-day, for the first time, the reconstructed pillory and whipping-post is to be made available for the purpose of demonstrating to the whole world how very far in advance of the rest of the universe is the great State of Delaware in its holy regard for the majesty of the law, and its holy horror of all who defiantly attempt to evade it.

The following is a list of the victims who are to be made to appreciate, in all their gentle severity, the consequences of daring to set the majesty of Delaware law at defiance, with the nature of their offenses and the character of their punishment:—

James Edwards, a gentlemanly-looking white man, about twenty-two years of age, who pleaded guilty to the larceny of an overcoat, a pair of pantaloons, and a pair of boots, for which he is to pay double restitution, receive fifteen lashes, and suffer one year's imprisonment.

John Peterson, colored, who appropriated a pig, and had no defense to make for so doing; sentenced to pay restitution, receive twenty lashes, stay in jail one year, and wear a convict's jacket for six months after his release.

John Willis, a white man, who pleaded guilty to stealing a suit of clothes, receives twelve lashes, nine months in jail, and a convict's jacket for six months after his release.

Morris L. Helmes, a white man, who pleaded guilty to the larceny of an assortment of bacon, valued at $1·20, for which he receives the same punishment as the preceding, with an additional fine of $2·40 by way of restitution.

John Pierce, a gentleman of color, who was found in possession of a set of harness, but protested his innocence of the charge of having stolen it, sentenced to pay double restitution, receive twenty lashes, stay in jail one year, and be decorated with a convict's jacket for six months after his release.

John Bush, a white man, who admitted that he drove off bull and two cows, for doing which he has to pay $300 restitution, receive twenty lashes, and suffer a year's imprisonment.

John Reeley, a colored individual, who was found in the possession of a lot of silver spoons, an overcoat, shawl, and other wearing apparel, and for being so found pays $300 restitution, stands in the pillory an hour, then receives twenty lashes, and winds up with a two years' tenancy of New Castle jail.

Aaron Conner, a colored boy, who pleaded guilty to assaulting a white girl, with a view of committing an outrage on her person, and is sentenced to pay a fine of $500, stand one hour in the pillory, receive thirty lashes, and suffer an imprisonment of four years.

George W. Thompson, a white man, who stole a horse, and forgot to remove the halter before he drove the animal off. For stealing the horse he has to pay $300 restitution, $200 fine, stand one hour in the pillory, and receive twenty lashes. For not removing the halter he has to pay $2 restitution, the costs of prosecution, receive ten lashes, be imprisoned one year, and wear a convict's jacket for six months.

Timothy Doran, a white man, who stole a ham worth $1·50, and has to pay $3 restitution and costs, receive ten lashes, live in jail six months, and wear a convict's jacket for six months after his release—making the ham a rather expensive one.

[SECOND SPECIAL DESPATCH.]

The Crowd Admitted.

NEW CASTLE, Del., May 15.—Promptly at the appointed time, 10 o'clock, the jailor threw open the gates, and admitted an eager and expectant audience of pepper and salt complexions, who were in the highest state of excitement to witness the grand show provided for them gratis by Delaware justice. The majority of the crowd were small boys, upon whom the exhibition could not fail to have a most salutary effect. To say that they highly enjoyed the performance would scarcely express their delight at the crack of the whip and the cries of the victims, as the lashes descended upon the trembling flesh. Ten colored women were present, who alone appeared to have any sympathy for the sufferers, and they gave utterance to many exclamations of pity in under tones, as if they feared that outspoken expressions of opinion at the barbarity of the whole affair would subject them to a similar punishment.

The Men in the Pillory.

Cannon and Reilley were in the pillory when the gates were opened; they remained there one hour, and as the weather is warm and pleasant, they apparently suffered but little. When Thornton, the horse-thief, was placed in the pillory he also remained one hour, and evidently did not relish his position. He appeared to suffer more than the other men, but stubbornly refused to utter any cries. At 1 o'clock these three, and the seven others under sentence, are to be flogged. This interesting ceremony was postponed until the afternoon by the Sheriff, after he has had his dinner, as he feels uncomfortable about the job, and does not wish to undertake it on an empty stomach.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Reports of Cuban Battles.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The account of the battle, alleged to have taken place between the Spanish forces and the insurgents in Cuba, is not credited here. Notwithstanding the battle is said to have taken place some two weeks ago, neither our Government nor the Spanish Minister has received anything respecting it.

The Reported Triple Alliance

was talked over in the Cabinet yesterday, in connection with Motley's instructions, and it is understood that it was decided not to make any change in his instructions from what was originally determined on. Secretary Fish is not for making them on the basis of Sumner's speech. He will be left pretty free in his action, and will be controlled somewhat by events.

Arrival of Congressmen.

Quite a number of Senators and members have returned here. Many of them were at the White House to-day.

Minister Hale.

A letter has been received here from Minister Hale, in which he says he is preparing a reply to the charge that he smuggled goods into Spain. He says he will be able to disprove them one and all.

FROM CHESTER.

A New Steam Collier for the Coal Trade—Description of the Vessel.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

CHESTER, Pa., May 15.—The iron-screw collier "Rattlesnake" was successfully launched to-day from the yard of Messrs. Reaney, Son & Archbold, at this place. A large number of gentlemen interested in the coal trade was present at the launch. This vessel is destined to cause a great change in the transportation of coal to the Eastern States. Her dimensions are: Length at water-line, 160 feet; length over all, 160 feet; depth of hold, from base line, 12½ feet; beam, over all, 29½ feet. She has five watertight bulkheads, and a water bottom to hold 75 tons of water, to be used as ballast for the ship when returning her to port of discharge. She will carry six hundred (600) tons of coal on eleven feet draft; she has one single engine on an improved plan, a 34 inch cylinder with 28 inch stroke, and also a surface condenser. The second vessel of this kind is to be launched by Messrs. Reaney, Son & Co. in about 3 weeks. She is to be called the "Centipede." The subject of steam colliers has for a long time engaged the attention of Mr. W. D. Crane, the projector of this vessel, and under the patronage of the Reading Railroad, the officers of which have taken a lively interest in the matter, this vessel has been constructed. Combining strength with simplicity of construction, she is most admirably fitted for the coal trade. Captain W. B. Gallagher personally superintended the building of this staunch collier. The machinery is almost completed, and on Monday next she will commence taking on board her first cargo.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

This Morning's Quotations.

LONDON, May 15—A. M.—Consols 92⅝ for money and 92¾ for account, United States Five-twenties, 78⅝. American Stocks quiet. Erie Railroad, 21; Illinois Central, 96; Great Western, 25.

LIVERPOOL, May 15—A. M.—Cotton market opens quiet; Middling uplands, 11½d.; Middling Orleans, 12⅛d. The sales to-day are estimated at 8000 bales.

LONDON, May 15—A. M.—Sugar firm, both on the spot and afloat. Sales on the spot at 39s. 3d.; afloat, 29s. 3d.

This Afternoon's Quotations.

LONDON, May 15—P. M.—Consols closed at 92¾ for money and 92¾ for account; Five-twenties, 78¾. Railways quiet. Erie, 20⅛; Illinois Central, 96; Atlantic and Great Western, 25½.

LIVERPOOL, May 15—P. M.—Cotton a shade easier; Uplands, 11⅛d.; Orleans, 11⅜d. Sales to-day 8000 bales. Wheat, 8s. 7d. for No. 2 red Western. Corn, 26s. for new.

SPAIN.

What is Said About the Possibility of a War With the United States.

As an amusing specimen of the style in which the Spanish-Cuban papers speak in regard to the contingency of a war with this country, we translate the following:—

Great, indeed, would be the sovereignty which the United States would exercise over the seas with her present naval forces!

Let us suppose now that war should really break out with Spain, and that the latter power should send one or two iron-clad frigates to blockade New York, another to Boston, and another to the Delaware—to shut up Philadelphia, where those tubs called monitors are—another to the Mississippi, and two more, with six or eight wooden vessels (any of them a great deal better than the famous Contoocook), to be ready to go wherever they might be needed.

What would the United States do then, with all its arrogance and boasting? Get into a passion, spit a good deal, invent every kind of torpedo and other tomfooleries, such as the Spanish sailors used to laugh at; make much noise and bluster, and say, "We are going to do this and going to do that," and wind up by doing nothing; invoke the fame of Admiral Farragut, the malevolence to Spain of Vice-Admiral Porter, and the snub that Commodore Rogers received from Mendez Nunez; and finally, many commercial houses would break, whom boasting and bravado would be unable to save from inevitable ruin; the commerce of the country would lose at least a thousand millions of dollars, and the United States, in wishing to seize the sceptre of the seas too soon, would immediately lose it. And all this for what? For the Island of Cuba; for we could not lose more in any event.

Therefore, from whatever side we view the question, or however much we may examine it, in reality it bears but little importance.

Note.—Anticipating that it may be said that if the United States do not now have iron-clads of large burden, it soon *could* have them, we would say that these are things which are not improvised, and in the interim we should see who would suffer most in the war. As to us, we are provided already, and, as everybody knows, "He who strikes first, strikes twice."

Gunboats for the Spanish Government.

The Spanish Government is busily engaged in making preparations to prosecute its designs in Cuba, and with this intention has made a contract with the Delamater Iron Works, of this city, to build 30 gunboats of 200 tons burden each, to be launched, part in 60 and part in 90 days, and be completed within two months afterwards. These vessels are designed to act as tenders for service in the shallow waters along the Cuban coast, and in the rivers, and are to be not over five feet draft, and of a speed of twelve knots per hour. They are to be schooner-rigged, with turn-screws, and will cost over $50,000 each. Each one is to have a 100-pound Parrott gun mounted forward on

OUR RELIGIOUS COLUMN.

The Parable of the Ten Talents.

The following instructive legend, including within its meaning the beautiful golden thread of thought conveyed in the parable of the ten talents, is at the present time current in Oriental lands. It is supposed to be of very ancient origin:—

There went a man from home; and to his neighbors twain
He gave, to keep for him, two sacks of golden grain.
Deep in his cellar one the precious charge concealed,
And forth the other went and strewed it in his field.
The man returns at last—asks of the first his sack:
"Here, take it; 'tis the same; thou hast it safely back."
Unharmed it shows without; but when he would explore
His sack's recesses, corn there he finds no more;
One half of what was there proves rotten and decayed,
Upon the other half have worm and mildew preyed.
The putrid heap to him in ire he doth return.
Then he the other asks, "Where is my sack of coin?"
Who answered, "Come with me and see how it has sped"—
And took and showed him fields with waving harvests spread.
Then cheerfully the man laughed out and cried, "This one
Had insight, to make up for the other that had none.
The *letter* he observed, but thou the *precept's sense*.
And thus to thee and me shall profit grow from hence;
In harvest thou shalt fill two sacks of corn for me,
The residue of right remains for thee."

Scripture Citation.

Correct and apt quotations from the Bible are very refreshing. When a sound, evangelical discourse, full of powerful argumentation, is preached, the effect is durable, when appropriate texts are cited; and the quotations are as "goads, and as nails fastened by the masters of assemblies."

To hear the sacred Scriptures grossly perverted is an unpardonable error. The word of God should be so familiar as to prevent such grossness. We are very strict in regard to secular quotations. If a favorite author becomes misrepresented, or, at least, is subjected to loss of beauty and charm, we feel very sensitive at once. The same thing applies with more force to the Bible. There is not one word in the whole Scriptures but what contains a power and relation to its fellows. Every word and sentence abounds in import and life, but if they are wrested from these harmonious relations, they must suffer not only in loss of vigor, but also in beauty and sweetness.

We are too prone to become lax in the committal and expression of Holy Writ. God's precious promises are too valuable to trifle with. His warnings are too fearful to mould into our own perverse interpretation. It requires much application, prudence, and prayer to infuse our minds with the power and our souls with the weight of God's living counsels.

Again, too many mingle their own frail language with the incomparable texts of God's word, and treat them as though they were the words of human composition. Strict attention to their reading and study would remedy this evil.

I have heard beautiful passages from the Bible misquoted in the prayers of fervent and eminent Christians. At such a time one would think that the pure, native language of Scripture was the best and the most powerful. The evil achieved through such habits is very great: the word is weakened, diluted, and becomes unpalatable to the saint as well as to the sinner. If we wish to keep the "well of English undefiled," let us respect the language and its forms as we find them in the Bible.

CITY RELIGIOUS MATTERS.

PRESBYTERIAN.

—The new United Presbyterian Church now in course of erection at Orthodox and Franklin streets, Frankford, will be a most handsome edifice, reflecting credit on the generosity of its congregation. The audience chamber will be 41 feet wide by 68 feet long, the dimensions of the building outside being as follows:—Length, 123 feet; width, 45 feet; width front, including tower, 60 feet; height of side walls, 21 feet. The roof is slated. The walls are 2½ feet thick in the cellar, allowing 6 inches for the joists to rest on, thus preventing decay in the wood. The materials used in the construction of the edifice are of the best quality, and every part of the work has been done in a substantial manner. The cost of this building, if erected by contract in most parts of the city, would probably be from $30,000 to $40,000, but the building committee are of the opinion that owing to the way they have managed the work, and on account of other things favorable, they can finish for about $20,000. The lecture room will be finished in a few weeks, and the expenses thus far will be about $16,000, all of which has been paid except some $2500, which it is hoped will be raised at the opening. The first story is devided into four rooms, namely: a lecture-room, which is to have permanent pews, and one each for prayer-meetings, trustees and pastor. These rooms can all be thrown into one by sliding doors and sash, affording accommodation for four hundred persons. The ceilings of these rooms will be about twelve feet high. The second story is intended for Sabbath-school purposes. A tower some 13 feet square rises at the southeast corner of the building in front; from the ground to the pinnacle the distance is about 72 feet. Rev. James Price is the pastor of the congregation, and he will have reason to be gratified with the completion of this neat new edifice.

—At the South Street Church 46 persons have been received as members since the Rev. Dr. Parsons took charge, a short time since.

—The reports of increase in the city churches made to the Central Presbytery of Philadelphia (O. S.), for the past year, show that Cohocksink Church received by profession of faith 75 persons; Kensington, 44; Central, 44; Trinity, 34; Port Richmond, 27; Spring Garden, 24; North Tenth Street, 23; Alexander, 19; and Hestonville, 18.

—The Rev. J. Garland Hanmer has been compelled, by need of rest, to resign the pastorate of the Wharton Street Church, which was first built up, and has since been greatly enlarged under his labors.

—Both the Philadelphia Presbytery and Second Philadelphia Presbytery have requested the General Assembly to send down to the Presbyteries any basis of union that may be adopted by the next Assemblies.

—The following items will be read with interest, from the fact of the respective Philadelphia clergymen named being connected with it:—For several months the congregation of the Second Presbyterian Church at Bridgeton, N. J., have been compelled to meet in their lecture-room, but they have now re-entered their church, which in the meantime has been enlarged, improved, frescoed, and furnished anew, until it is all that could be wished for comfort and beauty. Dr. Beadle preached on Wednesday night, April 28, the Rev. David Cunningham on Thursday night, and the Rev. Mr. Witherow on Friday night. On Sabbath 35 persons were added to the church on confession, and 15 by certificate.

BAPTIST.

—A home for the aged and infirm of the Baptist churches in Philadelphia is about to be established. The necessity for such an institution has long been felt, and a few brethren have for years been calling the attention of the churches to the matter, but nothing has been done efficiently till now. An estate is about to be purchased in West Philadelphia, and the house immediately prepared for the reception of the most needy cases.

—A Ministers' Institute will be held at Upland, Chester county, the seat of the Crozer Theological Seminary, on the 10th of June proximo. The Rev. Drs. W. R. Williams, A. Hovey, A. C. Viendrick, A. N. Arnold, George R. Bliss, and William Hague are expected to deliver lectures on topics of interest to pastors and others.

—Baptisms have recently taken place as follows in the churches named: Spring Garden, 9; Fourth, 5.

HEBREW.

—The German Hebrew Congregation "Rodef Sholem" intend building a fine new synagogue at the southeast corner of Broad and Mount Vernon streets, of which the following is an authentic description:—"The building will be of the Saracenic style of architecture, and will have a front of 83 feet on Broad street, and 164 feet on Mount Vernon street, with a tower at the corner of Mount Vernon street, 26 feet square and 125 feet high. The audience room will be 100 by 69 feet, exclusive of the organ gallery, and will seat comfortably 1042 persons, and in the galleries 368, making a total of 1408 sittings, exclusive of those in the organ gallery. The recess in which the Holy Ark pulpit and reading desks are to be placed is 33 by 28 feet. The parlor in the rear of this recess is 38 by 19 feet, communicating with two robing rooms 13 feet square. The front vestibule will be 31 by 13 feet. There are to be four additional vestibules, from which the staircase will run. There will be three doors of entrance on Broad street, one on Mount Vernon street, and one on the south side of the building. The stairways to the galleries are so arranged that persons descending from them do not intercept those passing out from the side passages of the church. The galleries will be self-supporting, and are to rest on brackets built into the walls, and securely anchored with large bars of iron. The pews, pulpits, reading desks, wainscotting, railing inclosing platform for holy ark, etc., are to be of black walnut. The walls of the church are to be built of Trenton brown sand-stone. The facing stones to be of light and dark shades. The arch stones to be alternately of light Ohio sand stone and red Seneca stone from the Potomac. The fine cut work to be of light Ohio stone. The door columns and shafts of windows to be of red polished Aberdeen granite. The five vestibules are to be laid in encaustic tiles on iron beams and brick arches. The roofs are to be open timbered, worked and chamfered, and stained walnut color. All the windows are to be of stained glass with lead sashes let into the stone work, no wooden frames being used. The excavation for the cellar has already been commenced, and the building is to be completed by the 15th of August, 1870. The cost of the building, exclusive of the lot, organ, furnishing, etc., will be about $150,000.

CATHOLIC.

—The following changes of Catholic clergy have been officially announced by Right Rev. Bishop Wood:—Rev. Charles McMonigle, transferred from St. Patrick's to St. Mary's, Phœnixville; Rev. Michael Mullin to St. Philip's; Rev. James J. Sheridan, from St. Philip's to St. Joseph's, Tarrytown, Pa.; Rev. P. C. McEnroe, from the Church of the Ascension to Manch Chunk; Rev. J. W. Shanahan has been appointed assistant at the Church of St. John the Baptist, at Manayunk; Rev. M. P. O'Brien, chaplain to Philadelphia Almshouse; Rev. J. J. Kelley, assistant at St. Joachim's, Frankford; Rev. Dr. Kennedy, assistant at St. Patrick's; Rev. Bernard Domhege to St. Bonifacius', St. Clair, Pa.; and Rev. Hubert Shick to St. Bonifacius', Philadelphia.

—On Tuesday evening next a meeting of the board of managers or directors of the La Salle College, corner of Juniper and Filbert streets, will be held for business purposes, at the College. The institution is under the charge of the religious community of the Christian Brotherhood, Brother Oliver, director, and it has been shown by the recent public examination of the pupils that they are making a progress and educational advancement of the most astonishing character. The members of the brotherhood receive no compensation for their services, but labor for the love of religion and their holy calling with the most commendable assiduity and attention. The consequence, therefore, is the marked proficiency and eminent ability of many of their scholars.

—The festival of Pentecost will be celebrated with much solemnity in all the Catholic churches to-morrow.

—The concert of Thursday evening next at Concert Hall, in aid of St. Joseph's new church, Seventeenth and Stiles streets, will be one of the very best of the present season. Mme. Mozart and Mr. Simpson, of New York, Miss McCaffrey, Mr. Harkins, Mr. A'Beckett, and other eminent talent will all take part in a fine programme.

—The Sacrament of Confirmation will be administered in St. Michael's Church on Trinity Sunday, by Bishop Wood.

UNIVERSALIST.

—To-morrow night Rev. Mr. Ballou will repeat his sermon on "The Lord's Prayer," in the Eighth Street Church.

—At the Church of the Messiah, Locust street, below Broad, Rev. Dr. Brooks last Sunday spoke of spring as being the season of renewal and growth, and taking up the doctrine of growth, he referred to the great necessity of musing spiritual as well as physical progress, and the obligation of all to lead good and virtuous lives.

—The anniversary of the Universalist Sunday Schools, at the Lombard Street Church, on Tuesday evening, was largely attended. The singing by the scholars was excellent. Addresses were made by Dr. Fiske, President of St. Laurens University, and Hon. Henry D. Moore.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

—The laying of the corner-stone of the new Twentieth Street M. E. Church, corner of Twentieth and Jefferson streets, on Thursday afternoon, was quite an impressive occasion, witnessed by a large multitude of persons. Rev. W. H. Burrell is the pastor of the flock. The church is to be built on a lot of ground eighty-four feet wide by one hundred and twenty-one feet deep, on which will be erected a fine brown stone edifice of the Gothic style of architecture, fifty-six feet front by eighty-five feet deep. The exercises on the occasion commenced with the singing of a hymn by the choir, after which a Lesson was read by the Rev. J. Ruth. A congratulatory address was then made by Bishop Simpson, urging those present to persevere in the good work of building this new church, until its final completion. He then laid the corner-stone in the usual manner, after which all the clergy present united in repeating the Lord's Prayer. Amongst other clergy present on the platform were Revs. Messrs. Manship, McCullough, Durrell, Mast, Edwards, and Prenor, of Iowa. The Twentieth Street Church was organized by a Sabbath School in 1853, at the corner of Ridge avenue and Sharswood street, under the superintendence of Rev. Mr. Toland, of the Twelfth Street Church. Mr. John Stillwan was subsequently elected superintendent of the school, and trustees were soon after appointed. They procured the "plank church" from the Hedding M. E. Church, and rebuilt on Master street, a location, however, soon after found unsuitable. The site of Old Calvary Church was then selected, the entire membership numbering but twelve persons. The charge was then given successively to the following pastors, all of whom labored with earnestness and zeal:—Rev. W. G. E. Agnew, Rev. R. M. Greenbank, Rev. P. Peterson, Rev. John Ruth, and Rev. Andrew Manship, under whose charge the foundation was laid in the fall of 1867. Rev. W. H. Durrell, the present pastor, succeeded Rev. Mr. Manship, and is making good progress with the furtherance and progress of the work.

—In the absence of Dr. Alday, in Europe, the pulpit of Ebenezer M. E. Church will be filled regularly by Rev. J. C. Lucas—not Rev. S. Lucas, who is a member of the Conference, and pastor of Fortieth Street M. E. Church—but his brother, a talented local preacher of this city. Rev. James Neill assumes, by request, the morning services at the Arch Street M. E. Church.

—A series of concerts have been held by the M. E. Sabbath School of North East, Md., Rev. T. L. Poulson, pastor, during the present week.

—The ladies of Front Street Methodist Church have resolved to place their house of worship in a solvent condition—in other words, to pay off its present rather heavy indebtedness. They hope not only to do this, but to secure something as a nest-egg for the future treasury. For this purpose they are about to give a fair at American Mechanics' Hall. Many of the ladies of Front Street Church have been bereaved by the Rebellion, and, without exception, all are imbued with a hearty Union spirit. A committee of them, including one lady whose only son and support spilled his blood in defense of his country, have procured for the fair a large and very handsome flag. They desire it to pass into the possession of one of the Posts of the Grand Army of the Republic. To do this they ask the friends to come and vote for their favorite Post, and the flag will be given to the one receiving the highest number of ballots. The flag is handsome enough for any purpose whatever.

—The members and friends of Milestown charge gave their pastor, Rev. C. W. Bickley, a pleasant surprise on the evening of the 10th inst. Nearly one hundred gathered in the rooms of his residence, and spent the evening discoursing sweetest music, and laughing in social conversation, during which they made the pastor the recipient of some beautiful and highly appreciated gifts.

—The first of a series of meetings under the auspices of the Conference Historical Society will be held at the Methodist Episcopal Book Room, on Tuesday evening next, May 18, at which autobiographies of several aged ministers will be presented. The meeting will be one of great interest.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.

—The interior of the Protestant Episcopal Church of St. Timothy, at Roxborough, has been much improved recently. The ceiling, which is of open timber, is divided into eight compartments, in each of which is introduced the half-length figure of an angel in the posture of adoration, painted in natural colors. A new altar, of black walnut, has been presented to the church. The decorations of the interior are all very handsome.

—The Treasurer of the Board of Missions of the Protestant Episcopal Church for this State reports that the receipts for the year ending May 1, 1869, amounted to $10,291 96, including a balance on hand, and the expenditures to $9914 62.

—At the first of the third annual meetings of the Children's American Church Missionary Society, held last Sunday afternoon in the Church of the Evangelists, addresses were made by Revs. Messrs. E. Anthon, O. I. Perinchief, H. Newton, and Dr. Duhring, and 177 yearly members received certificates.

—The third annual meeting of the American Church Missionary Society will be held this afternoon at 5 o'clock, in the Church of the Intercessor.

FRIENDS.

—The Philadelphia Yearly Meeting has been well attended, and on Sunday morning three meetings were held at the Race Street Meeting House—two in the meeting house, and one in the central building. In each of these assemblies acceptable services were held. Green Street and Spruce Street Meeting Houses were also well attended, as have been the services of the entire week, in which the members of the denomination have taken a lively interest.

SUMMARY OF GENERAL CHURCH NEWS.

PRESBYTERIAN.

—The Beach Street Church of Boston is proving that Presbyterianism can flourish in that city. It has been growing faster than any other church there. They have just paid the $30,000 debt, with no aid from abroad.

—A correspondent tells us that the statement that the Cumberland Presbyterians, North and South, have reunited is a mistake, as they never divided. Their communicants number 180,000, and ministers 1500.

—Father Chiniquy has been since June, 1863, a minister in full status of the Canada Presbyterian Church. Why, after being dropped by the local presbytery, he should be taken up by a distant one, needs explanation.

—The great union movement among the disestablished Presbyterian churches of Scotland and England is likely this year to make more real than apparent progress. A very complete and satisfactory report will be presented by the committees of the United Presbyterian and of the Free Church to their respective Supreme Courts; but the report of each Committee will lie on the table for a year, and during that time no action on the subject will be expected or encouraged. The committees of the four contracting churches have arrived at a very satisfactory degree of unanimity. The Duke of Argyle, an elder in the Established Church of Scotland, urges the Presbyterian churches to unite into one strong body. He also insists on a greater amount of liberty being given to individual churches to modify their form of worship in consistency with the Presbyterian form of church government.—*Independent.*

—The Old and New School Presbyterian churches in Fulton, Illinois, were united about a year ago, and a blessing has followed the union. At the last communion 96 were admitted, of whom 86 were by profession. The previous membership was only 80.

—It appears probable that there will be a scant majority of the New School Presbyterians in favor of reunion on the plan last presented. They are getting a little nettled at the continued assumption of superior orthodoxy by the Old School. The prospects of reunion this month are not very bright now.—*Independent.*

—A year ago the Central Presbyterian Church in Rochester, New York, dismissed eighty-two members at one time, to form the Westminster Church of that city, and now, on the 4th inst., the mother society receives sixty-three converts on profession of their faith, and eleven persons by letter. "There is that scattereth and yet increaseth."

—The Western Presbyterian Publishing Company, under a charter granted to the New School Presbyterians, has been organized in Chicago, with a capital of $500,000.

—On the occasion of the administration of the Lord's Supper at the First Presbyterian Church, Wilmington, N. C., Sabbath morning, May 2, sixteen persons made a public profession of religion, and two others were received from other churches.

—At the late meeting of the Presbytery of Chesapeake, the Rev. S. H. Higgins, D. D., was dismissed, at his own request, to the Presbytery of Baltimore.

—At the recent meeting of the Presbytery of East Hanover, the Rev. Dr. John Leyburn, of Baltimore, Md., was dismissed to the Presbytery of Chesapeake.

METHODIST.

—Elder Heman Bangs, a veteran of Connecticut and New York Methodism, has lately been placed on the superannuated list, at his own request. He has built some forty or fifty churches in Connecticut, and twenty parsonages, though he never lived in one. He claims to have been the first Methodist in this country who preached on temperance; and says ten thousand souls have been converted under his ministry. He has never complained but once about his salary; and then he objected to an increase, on the ground that the example might have a bad influence upon his brethren. The old veteran was presented $3000 on retiring.

—The *Advocate* (Methodist) of San Francisco, speaking of the church in San Jose, whose building was burned because they taught the Chinese, says: "Anomalous as is the seeming, it is nevertheless true that those who claim to represent Christianity in its best type are most hostile to this work of Chinese evangelization." The school in San Jose, though with good accommodations, is the largest in the State, having 100 Chinese pupils. The superintendent has been compelled to keep a night watchman to prevent his house and barn from being burned down.

—The motion offered in the New York Conference disapproving of the action of the presiding elder and local conference in the Ellenville district, who gave Mrs. Van Cott a license as local preacher, was laid over for consideration next year.

CONGREGATIONAL.

—Since the Springfield Street Congregational Church of Boston has adopted the system of free seats, the rate of giving has been increased 300 per cent. over that of last year.

—Dr. Chaplin writes to the *Examiner and Chronicle* explaining how Mr. Healy had been so successful in organizing in New Orleans two Congregational churches, of 200 members each. It seems that these had been Free-Will Baptist churches, and were composed of colored members. They were told that, if at the end of six months they were dissatisfied, they could withdraw from the new connection by paying back the money advanced to aid them in church-building. There is no essential difference between the two denominations which should prevent them from uniting all over the country.

—Since March, 1868, 6 Congregational churches have been organized in California. Nine church edifices have been built. During the last 5 years 23 churches have been organized, of which nine are self-supporting; 20 church edifices built and three parsonages, at a cost of over $80,000; 2 young men licensed to preach, 4 ordained, 5 installed. Of the 45 Congregational churches in California, 35 were organized under the auspices of the American Home Missionary Society. Only 9 of the 45 have worked on without Home Missionary help. Of these once missionary churches 25 have edifices of worship, and 6 have parsonages.

—The Pastor's (Appleton) library, connected with the First Congregational Church, North Brookfield, has lately received from the family of the founder—the late Hon. William Appleton, of Boston—a donation of some 600 volumes. With this addition the library now comprises 3200 bound volumes, and about 1000 pamphlets, some of which are rare and valuable. The interest of the permanent fund connected with the library permits the purchase of from 50 to 100 volumes yearly.

—The Old South Church, Boston, will celebrate its two hundredth anniversary during the present month.

EPISCOPAL.

—An Episcopal clergyman of Indiana has been found guilty, by the proper judicatory of that Church, of the offense of witnessing the *Black Crook*, and his bishop has reprimanded him accordingly.

—The Episcopalians in Kentucky have inaugurated a new system of church extension, employing two evangelists to build up churches in destitute places, and to do much of the work of a Methodist travelling preacher. A missionary of the Church Missionary Society has, during the last year, organized congregations in five towns in Missouri, averaging twenty communicants in each.

—The Massachusetts Episcopal Convention met May 5th and 6th. The bishop reported 821 confirmations and 7 deacons and 2 priests ordained during the year. The convention endorsed the voluntary basis of missionary operations, instead of making contributions a church requirement.

—While others are waiting for an opening in Salt Lake City, an Episcopal missionary, Mr. Foote, has begun a successful work. He reports, within the last sixteen months, "Confirmations, 31; communicants, 44; Sunday-school scholars, 150; teachers, 13; grammar-school scholars, 160; teachers, 6; contributions for church purposes, $3976 62. We have built a commodious rectory, in which all the clergy and their families are living. We are vigorously pushing on parochial and school work."

—"The Evangelical branch of our Church appears to us to be like Bunyan's Christian Pilgrim, when he set out to get to the wicket gate. We have come to the conclusion that our Church is rapidly becoming, at least, unprotestantized, if we avoid the offensive word Romanized. . . . The leaders are making progress continually, and further resistance to the ritualistic movement seems a waste of time and strength. So we have resolved to arise and flee, and having started, the High-Church party show their satisfaction to be rid of us. . . . Both the Evangelical and the moderate parties are earnestly discussing the situation and proposing escape and solutions of difficulties. But the struggles of the latter are towards the High-Church branch, and they are trying desperately to get to them and to identify themselves with them. But, on the other hand, Evangelical men are trying to get out of their perplexities on the side farthest from their former associations, with which they have in heart forever parted. . . . . We can plainly see that progress has been made, and that the distance is widening between us, and the point of departure. We think we feel the ground getting firmer, and the foot occasionally steps on a promise of God which helps the weary to rest. Let us never give up the struggle, never turn the face towards the old city; but, with the eye on the wicket gate of liberty and freedom, and with the shining light of God's word alone to guide us, let every step tell in the direction of solid and endurable peace. A goal awaits us more blessed, more satisfactory, more honorable and useful than any of which we now have a full and clear conception."—*Episcopalian.*

BAPTIST.

—Thurlow Weed has presented the Aiken (S. C.) Baptist church with a handsome communion service.

—A correspondent of the *Central Baptist* says:—"Besides revivals all over the State (Kansas) we have entered upon an era of building church edifices. Houses of worship are going up in every direction. One church in this (Lino) association has erected and dedicated two good meeting-houses within its limits in little over a year. The church at Cedar Rapids was organized less than nine years ago, with twenty-eight members. It now numbers about two hundred and seventy-five, and is one of the largest and most efficient churches in the State, and has a house surpassed by none, with perhaps the exception of the church at Keokuk."

—A correspondent of the *Standard* says:—"The First Church, Minneapolis, Minn., keep in the field four ministers, viz., their pastor, a native Hindoo preacher, and two missionaries in Minneapolis. The parent society adds $200 to the $200 which they have recently raised for home missions, making $400. Our missionaries receive on an average $200 each from the society. This fund keeps two men in the field, who are pastors of four or five churches. How much a little money wisely spent will accomplish!"

—The *Independent* represents that First Baptist Church of New York, now in course of erection, will be one of the finest in the country. The baptistery will be of white marble, and hail the front made of plate glass, so that the ordinance itself, and not merely the standing in water of the candidate and administrator, can be seen.

—The Rev. W. H. Pendleton, pastor of the Fifty-third Street Church, gave the hand of fellowship, last Sunday, to 26 persons, received during the month past. Of these, 23 were received by baptism, and 13 were young people, members of the Sabbath School. During the three years that Mr. Pendleton has served the church in their present house, 275 persons have been baptized.

—A special meeting of the Baptist Ministerial Conference of this city was held on Monday, May 10, at No. 530 Arch street. Rev. William Cathcart introduced Rev. Dr. Thomas Price, of Wales, and Rev. R. M. Henry, of Ireland—a deputation from the Irish Baptist Home Mission Society. The President, Rev. J. S. Kennard, welcomed them in a few well-chosen remarks. Dr. Price stated the object of their visit to this country, and gave an interesting account of the Baptists in Wales and Ireland—pleading, in strong terms, for aid for the latter country, from the Baptists in America. Mr. Henry presented a concise and interesting statement on the history, present condition, and prospects of the Baptist cause in Ireland. After listening to their representations, a committee, consisting of Rev. Drs. Boardman, Winter, and Henson, was appointed to prepare a resolution expressive of the sentiments of the Conference. The resolution they reported, which was unanimously adopted, was as follows:—

Resolved, That, in the immense influx of Irish emigrants to our country, in the impending disestablishment of the Irish Protestant Church, and in the visit of our esteemed brethren, Rev. Dr. Price and Rev. Mr. Henry, as a deputation from the British and Irish Baptist Home Mission Society, we recognize critical facts, to be interpreted into a providential summons to our sympathy and practical cooperation; and therefore we heartily commend them to the confidence of our churches.

—At the recent annual meeting in the interest of the Pastor's College, at the Metropolitan Tabernacle, London, Mr. Spurgeon said that all the needs of the college had been supplied more liberally than in any former year. Since the college commenced, 260 men have been received for training in its regular classes, and at least 500 had had instruction in the evening classes. One hundred and eighty-six students had settled in the ministry, of whom 170 still remained in the work; 44 new churches had been formed by the agency of the college, and 30 new chapels had been erected in the service of their agency. The Vice-President (the Rev. J. A. Spurgeon) reported upon the college studies, and stated that in visiting many of the students in their places of settlement, he had been struck with the fact that many of them were in rural districts, and well able to sustain themselves by means of the voluntary principle. Most of them had succeeded in laying hold of the working classes, and this not by novel methods, but by the preaching of the old evangelical doctrines. The result of the year's statistics he said, shows a less percentage of increase per church, but it is owing to the better regulation of church rolls. The Rev. J. Rogers (the theological tutor testified to the general esteem in which the students were held in many important provinces. As their one desire was to proclaim the Gospel in its simplicity, so had their success been.—*Canadian Baptist.*

CATHOLIC.

—Catholic papers report 109 confirmed at Newport, Ky., of whom 10 were converts; and 691 in Cincinnati, of whom 27 were converts. In Portsmouth, N. H., the *Catholic Standard* reports the conversion of 19 "respectable people" within three years, among whom are Romasti Chase, Edwin Ryder, and Charles Williams, Esqs. In St. Louis, the Archbishop recently confirmed over 1000 persons at the ingathering for the year—mainly, of course, children. The first Catholic church in Chicago was built in 1833. Now there are in that city 13 convents, 20 churches, a Catholic population of 108,500, and 15,200 parochial scholars.

—Very Rev. James Madison Lancaster, who has been very ill with typhoid fever and pulmonary affection for nearly three months, but who was thought convalescent, died at 9½ P. M. on Monday, Feast of the Invention of the Holy Cross, in the Episcopal residence, Covington, Ky. The deceased was born October, 1808, in Washington, now Marion county, Ky. He exercised the holy ministry for many years in his native State, and for some time in Pittsburg, Penna.—*Cincinnati Telegraph, May 8th.*

—It is reported that three Catholic missionaries in the province of Se-Chuen, China, with several hundred converts, have been massacred by the natives.

—An address was delivered on April 11 at Moorfields, by Archbishop Manning, in celebration of the Jubilee of Pope Pius the Ninth.

—The *Volksgeist*, of Altkirk, publishes a vigorous appeal to the Catholics of Alsace, who have already sent a contingent to the Roman Legion equal to a twelfth of its whole number, not to relax in their devotion to the cause of the Holy See. Lieutenant Ringuet, of the Legion, has been authorized by Marshal Niel, Marshal of War, to enrol recruits and forward them to Rome.

—On April 18, in St Joseph's Retreat, Highgate, the feast of the Patronage of St. Joseph was observed with great solemnity and devotion. High Mass was sung by the Very Rev. the Provincial, deacon the Rev. Father Athanasius, subdeacon the Rev. Father Vincent. The Rev. Father Paul Mary preached a most interesting discourse upon the life and virtues of St. Joseph.

—The Rev. Father Corr, who, for the long period of about fifteen years, was connected with St. Ignatius' Church, Preston, England, has just been removed, instructions having been received that he has to proceed to Barbadoes, and there found a mission. Father Corr was highly respected.

—It is announced that the Imperial Government has given its consent to the attendance of the French hierarchy at the forthcoming General Council of the Church, but that it has not yet decided upon being represented itself on the occasion.

—The Jews of Leghorn have sent the Holy Father some cloth for his Soutanes.

CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS.

CLOAKS! CLOAKS!

OUR STYLES are the newest.
OUR MATERIALS the most fashionable.
OUR WORKMANSHIP the very best.
OUR STOCK the largest in the city.
OUR PRICES defy competition.

HENRY IVENS,

4 17 stuthlm No. 23 S. NINTH Street.

COLLARS, ETC.

DORE! DORE! DORE!

SUMMER STYLE. BEST QUALITY.
THE ONLY NARROW ROUND-END COLLAR.
FURNISHED BY THE PRINCIPAL DEALERS.
ONE DOLLAR FOR FIFTY COLLARS.

Put up in new style—five small boxes, containing ten collars each, in a beautiful fancy carton. All who prefer NARROW COLLARS are requested to give them a trial. Trade supplied by the

KEYSTONE COLLAR COMPANY,

5 12 wsw3t No. 627 CHESNUT Street.

PIANOS, ETC.

STEINWAY & SONS' GRAND Square and upright Pianos, at BLASIUS BROS.', No. 1006 CHESNUT Street. 8 11f

BRADBURY'S PIANOS.—ONE AT White House. Seven First Premiums. Also, Taylor & Farley's Organs. WILLIAM G. FISCHER, No. 1018 ARCH Street. 4 12 3m

CHICKERING Grand Square and Upright PIANOS. DUTTON'S, 11 26f No. 914 CHESNUT Street.

ALBRECHT, RIEKES & SCHMIDT, MANUFACTURERS OF FIRST-CLASS PIANO-FORTES. Full guarantee and moderate prices. 3 23 WAREROOMS, No. 610 ARCH Street.

STECK & CO.'S & HAINES BROS. PIANO FORTES, AND MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET AND METROPOLITAN ORGANS, with the new and beautiful VOX HUMANA. Every inducement offered to purchasers. J. E. GOULD, 4 2 stuth 2m No. 923 CHESNUT Street.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.
Estate of GEORGE B. REESE, deceased.
The Auditor appointed by the Court to audit, settle and adjust the second account of JACOB R. REESE and SOLOMON SHEPHARD, administrators of GEORGE B. REESE, deceased, and to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountant, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th day of May, A. D. 1869, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of GEORGE M. CONARROE, Esq., No. 121 S. FIFTH street, in the city of Philadelphia. 5 8 stuth 5t

DRY GOODS.

MATERIALS FOR SUITS.

In Stripes and Grey Mixtures.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT ON THIS MARKET.

RICKEY, SHARP & CO.,

NO. 727 CHESNUT STREET.

SILKS! SILKS!

In Stripes, Checks and Shots,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

RICKEY, SHARP & CO.,

NO. 727 CHESNUT STREET.

8-4 BLACK HERNANI,

HEAVY MESH, AT

$1·50 Per Yard.

RICKEY, SHARP & CO.,

No. 727 CHESNUT Street.

JAPANESE SILKS

AND

POPLINETTES,

A FULL ASSORTMENT.

RICKEY, SHARP & CO.,

NO. 727 CHESNUT STREET.

LACE POINTS,

IN NEW AND BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS.

RICKEY, SHARP & CO.,

NO. 727 CHESNUT STREET,

4 9 tfrp PHILADELPHIA.

GEO. D. WISHAM,

No. 7 N. EIGHTH St.,

Is now prepared to offer one of the largest and best selected stocks of

DRESS GOODS

TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY, AND WILL BE SOLD AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

NEW GOODS OPENING DAILY.

Black Silks! Black Silks!

BLACK TAFFETA, only $1·50.
BLACK GROS GRAIN, HEAVY, $2·00.
BLACK GROS GRAIN, WIDE, $2·00.
BLACK GROS GRAIN, RICH, $2·25, $2·50, $2·75, $3·00, $3·50, $4·00, $4·50, $5·00.
FOR BARGAINS CALL AT

GEO. D. WISHAM'S

ONE PRICE STORE,
No. 7 North EIGHTH Street.

OUR MOTTO—SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK SALES. 4 15 thstu3mrp

EYRE & LANDELL,

FOURTH and ARCH

Keep the Heaviest Mesh BLACK IRON BAREGE there is Imported.

8-4 DIAMOND MESH HERNANI.
3-4 and 4-4 FINE MESH DO.
REAL SILK GRENADINE.
RICH FIGURED GRENADINES.
MAGNIFICENT STRIPES DO.
STRIPE POPLINS FOR JUPES.
SILK CHAIN POPLINS FOR DO.
TINTED MOHAIR FOR SUITS.
JAPANESE MIXTURES FOR DO.
GRANITE MIXTURES FOR SUITS.
GREEN, BLUE, AND MODE POPLINS.

SPRING SHAWLS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. 4 3 stuth3m

INDIA SHAWLS AND SCARFS.

GEORGE FRYER,

No. 916 CHESNUT Street,

Invites attention to his elegant stock of
INDIA SHAWLS AND SCARFS,
BLACK AND FANCY SILKS,
JAPANESE SILKS,
MATERIALS FOR SUITS,
DRESS and FANCY GOODS IN GREAT VARIETY,
Purchased on the most advantageous terms for cash, and will be sold as cheap as at any store in the city. [5 7 1m

N. B.—India Shawls alterdd, repaired, and cleaned.

1869.

SPECIALTIES AT THORNLEY'S,

EIGHTH & SPRING GARDEN, PHILA.

SUPERB BLACK SILKS.

BEAUTIFUL JAPANESE SILKS.

IRISH AND FRENCH POPLINS.

RICH GLOSSY MOHAIRS, ALPACAS, ETC.

We offer the most complete and varied Stock of Goods in our Line "NORTH OF CHESNUT STREET," and at a BIG DISCOUNT off Chesnut Street Prices, as everybody knows we can afford to sell CHEAPER, as we WORK under a mere FRACTION OF THEIR EXPENSES,

THORNLEY'S

"CENTRALLY LOCATED OLD ESTABLISHED"

DRY GOODS HOUSE,

N. E. COR. EIGHTH AND SPRING GARDEN,

2 12 PHILADELPHIA.

310. D. S. DORMON, 310.

NO. 310 N. EIGHTH STREET, ABOVE VINE

(Successor to Morriss & Hoffman).

Spring opening of Black Silks, Dress Goods, Cassimeres, White Goods, Kid Gloves, Embroideries, Hosiery, Gloves, Trimmings, Notions, Corsets and Hoop Skirts, etc.

Blk. Silks, $2, 2·25, 2·40.
Blk. Silks, $2·50, 2·75, 3.
Blk. Alpacas, 31, 35, 40c.
Lustre Alpacas, 50, 55, 60c.
Mohair Lustres, 65, 75, $1.
Spring Dress Goods, 25, 28, 31, 35, 37½, 40, 45, 50, 60c.
Wool Cassimeres, 45, 50, 60, 75, 87½, 90, $1, $1·25.
White Goods in great variety.
Plaid Muslins, 25, 30c.
Stripe Nainsook, 22, 25c.
White and Buff Pique, 25c.
Yard-wide Chintzes, 25c.

Remember the number, 310, above Vine (large double-front store). 4 22 tuths 6m

STEAM PASTE MANUFACTORY, No. 10 SETTER LANE.—Paper-box Makers, Book-binders, Trunk makers, Paper hangers, and all who use PASTE, will find this made by Steam, without lumps, more adhesive and far better and cheaper than can be made in the ordinary way. 30 1m*

INSURANCE.

THE NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE United States of America,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF CONGRESS APPROVED JULY 25, 1868.

CASH CAPITAL, $1,000,000.

BRANCH OFFICE:

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,

PHILADELPHIA.

Where the business of the Company is transacted, and to which all general correspondence should be addressed.

DIRECTORS.

CLARENCE H. CLARK, JAY COOKE, JOHN W. ELLIS, W. G. MOORHEAD, GEORGE F. TYLER, J. HINCKLEY CLARK, E. A. ROLLINS, HENRY D. COOKE, WILLIAM E. CHANDLER, JOHN D. DEFREES, EDWARD DOIDGE, H. C. FAHNESTOCK.

OFFICERS.

CLARENCE H. CLARK, Philadelphia, President.
JAY COOKE, Chairman Finance and Executive Committee.
HENRY D. COOKE, Washington, Vice-President.
EMERSON W. FRET, Philadelphia, Secretary and Actuary.

NEWS SUMMARY.

City Affairs.

—A large meeting of journeymen carpenters was held last evening at the hall Broad and Arch streets, for the purpose of adopting a uniform price for their labor. William McGowan was elected chairman. A discussion took place in reference to the wages now received by journeymen carpenters. William Wallace contended that journeymen carpenters had a right to protect their interests by demanding such wages as would afford them a comfortable living, and raise them above the possibility of pauperism. He suggested that $3·25 or $3·50 should be fixed as the proper price for a day's labor. Other remarks were made, when a resolution was adopted fixing the wages at $3·50 per day from this date. After some further business, of no public interest, the meeting adjourned until this evening.

—Henry Gardener, John McIntee, and Michael Branagan were badly scalded yesterday afternoon, at McKegney's distillery, Darien street, below Montgomery avenue, by the bursting of a tank containing hot water. Gardener and McIntee were injured about the head and body, and Branagan about the feet. Branagan also received injuries by falling down stairs when trying to escape from the building. The injured men were taken to the hospital.

—The class of '71 of the University of Pennsylvania celebrated their sophomore supper last evening. Mr. Charles Carver presided. Several of the faculty were present. Speeches and toasts were delivered by Messrs. Joyce, Carson, Lex. Thomson, and others.

DECORATING SOLDIERS' GRAVES.

HEADQUARTERS POST 19, Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Pennsylvania, May 14, 1869.—Comrades of Post 19:—The day set apart (May 29) for decorating the graves of our fallen comrades will soon be here. As the foremost Post in the State in numbers and activity, much is expected from us, and on our individual efforts on this occasion will depend the success of the encampment. Four hundred men, properly equipped, are expected to march in our line. Committees have been appointed by the Post and authorized to solicit from our patriotic citizens contributions of money and flowers. Sunday Schools and churches have been asked to join with us, for all have their dead. Wishing to bury forever the harsh feelings engendered by the war, Post 19 has decided not to pass by the graves of the Confederates sleeping in our lines, but to divide, each year, between the blue and grey, the first floral offerings of a common country. We have no power, less foes. Post 19 thinks of the Southern dead only as brave men. A full meeting is expected on Wednesday evening, the 19th instant, at Grand Army Hall, No. 811 Chesnut street, to perfect our arrangements. The roll of the Post will be called. Let there be no absentees.

A. R. CALHOUN, Post Commander.
AUG. H. SAUERMAN, Adjutant.

MARINE TELEGRAPH.

For additional Marine News see First Page.

ALMANAC FOR PHILADELPHIA—THIS DAY.

SUN RISES.....4 42 | MOON SETS.....11 02
SUN SETS.....7 16 | HIGH WATER.....5 24

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Juniata, Hoxie, Havana and New Orleans, Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship Co.
Steamship Prometheus, Gray, Charleston, E. A. Souder & Co.
Steamer Diamond State, Webb, Baltimore, A. Groves, Jr.
Barque Laboramus, Caun, Havre, E. A. Souder & Co.
Schr Mary D. Haskell, Barbour, Boston, Warren & Gregg.
Schr Addie Ryerson, Houghton, Portland, do.
Schr L. A. Watson, Watson, Savannah, Scott, Walter & Co.
Schr Glengarry, Yates, Boston, L. Audenried & Co.

Schr Easton, for Kingston, Ja., was cleared on Thursday by Stilson & Boyer—not as before.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer C. Comstock, Drake, 24 hours from New York, with mdse. to W. M. Baird & Co.
Schr Annie M. Edwards, Hinson, 4 days from Richmond, Va., with mdse. to David Cooper.
Schr Morning Light, Simmons, from Rappahannock, with lumber to captain.
Schr Ephraim and Anna, Green, from Milton, Mass.

MEMORANDA.

Steamship Roman, Baker, for Philadelphia, cleared at Boston 13th inst.
Steamer Tacony, Nichols, for Philadelphia, cleared at New York yesterday.
Barque Hering, Libby, at Matanzas 7th inst., for a port north of Hatteras.
Barques Charles Gumm, Trefry, and Lorena, at Cardenas 5th inst., for a port north of Hatteras.
Brig Timothy Field, Perry, at Pensacola 6th inst., from Galveston—was reported sailed for Philadelphia.
Brigs Condova, Eddy; T. P. Smith, Kaweihan; and Minnie Miller, Anderson, at Matanzas 7th inst., for a port north of Hatteras.
Brigs G. Burnham, McLellan; L. Warren, Harriman; Ellen Maria, Hoxie; C. P. Gibbs, Parker; Gipsy Queen, York; Eugenia, Coombs; and A. Hale, Daley, at Cardenas 5th inst., loading for a port north of Hatteras.
Brig Robin, for Philadelphia, sailed from Sagua 12 days since.
Brig Ceres, Wilson, at Matanzas 7th inst., for Delaware Breakwater.
Brig Riverside, Thompson, sailed from St. Thomas 30th ult. for Arroyo, to load for a northern port.
Schr Rockingham, Nickerson, at Cardenas 5th inst., for a port north of Hatteras.
Schr Jessie L. Leach, Stephens, was waiting at Mayaguez 27th ult.
Brigs Catawba, Webber, and J. & H. Crowley, Crowley, hence, at Boston yesterday.
Brig Samuel Welsh, Darrah, hence, at Marblehead 12th instant.
Schr John H. Pocker, Sherman, for Baltimore or Philadelphia, was at Mayaguez 27th ult., to sail 28 or 30 inst.
Schr John Johnson, McBride, at Matanzas 7th inst., for a port north of Hatteras.
Schrs Ocean Wave, Baker; Benj. Strong, Brown; and J. B. Johnson, Smith, hence, at Providence 12th inst.
Schrs Richmond, Cobb, and Mary Ella Thompson, for Philadelphia, sailed from Providence 12th inst.
Schr Roanoke, Berry, hence, at Mystic 12th inst.
Schrs A. Townsend, Risley, and F. A. Sawyer, Norwood, hence, at Salem 11th inst.
Schr T. T. Tasker, Allen, for Philadelphia, sailed from Salem 11th inst.
Schr M. Vassar, Jr., Christie, hence, at Cohasset Narrows 11th inst.
Schr Elsie, Corson, hence, at New London 12th inst.
Schr Carrie Holmes, Holmes, for Philadelphia, sailed from New London 12th inst.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Brant Point beacon light in front of the Brant Point Lighthouse Nantucket Harbor, and the Old Point Comfort beacon light, on the SW. point of Old Point Comfort, Virginia, will be discontinued after the 30th of June next.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OLD OAKS CEMETERY COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA.
OFFICE, No. 518 WALNUT STREET.

This Company is now prepared to dispose of Lots, clear of all incumbrance, on REASONABLE TERMS. The advantages offered by this Cemetery are well known to be equal if not superior to those possessed by any other Cemetery.

We invite all who desire to purchase Burial Lots to call at the office, where plans can be seen and all particulars will be given.

To societies desiring large tracts of land a liberal reduction will be made.

ALFRED C. HARMER, President.
MARTIN LANDENBERGER, Treasurer.
MICHAEL NISBET, Secretary. 1 11 6m

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT,
PHILADELPHIA, PENNA., April 2, 1869.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

All Stockholders, as registered on the Books of this Company on the 30th day of April, 1869, will be entitled to subscribe for 25 Per Cent. of their respective interests in New Stock at Par, as follows:—

First. Fifty per cent. at the time of subscription, between the 15th day of May, 1869, and the 30th day of June, 1869.

Second. Fifty per cent. between the 15th day of November, 1869, and the 31st day of December, 1869; or, if Stockholders should prefer, the whole amount may be paid up at the time of subscription, and each instalment so paid shall be entitled to a pro rata of the Dividend that may be declared on full shares.

Third. That every Stockholder holding less than four shares shall be entitled to subscribe for one share; and those holding more than a multiple of four shares shall be entitled to subscribe for an additional share.

Fourth. All shares upon which instalments are yet to be paid under Resolution of May 13, 1868, will be entitled to their allotment of the 25 Per Cent. at par, as though they were paid in full.

THOMAS T. FIRTH,
4 2 2m Treasurer.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT.
PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 3d, 1869.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock of the Company, clear of National and State taxes, payable in cash on and after May 30, 1869.

Blank powers of attorney for collecting dividends can be had at the Office of the Company, No. 238 S. Third street.

The Office will be opened at 8 A. M. and closed at 4 P. M. from May 30 to June 5, for the payment of dividends, and after that date from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.
5 3 6dtJ

NOTE.—The Third Instalment on New Stock of 1868 is due and payable on or before June 15.

SEWING MACHINES.

THE PARHAM

NEW FAMILY SEWING MACHINE,

DESIGNED FOR EVERY DESCRIPTION OF FAMILY SEWING,

AND FOR

LIGHT MANUFACTURING PURPOSES

Is adapted to a much greater RANGE OF WORK than any Machine EVER OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

IT IS ELEGANT IN STYLE AND FINISH,

SIMPLE IN CONSTRUCTION,

NOISELESS IN OPERATION,

MAKES PERFECT WORK ON EVERY DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL,

IS PERFECTLY FREE IN ALL ITS MOVEMENTS,

VERY LIGHT RUNNING,

And a pleasure for the operator to use it. We claim for this

NEW MACHINE,

THE MOST PERFECT, SIMPLE, AND RELIABLE

Family Sewing Machine

EVER INVENTED,

And an examination will convince the most skeptical.

OFFICE AND SALESROOM,

No. 704 CHESNUT Street.

The Parham Sewing Machine Co.

5 6 1mrp

SUMMER RESORTS.

SUMMER RESORTS

ON THE LINE OF
PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD AND BRANCHES.

MANSION HOUSE, MOUNT CARBON.
Mrs. Caroline Wunder, Pottsville P. O., Schuylkill county.
TUSCARORA HOTEL,
Mrs. M. L. Miller, Tuscarora P. O., Schuylkill county.
MANSION HOUSE,
W. F. Smith, Mahanoy City P. O., Schuylkill county.
MOUNT CARMEL HOUSE,
Charles Culp, Mount Carmel P. O., Northumberland co.
WHITE HOUSE,
E. A. Moss, Reading P. O.
ANDALUSIA,
Henry Weaver, Reading P. O.
LIVING SPRINGS HOTEL,
Dr. A. Smith, Wernersville P. O., Berks county.
COLD SPRINGS HOTEL, LEBANON COUNTY.
William Lerch, Pine Grove P. O., Schuylkill county.
BOYERTOWN SEMINARY,
F. S. Stauffer, Boyertown P. O., Berks county.
LITIZ SPRINGS,
George F. Greider, Litiz P. O., Lancaster county.
EPHRATA SPRINGS,
John Frederick, Ephrata P. O., Lancaster county.
PERKIOMEN BRIDGE HOTEL,
Davis Longaker, Freeland P. O., Montgomery county.
PROSPECT TERRACE,
Dr. James Palmer, Freeland P. O., Montgomery county.
SPRING MILL HEIGHTS,
Jacob H. Breish, Conshohocken P. O., Montgomery co.
DUTY HOUSE,
Theodore Howell, Shamokin, Northumberland co. [5 4 2mrp

EPHRATA MOUNTAIN SPRINGS,
LANCASTER COUNTY, PA.

This popular and well-known SUMMER RESORT will be opened for the reception of guests on the 15th of June, under the auspices of J. W. FREDERICK, the former proprietor.

The entire establishment has been renovated and refitted with new and elegant furniture. 4 27 2m

SUMMER BOARDING AT A COUNTRY Place—Situation high, healthy, and airy; rooms communicate and very large. Superior accommodations. Address, stating where to be seen, "H.," Box 2159, Post Office. 5 14 2t*

HOSIERY GOODS.

J. WILLIAM HOFFMAN,

No. 9 N. EIGHTH Street, Philadelphia,

Dealer in Hosiery Goods,

Offers for sale a large assortment of Hosiery, for Ladies', Gents', an Children's wear; Socks, three-quarter Socks, and Long Hose, of English and German manufacture.

UNDERWEAR

Of Cartwright & Warner's manufacture, acknowledged to be the best imported.

Also, the Norfolk and New Brunswick, acknowledged to be the best of American Goods.

These Goods in all sizes, for 4 7 wsly

Spring and Summer Wear.

WINDOW SCREEN.

FLIES AND MOSQUITOES.

MAGOUN'S PATENT ADJUSTABLE

WINDOW SCREEN

WILL FIT ANY WINDOW.

SELLERS BROTHERS,

NO. 623 MARKET ST., PHILADELPHIA
SOLE MANUFACTURERS.

Liberal discount to the trade. 4 29 1m

DYEING AND PRINTING.

ESTABLISHED 1819.

The New York Dyeing and Printing Establishment,
STATEN ISLAND,

No. 40 North EIGHTH Street (West Side), Philadelphia; No. 98 DUANE Street, and 702 BROADWAY, New York.

This old and well-known Company are prepared, as usual, with the highest degree of skill and the most approved machinery, TO DYE, CLEANSE, and FINISH every variety of LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS, and PIECE GOODS, in their usual superior manner.

GARMENTS CLEANSED WHOLE. [3 11 thstu

NOTE—This is our only office in Philadelphia.

CHAMPION SAFES!

UNSUCCESSFUL BURGLARY.

LETTER OF MESSRS. DAVID DOWS & CO.
NEW YORK, April 10, 1869.
HERRING, FARREL & SHERMAN,
No. 251 Broadway.

Gents:—On the night of the 22d ultimo, our store, No. 20 South street, was entered, and a desperate attempt made by burglars upon one of your safes in our counting-room.

The key to the safe in which we kept our securities was locked inside of our fire-proof book safe, the doors of which were literally cut to pieces; from this they obtained the key to the other safe and opened it. Fortunately we had one of your Burglar-Proof Banker's Chests inside, in which our valuables were deposited. This they went to work at with a will, and evidently used up all their time and tools in vain attempts to force it. The night was dark and stormy, and the fact of their knowing where our key was kept shows that their plans were well matured. They tried wedging the door and body of the Chest, and the faithful safe bears evidence of the labor and skill devoted to the work. All was useless, and it is with great satisfaction we report that upon opening it we found our securities *all safe*, and can therefore cheerfully indorse the Burglar-Proof work recommended by you.

You will please send the new safe purchased by us to our counting-house, and take the old one, to show that some safes are still manufactured worthy of the name. DAVID DOWS & Co.

FARREL, HERRING & CO.,

CHAMPION SAFES,

NO. 629 CHESNUT STREET,

4 17 4ptf PHILADELPHIA.

CARRIAGES.

CARRIAGES! CARRIAGES!

WILLIAM D. ROGERS.

CARRIAGE BUILDER,

1009 and 1011 CHESNUT STREET.

Superior Carriages of my own manufacture built for the

DRIVING SEASON

OF

1869,

COMBINING

STYLE,

DURABILITY, AND

ELEGANCE OF FINISH.

Attention given to repairing. [4 17 stuth 3m
Carriages Stored and Insurance effected.

GARDNER & FLEMING,

CARRIAGE BUILDERS,

No. 214 South FIFTH Street,

BELOW WALNUT.

A Large Assortment of New and Second-hand

CARRIAGES,

INCLUDING

Coupe Rockaways, Phaetons, Jenny Linds, Buggies Depot Wagons, Etc. Etc., [3 23 tuths

For Sale at Reduced Prices.

CARRIAGES!!!

McLEAR & KENDALL,

CARRIAGE BUILDERS,

No. 712 SANSOM Street, Philadelphia,

Invite all in need of any kind of CARRIAGES to call and see their large assortment before purchasing, as they intend selling at

REASONABLE RATES. 20sw26trp

CARPETINGS.

CANTON MATTINGS

Just Received, ex-Barque Louisa,

2000 ROLLS

Fresh Canton Mattings,

WHITE AND RED CHECKED,

Of Choice Brands, in all Widths.

M'CALLUM, CREASE & SLOAN,

No. 509 CHESNUT Street,

3 11 thsturp 3m Opposite Independence Hall.

1115. WM. T. HOPKINS' 1115
LADIES' EMPORIUM.

NO. 1115 CHESNUT STREET (GIRARD ROW).

Largest assortment and Best and Cheapest Goods in the city in all the following lines:—

Manufacturer of Hopkins' Celebrated Champion Hoop Skirts, for Ladies, Misses, and Children, in over four hundred styles, shapes, lengths, and sizes.

Coteil, Satine, and Janes Corsets, in eight different styles, manufactured expressly for our own sales, from $1·60 to $5.

35 different styles of superior fitting French woven Whalebone CORSETS, from $1 to $7.

14 varieties of extra handsome Whalebone Corsets, from 75 cents to $2·50.

Shoulder Braces, Madame Foy's Corset Skirt Supporters, etc.

Mrs. Moody's Patent Self-adjusting Abdominal Corset, highly recommended by physicians, from $3 to $7.

FULL LINES OF LADIES' UNDERGARMENTS.

52 Bartram Fantom's Family Sewing Machines, being gratuitously distributed to our customers for the purpose of getting them introduced. 2 25 3m

PAPER HANGINGS.

DEPOT

FRENCH AND AMERICAN

PAPER HANGINGS,

Nos. 11 and 13 N. NINTH Street.

AN ASSORTMENT OF

French and American Wall Papers,

Original in Design, Elaborate in Finish, Unsurpassed in Quality, and Incomparable in Price.

A force of workmen who combine taste with skill, execution with promptness.

In store, and arriving monthly per Paris steamer, the richest and most complete assortment of DECORATIONS and EMBLEMATICAL DESIGNS, suitable for Hall, Mansion, or Cottage.

The above new ready for inspection, and a visit is most earnestly requested by

3 27 stutham HENRY S. MATLACK.

PAPER HANGINGS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

NAGLE, COOKE & EWING,

LATE WITH

HOWELL & BROTHERS,

No. 1338 CHESNUT Street,

5 6thstu2m PHILADELPHIA.

WALL PAPER

AT RETAIL,

AT RIGHT PRICES.

J. H. LONGSTRETH,

NO. 12 NORTH THIRD STREET,

5 12 12trp PHILADELPHIA.

BEAN & WARD,

PLAIN AND DECORATIVE

PAPER HANGINGS,

NO. 251 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

BETWEEN WALNUT AND SPRUCE,

PHILADELPHIA.

COUNTRY WORK PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. 2 18§

LOOK! LOOK!! LOOK!!!—WALL PAPERS and Linen Window Shades Manufactured, the cheapest in the city, at JOHNSTON'S Depot, No. 1033 SPRING GARDEN Street, below Eleventh, Branch, No. 307 FEDERAL Street, Camden, New Jersey. 2 25§

A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPERS and Window Shades. S. F. BALDERSTON & SON, No. 902 SPRING GARDEN Stt. [2 25 3m

FURNITURE, ETC.

FOR

BARGAINS IN FURNITURE

GO TO

RICHMOND & CO.,

No. 45 South SECOND Street,

4 30 1m ABOVE CHESNUT, EAST SIDE.

JOHN F. FOREPAUGH & SON,

Successors to Richmond & Forepaugh,

FURNITURE WAREROOMS

NO. 40 SOUTH SECOND STREET,

5 7§ West Side, Philadelphia.

FURNITURE.

T. & J. A. HENKELS

HAVING REMOVED TO THEIR

ELEGANT STORE,

No. 1002 ARCH Street,

Are now selling FIRST-CLASS FURNITURE at very Reduced Prices. 4 1 3mrp

ICE! ICE! ICE! ICE! ICE!

Ice! Ice! Ice! Ice! Ice! Ice! Ice!

OFFICE OF THE

KNICKERBOCKER ICE CO.,

No. 435 WALNUT St., Philadelphia.

Established 1832. Incorporated 1864.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers and Shippers of

EASTERN ICE.

THOMAS E. CAHILL, President.
E. P. KERSHOW, Vice-President.
A. HUNT, Treasurer.
E. H. CORNELL, Secretary.
T. A. HENDRY, Superintendent.

ICE delivered daily in all parts of the consolidated city, West Philadelphia, Mantua, Richmond, Bridesburg, Tioga and Germantown. Prices for families, offices, etc., for 1869:

8 lbs. daily.....60 cents per week.
12 " " .....75 " "
16 " " .....90 " "
20 " " .....$1·05 " "

Large consumers at wholesale prices. Orders sent to the Office, or any of the following Depots, will receive prompt attention:—

NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND MASTER STREET,
WILLOW STREET WHARF, Delaware Avenue,
RIDGE ROAD AND WILLOW STREET,
TWENTY-SECOND AND HAMILTON STREET,
NINTH STREET AND WASHINGTON AVENUE, and
PINE STREET WHARF, Schuylkill. [5 3 1mrp

Ice! Ice! Ice! Ice! Ice! Ice!

ICE CREAM AND WATER ICE.

THE NEAPOLITAN

ICE CREAM AND WATER ICES.

THE PUREST AND BEST IN THE WORLD.

This celebrated Brick Ice Cream and Water Ice can be carried in a paper to any part of the city, as you would candy. Fifteen or twenty different kinds of them are kept constantly on hand, and ONE HUNDRED DIFFERENT FLAVORS can be made to order for those who desire to have something never before seen in the United States, and superior to any Ice Cream made in Europe.

Principal Depot—No. 1234 WALNUT Street.
Branch Store—No. 1020 SPRING GARDEN Street.
5 13 F. J. ALLEGRETTI.

WANTED—50 BOARDERS AT THE

STETSON HOUSE,

No. 445 N. THIRD Street.

$5 per Week, and a First-class Table. 4 17 1m

FOR SALE.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale the Farm and Country Mansion of the late William Richardson, Esq., situated near Linwood Station, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, eighteen miles south of the city of Philadelphia, and rather less than two miles back from the line of the Philadelphia and Wilmington Railroad.

The buildings consist of a comparatively new double Three-story Stone Mansion, finished throughout in the most substantial manner, with a coach-house, stable, ice-house, etc. Also, a commodious stone frame Farm House, with large Barn, Wagon Houses, Sheds, and all conveniences for storing crops, Spring House, etc. The Farm contains about seventy-five acres, and has been greatly improved by the late proprietor, and brought to a high degree of fertility. Location high and perfectly healthy, and the surrounding country the most romantic and picturesque in the whole county. The almost hourly communication with Philadelphia and other cities by the railroad and river affords every facility that could be desired. Terms very easy. Apply to the subscriber, one of the Executors of above estate.

4 24tf J. R. OKIE, Linwood, Pennsylvania.

FOR SALE—THE LARGE AND ELEgant Residence, No. 2220 Green street. The house is 20 feet front, with side yard of 20 feet. The lot 147 feet deep to Pennsylvania avenue. It is in close vicinity to the Park, and the neighborhood is pleasant and good. Will be sold upon accommodating terms.

COLLADAY & SHEPHERD,
5 1 2tr No. 508 WALNUT Street.

DESIRABLE SUMMER RESIDENCE.—TO RENT, furnished or unfurnished, a cottage in perfect order, containing ten rooms, with fine carriage house, stalls for (4) four horses; together with about three acres of land, handsomely laid out with splendid lawn, shade, fruit trees, shrubbery, etc. Large garden all planted.

Located on North Pennsylvania Railroad, in vicinity of Old York Road Station, three minutes' walk from the Depot.

Address Box 1773 Post Office. 5 14 2t*rp

FOR SALE—FOUR-STORY BRICK House, with all modern conveniences, being No. 310 S. FIFTEENTH Street, first door below Spruce.

Apply to CLARK & ETTING,
No. 711 WALNUT Street.

Carpets fitted throughout will be sold with house if desired. 4 29 1t

TO RENT OR FOR SALE—THE CONstitution House, Atlantic City, N. J., with the Furniture. Immediate possession can be given.

HUGH BARR,
5 10 6t* N. W. corner Front and Wharton sts., Phila.

FOR SALE—VERY VALUABLE Country Seat and Mansion, on account of the owner's removal to another city.

The property consists of 8 acres of land at the corner of Oak lane and Jenkintown road, 7½ miles from the city of Philadelphia; 1½ miles from Oak Lane station, on the North Pennsylvania Railroad (in Cheltenham township, Montgomery county, just beyond the city line). Splendid modern pointed-stone Mansion, stone stable, carriage-house, etc. Will be sold at Merchants' Exchange, May 25, by

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers.

Photograph may be seen at Auction Rooms, Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street, and all particulars learned from their advertisements. 5 13 ths 4t

TO RENT.

GERMANTOWN PROPERTY TO LET.—A large, modern-built house, tenant-house, coach-house, and five acres of land, handsomely laid out walks and garden; within two minutes' walk of Day's Lane Station. Apply to J. ARMSTRONG. 5 11 12t*

TO RENT—AN OFFICE SUITABLE FOR A physician or a lawyer, with or without board, at No 1121 GIRARD Street. 2 1§

DRUGS, PAINTS, ETC.

ROBERT SHOEMAKER & CO.,

N. E Corner FOURTH and RACE Sts.

PHILADELPHIA.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

Importers and Manufacturers of

White Lead and Colored Paints, Putty Varnishes, Etc.

AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

FRENCH ZINC PAINTS.

Dealers and consumers supplied lowest prices for cash. 12 4§

SOFA BED.

HOVER'S PATENT
COMBINATION SOFA BED

is decidedly the best Sofa Bed ever invented. It can be extended from a Sofa into a handsome French Bedstead, with hair spring mattress, in ten seconds of time. It requires no unscrewing or detaching, has no separation between back and seat, no cords to break, and no hinged foot attached to the top of the back to support it when down, which is unsafe and liable to get out of repair. It has the conveniences of a bureau for holding clothing, is easily managed and it is impossible for it to get out of order.

Price about the same as an ordinary sofa.

H. F. HOVER,
OWNER AND SOLE MANUFACTURER,
1 26 tuths6m No. 6 South SECOND Street.

CURTAINS AND SHADES.

B. J. WILLIAMS & SONS,

NO. 16 NORTH SIXTH STREET,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Venetian Blinds & Window Shades.

Large and fine assortment at low prices.

STORE SHADES made and lettered. [5 11 1m
CORNICES, CORDS, TASSELS, REPAIRING, ETC

FERTILIZERS.

FOR LAWNS, GARDENS, GREENHOUSES AND FARMS.

BAUGH'S

RAW-BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME will be found a powerful MANURE.

It is prompt in its action; it contains the seeds of no pestiferous weeds, and will produce luxuriant growth of Grass, Flowers, Strawberries, and all Garden Vegetables and Plants.

Dealers supplied by the cargo, direct from the wharf or the manufactory, on liberal terms.

Send your address and procure free "Journal of the Farm."

BAUGH & SONS,

No. 20 S. DELAWARE AVENUE.

This Fertilizer can be had of all Agricultural Dealers in city or country. 3 2 tuths3m

LOOKING GLASSES, ETC.

ESTABLISHED 1795.

A. S. ROBINSON,

FRENCH PLATE LOOKING-GLASSES,

ENGRAVINGS,

BEAUTIFUL CHROMOS,

PAINTINGS,

Manufacturer of all kinds of

LOOKING-GLASS,

PORTRAIT, AND PICTURE FRAMES.

NO. 910 CHESNUT STREET,

3 11 Fifth door above the Continental, Phila.

JOHN SMITH,

LOOKING-GLASS AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTURER,

BIBLE AND PRINT PUBLISHER,

And Wholesale Dealer in

AMERICAN AND FRENCH CLOCKS AND REGULATORS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Also, General Agent for the sale of the "Eureka" Patent Condensing Coffee and Tea Pots—something that every family should have, and by which they can save fifty per cent.

Trade supplied at a liberal discount.

4 15 3m **No. 916 ARCH STREET.**

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

MT. VERNON HOTEL,

81 Monument street, Baltimore.

Elegantly Furnished, with unsurpassed Cuisine.

On the European Plan.

D. P. MORGAN.

AMUSEMENTS.

"LET US HAVE PEACE!"

GRAND

NATIONAL PEACE JUBILEE

AND

MUSICAL FESTIVAL,

To be held in the

CITY OF BOSTON,

June 15, 16, 17, 18, and 19, 1869,

To commemorate the restoration of PEACE THROUGHOUT THE LAND. THE COLISEUM in which the Jubilee is to be held will afford ample accommodation for nearly FIFTY THOUSAND PERSONS, and the series of Musical Entertainments will include oratorio performances by the GREATEST CHORUS ever organized in any part of the world, made up of Musical Societies from all sections of the country, and TWENTY THOUSAND CHILDREN from the public schools, with an Orchestra of ONE THOUSAND INSTRUMENTS, comprising many of the principal Bands and best Musicians in the United States.

DISTINGUISHED GUESTS from all sections of the Union, including NATIONAL AND STATE OFFICIALS, will participate in the Jubilee, and the citizens of Boston will be prepared to extend those hospitalities and attentions to visitors from abroad, which they hope may serve to inaugurate the return of kind and fraternal feeling among all American citizens, and aid in perpetuating throughout the world, "PEACE ON EARTH, GOOD-WILL TOWARDS MEN."

The immense outlay attendant upon this vast undertaking has been guaranteed with an unexampled promptness by the citizens of Boston, ensuring for the Festival and Jubilee every success which pecuniary aid can command.

The following scale of prices has been established:—

SINGLE ADMISSION, *with* secured seats, $3 and $3, according to location.
SINGLE ADMISSION, *without* secured seats..... $2
SEASON TICKET—transferable—admitting three persons to all the entertainments given in the Coliseum during the season.....$10

The sale of seats will commence at the Boston Music Hall, Monday, May 17. Orders for seats, accompanied with the money, may be transmitted by music dealers throughout the country, or by mail or express, directed to

A. P. PECK, Ticket Agent,
Boston Music Hall, Boston, Mass.

Per order of the Executive Committee.

5 12 ws4t HENRY G. PARKER, Secretary.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—RICHINGS ENGLISH OPERA.
MRS. C. RICHINGS BERNARD.....DIRECTRESS
THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock,
GRAND FAMILY MATINEE,
Last time, positively, of Balfe's BOHEMIAN GIRL, with a great cast and Grand Chorus and Orchestra.
Monday Evening next, first time in English,
A NIGHT IN GRANADA.
Tuesday (first time), IL TROVATORE.
Wednesday (Benefit of J. F. Zimmerman, Treasurer), FAUST.
Friday (Farewell Benefit and last appearance of Mrs. C. Richings Bernard), NORMA.
Box Sheet now open at Trampler's and at the Academy.

WALNUT ST. THEATRE. BEGINS AT 7¾.
THIS (Saturday) EVENING, May 15,
LAST NIGHT OF MR. JOHN BROUGHAM.
Brougham's Burlesque Tragedy entitled
MUCH ADO ABOUT A MERCHANT OF VENICE.
SHYLOCK.....MR. JOHN BROUGHAM
To conclude with a Domestic Drama entitled
THE PEEP-SHOW MAN.
MONDAY EVENING, May 17,
the Popular Comedian, Charming Actress and Vocalist,
HARRY and ROSE WATKINS,
in the Grand Romantic Irish Drama,
TRODDEN DOWN;
OR,
UNDER TWO FLAGS.

MRS. JOHN DREW'S ARCH STREET THEATRE. Begins quarter to 8 o'clock.
LOTTA'S LAST DAY AND NIGHT.
LAST LOTTA MATINEE.
THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON at 2 o'clock.
THE FEMALE DETECTIVE.
LOTTA IN SIX CHARACTERS,
TO-NIGHT (Saturday), May 15,
LOTTA'S LAST APPEARANCE.
THE FEMALE DETECTIVE.
MONDAY—BENEFIT OF BARTON HILL, ROSEDALE.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—RICHINGS ENGLISH OPERA—Repertoire for next week.
Monday Evening (first time)...A NIGHT IN GRANADA.
Tuesday (first time).....IL TROVATORE
Wednesday, Complimentary Benefit of J. F. Zimmerman, Treasurer.....FAUST
Thursday.....MASANIELLO
Friday, Farewell Benefit of Mrs. C. Richings Bernard, NORMA
SATURDAY—GRAND FAMILY MATINEE.
Last performance of the present combination.
Box Sheet now open at Trampler's Music Store and at Academy of Music. 5 14 2t

THEATRE COMIQUE, SEVENTH STREET, below Arch. Commences at 8 o'clock.
TUNISON & CO.....Proprietors
ANOTHER NEW OPERA, in which
MISS SUSAN GALTON
appears as M'LLE VIOLETTE in the opera of
PUNCHINELLO.
Mr. A. Kelleher, Mr. J. Clark, Mrs. M. P. Galten, Warren White, and Warren. Concluding with
LES DEUX AVEUGLES.

NEW YORK CIRCUS
From the Hippotheatron Buildings, Fourteenth Street, opposite the Academy of Music, New York.
L. B. LENT.....DIRECTOR
ON EIGHTH STREET, ABOVE RACE,
FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY.
MATINEES EVERY DAY AT 2½.
MATINEES EVERY DAY AT 2½.
MATINEES EVERY DAY AT 2½.
THE ENTIRE MAMMOTH TROUPE
OF STAR RIDERS AND ACROBATS,
from the New York Circus in Fourteenth street, will appear
BOTH AFTERNOON AND NIGHT,
in a display of Equestrian and Athletic Feats
HITHERTO UNEQUALLED IN AMERICA.
Admission, 50 cents. Children under ten, 25 cents. To commence at 2½ and 8 o'clock.
Tickets for sale at C. W. A. Trampler's Music Store, No. 926 Chesnut street, and at Covert's News Stands, in the Continental Hotel and Post Office. 5 13 tf

CHESNUT STREET RINK,
OPEN DAILY FROM 9 A. M. TO 10½ P. M.
FOR VELOCIPEDE RIDING.
Admission, 10c. Riding Tickets, 30 and 50 cents.
Velocipedes for sale at factory prices. 5 13 3t

FOX'S AMERICAN, WALNUT STREET, ABOVE EIGHTH. Still greater attraction,
THE DARWOOD SISTERS.
The Eight Premieres in two Ballets. The entire Company in Pantomime. Gus Williams' Six Songs. Louise Robinson on the Velocipede. Kate Partington, Love among the Roses. The Minstrels in new Acts, Dances, etc.
Don't forget the GREAT SATURDAY MATINEES.

CHESNUT STREET THEATRE
J. E. McDONOUGH.....Manager.
WEDNESDAY, MAY 12,
AND
DURING THE WEEK,
MISS ELISE HOLT,
ENGLISH BURLESQUE TROUPE
IN
LUCRETIA BORGIA:
OR,
LA GRANDE DOCTRESE.
GENNARO (with variety of Singing and Dancing).....MISS HOLT
LUCRETIA BORGIA.....JAMES LEWIS
MATINEE SATURDAY,
2 O'CLOCK.
PRICES AS USUAL. 5 10 6t

CONCERT HALL.
POPULAR LECTURES ON ANATOMY, PHYSIOLOGY, ETC. ETC. BY
PROFESSOR JAMES McCLINTOCK, M. D.
Illustrated with elegant models, manikins, paintings, skeletons, etc., prepared expressly by Dr. Azoux, in Paris, as follows:
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:
Monday, May 17. Friday, May 21.
Tuesday, May 18. Monday, May 24.
Wednesday, May 19. Tuesday, May 25.
Commencing each evening at 8 o'clock.
FOR LADIES ONLY:
Thursday and Saturday Afternoons, May 20 and 22, at 3 o'clock.
FOR GENTLEMEN ONLY:
Saturday and Wednesday Evenings, May 22 and 26, at 8 o'clock.
SCALE OF PRICES:
The course of six lectures for ladies and gentlemen...$2·00
Single admission..... 50
Two private lectures..... 75
Single admission..... 50
To be procured at Trampler's, No. 926 Chesnut street; J. H. Burdsall's, No. 1121 Chesnut street; Dr. McClintock's office, No. 823 Race street, and at the Hall. 5 8 tf

PENNSYLVANIA ACADEMY OF FINE ARTS.—The Forty-sixth Annual Spring Exhibition of Paintings, Sculpture, &c., is now open.
Admission, 25c.; Season Tickets, 50c. [4 24 29t
Open from 9 A. M. to 6½ P. M., and from 7½ to 10 P. M.

EXHIBITION OF WATER-COLOR DRAWINGS, IN AID OF THE CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL.—Open daily, from 9 A. M. to 6½ P. M., at the Artist Fund Galleries, No. 1324 CHESNUT Street. Tickets,

Evening Telegraph

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED),
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SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1869.

"FIELDS OF USEFULNESS."

LAST Sunday there were taken up in the various Episcopal churches in our city collections to aid the family of the late Rev. George Durborow, a minister of good standing, who was recently deceased. Mr. Durborow died literally penniless, leaving a widow and six children. For twenty years he had been a faithful Christian, a devoted pastor, and an exemplary man. He had fulfilled his mission in our city with the utmost fervor, and yet, after all these years of service, he died destitute. This circumstance, so vividly called before the public, has directed inquiry to the inadequacy of the salaries of certain clergymen, and as a consequence to the exorbitant receipts of certain others; and the people are asking whether it is just to those who claim to be laborers in the "Lord's vineyard," that one equally faithful should starve and the other be clothed sumptuously in purple and fine linen? A little examination will convince any one that the whole practice of salaries as at present conducted is at variance with the theory of "usefulness" which the clergy claim to be the basis of their actions. The doctrine so firmly adhered by the gentlemen of the cloth is this:—"That they are called by the Lord to labor for the salvation of souls, and that wherever their usefulness is greatest there is the place to which it is their duty and their pleasure to go." If they be all colaborers, why should some who are the most faithful, the most self-sacrificing, the most useful, be the worst paid? Why should Mr. Durborrow have his feet blistered from walking among the poor and be in need of shoes, while the Rev. Dr. This or the Rev. Dr. That can be sent abroad because he has a dizziness of the brain from eating too much turtle soup at dinner? These are common sense questions, and questions, too, which common-sense people are asking themselves. It may be said that the purple-and-fine-linen clergy have more ability than their more industrious brethren, and that therefore they should be better paid. If that be the basis of argument, well and good. The pulpit, then, is nothing but a market for the sale of talent; it is a profession to which men resort to get a living. It is, like the bar, a battle of ability, in which he who has the most receives the most money. We are ready to accept of this view of the situation. But if you compete, gentlemen of the cloth, with the lawyer, the doctor, or the editor, do not claim, in the race for wealth, the superior motive of being led by "usefulness." If you will consent to be considered like other mortals working for a living, we are ready to admit you to the competition of intellect, but we are not willing that when you draw your $5000 per annum you should "thank God you are not as other men are," and tell us that your $5000 come from your "field of usefulness" and our $5000 from secular gain. If you come down to this standard we have no objections, but when you do, remember that it is cant and hypocrisy to talk about "fields of usefulness." As well might the California miner, when he leaves for a richer "digging," explain his action on the ground of "usefulness."

Now the conduct of the various churches of nearly all denominations, in their starvation diet to some and their partiality to others of their clergymen, has given a good foundation to the view of the ministry being a business. When churches seek to buy ministers from other churches by offering higher salaries, and when ministers are ready to be bought, why should it be called a lack of charity for people to say that brains in the pulpit, like brains at the bar, can be got by the highest bidder? There are, thank God! in the Church some good men, who, with an eye single to their Master's service, will conscientiously labor in His cause through weal or woe—men who seek the poor and needy, who receive the $600 a year paid them, and work with all their energy—men who count nothing as gain, if it weighs against duty. All honor to such. They are the ten righteous men who save our modern Sodom; they are the living examples who keep alive the public faith in the great truths of Christianity: and it is to them that the people owe the fact that we do not retrograde towards barbarism. To them we give all praise, and it is in their cause we now complain of the faults which exist in our churches. If it were not for them, all the world would call the ministry a profession and a business. That they do so in many cases, and that there is ground for such a judgment, is shown by a recent example. A minister in Washington was called to a neighboring city. He wrote in reply expressing his willingness to change his "field of usefulness," provided that the salary should be $4500, he should have a newly furnished parsonage, rent free, and be allowed six weeks' recess in the summer for recreation. He still remains in Washington, the flock not caring to woo such a fastidious pastor. Now had this gentleman, in acting, as he did, stated frankly that he was a man of business and would go to the place that paid him best, we would have known how he stood, and might have respected his frankness. But when he puts his action on the score of doing more good in the $4500 place than he did in the $3000, he acts the hypocrite and disgraces the cloth. Like the Deputy Shepherd in "Pickwick," while all "things is vanity, yet the least vanity is a little brandy, with warm water and three lumps of white sugar." So with our Washington divine: the least of the vanities of life is the house, salary, and vacation, and these he is willing to indulge in. Such men are doing the greatest harm to the cause of religion; they are keeping back those who would otherwise come forward and join the church; they are stumbling-blocks in the way of the sinner. The system which will tolerate, much less encourage, such a class of men is a public wrong, and should be denounced. Rather than have it, we would prefer to have the Quaker system of no paid preachers. Better to have consistent action and extempore sermons than rhetoric and glaring inconsistency.

Now what is the remedy for the evil which will let Mr. Durborow starve and Dr. —— bask in Italy because of indigestion? We find it in a total renovation of the system of salaries. Let the conventions, synods, or whoever has the power, make some arrangement for the equalization of the receipts of the clergy. Let some plan be devised so that Mr. Durborow shall not receive $600 and Mr. —— $5000. Let each receive $2000, and then each can live. If they both are equally faithful, they should be equally well paid; and we answer for it that in nine cases out of ten the one who now gets $600 does better service than he who gets $5000. Suppose it does cut down the receipts of some in our city. What of it? Did they enter the ministry for a living? If so, they deserve to fail; if they did not, then they will not object when the needy brother is helped. Unless some such reform is made, and that right speedily, the minds of the community will pronounce the pulpit a business, and the dignity of the cloth be impaired. Let every one who objects to such a reform take notice that to prate in the future of "callings" and "fields of usefulness" is to openly add hypocrisy to avarice.

ST. PILLORY'S DAY.

THIS is St. Pillory's day in Delaware, and with the eyes of an enlightened nation upon her, Delaware will crack her whip in the face of civilization. The whipping-post and pillory of New Castle county will be brought into operation again, for the purpose of driving her offenders into Pennsylvania, and crowds of innocent school children will gaze admiringly on the spectacle afforded them by the sufferers shrinking under the lash of the executioner, and will gain some ideas of justice and humanity that cannot fail to produce a good effect on the future of Delaware. As if in defiance of the condemnation that has been universally bestowed upon the miserable business outside of their own State, the Delawarians have decreed the erection of a new whipping-post in the jail yard at New Castle, and have apparently determined that this relic of savagery shall be perpetuated for all time. Such an outrage on public decency, however, cannot long be maintained in opposition to public opinion, and we believe that the day is not far distant when even Delaware will be shamed into discarding St. Pillory's day from her calendar.

A REVOLUTION IN THE COAL TRADE.—There will be launched to-day at Chester a new steam collier of great strength, capacity, and speed, which will be the second of a new line projected by the Reading Railroad Company, and which is destined to create a complete revolution in the coal trade. It is designed to secure by this line of steamers speed, safety, and promptness in the delivery of coal between here and all points on the coast, and these colliers will undoubtedly supersede the old sailing vessels which have hitherto been the only means of transportation on the coast. The importance of this new line to Philadelphia and Pennsylvania can hardly be estimated, and they can scarcely fail to create greater activity in the coal trade, to develop our mining interests, and to promote the commercial prosperity of the city and State. Other steamers of the line will shortly be launched from the yard of Messrs. Reaney, Son & Archbold, at Chester, as fast as possible.

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE for June has been sent to us by Turner Brothers & Co. It presents an attractive list of articles, which are led off by five chapters of Robert Dale Owen's romance, "Beyond the Breakers;" two new versions of "Dies Iræ" are given, and the other contributions are as follows:—"The Englishman on the Continent," by George M. Towle; "Our Possession," by Mrs. Annie S. Downs; "Harneyhow's Hummock," by Mrs. Jane G. Austin; "On Expression in Architecture," by Hugh Davids; "The Maiden Soldier," by Mrs. Ellet; "Dedication," a poem, by E. R. Johnson; "Only No Love," Part I, after the German, by Mrs. A. L. Wister; "On Using Strength with Economy," by Walter Wells; "The New World Exile in Italy," a poem, by Howard Glyndon; "The Prospects of Trade," by Hon. Amasa Walker; "A Lost Chapter in History," by N. S. Dodge; "Rubbish at the Patent Office," by Joseph Harrison, Jr.; "Our Monthly Gossip;" and "Literature of the Day." An illustration of Mr. Owen's novel, by Mr. E. B. Bensell, is given as a frontispiece.

It is announced that in the July number will be commenced a new novel, by Anthony Trollope, entitled "The Vicar of Bullhampton."

THE FINE ARTS.

Art Patronage.

The subjects of art education and art encouragement are of so much importance at this particular juncture to the American people, that we are pleased to see some of the papers of this city entering into the discussion of the merits and deficiencies of the Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts, the oldest institution in the country professing to be a school of art. We have stated our views about the management of the Academy without fear, favor, or partiality, and we particularly wish that the subject may be discussed on all sides and in all its bearings, if for no other purpose than to excite some degree of public interest in the matter. Three of our contemporaries yesterday referred to the Academy, and they each suggested ideas which are worthy of comment. The *Bulletin*, at the commencement of a long article of which the young sculptor Harnisch was the subject—and all that was said about this talented artist we cordially endorse—touched the very heart of the Academy's present troubles in the following words:—

"The poor old Academy, so desperately worried over its tempest-in-a-tea-pot difficulties, may thank its troublesome enemies for applying a counter-irritant. If it had leisure to look deeper, it might perchance feel worse. To our mind, its profoundest wound is here:—*The careful instructions of the Academy in classic art for for-six years have not in any way inured to its own renown as a school of figure-art; and the works of its pupils, after dwindling in importance from season to season, are this year hardly to be found in its galleries.* Landscape has the day. The figure painters are almost unrepresented. Knight, to be sure, has a number of contributions, but they are old stock; still, they form a fortunate exception to what we are saying. Ferris has a single head; Bensell has quarrelled, and does not exhibit; Wylie is away; Ramsey sends a contribution altogether Parisian; Bingham and Lambdin have become New Yorkers; Brooke sends two miniatures, quite unworthy of him, now hung where nobody observes them; Galvan has nothing; Roberts and Eakins are modelling at the Ecole des Beaux Arts; in completing the list of the merry band that made the life-school of later years, memory softens her tone a moment to ask, with grief and pride—Where is poor Cresson?"

Mr. Knight, who represents the schools of the Academy in the present exhibition, resided three years in Paris for the sake of an art education, which he found it impossible to obtain in Philadelphia. This is a significant fact in support of all the arguments we have advanced on this subject.

The *North American* takes up the cudgels in defense of the Academy of Fine Arts, and the *Post* leans a little to both sides, apparently not exactly understanding the bearings of the case. Much of the *North American's* argument is entirely apart from the main issue, and in endeavoring to impress upon its readers the fact that art is a business, it forgets that it has an important relation to civilization and general culture, and that art schools are as necessary as other institutions of learning. Our literary men must be educated and trained for their work, or they will produce nothing of any value; the artists are in exactly the same position, and that each endeavors to get the best prices their work will command does not affect the argument in the least. The instruction of the public is a scarcely less important consideration, and the *Post* says truly:—

"The Academy has no right to call itself a public institution if it does not benefit and instruct the public, and this can only be done by the co-operation of the artists. In order to gain this co-operation, it must so act as to give them every advantage offered to them elsewhere."

The *North American*, on this point, calls attention to the fact that the Academy has no endowment fund, and that its means of support are the contributions of the members and such sums as may be realized from exhibitions, and it indirectly refers to this paper in the following pointed manner:—

"If the Academy be deprived of all other reliance than mere contributions from the friends of art, it must become a heavy burden upon the artists and the limited circle of friends of art who are members of the institution. We will not be so uncharitable as to say that such is the hope of the persons who have sought to raise a public outcry against the institution, and that the object is to break it up and leave the business exclusively to the private dealers, although many persons have begun to have a suspicion to that effect, and that the opposition is not merely the result of the personal spleen of a few dissatisfied artists."

The insinuation contained in this paragraph is so uncalled for, so at variance with anything we have said, and so entirely out of the line of legitimate argument, that we do not deem it worthy of notice. It would certainly be desirable if there could be a great free gallery of art in this city, but it is of much more importance that we should have a thoroughly organized and efficient art school, with a gallery full of first-class works. The admission fees form an important portion of the revenue of the Academy; it is perfectly proper that money for the support of the institution should be raised in this way, and we would not advocate dispensing with them, at least until some other source of revenue is provided. That the Academy has no endowments, like other educational institutions, is simply because it has not been managed with any sort of energy, nor has it displayed that kind of enterprise which is calculated to win the regards of those who have money, or pictures or books which, under better circumstances, they would be willing to give to a well-conducted school of art; and we heartily agree with what the *North American* says on this point at the end of its article:—

"As regards our Academy, we should be very glad to see it endowed so liberally as to enable the directors to throw open its galleries free to the public, and if the board shall choose to make an effort to that end, we shall take great pleasure in seconding the movement. We think, however, it would be far better to make an effort to increase very largely the permanent works in the galleries of the institution, and crowd it so full of statues and pictures that people will be forced to recognize the need of a new and more commodious hall. Gifts of money or works of art to that end, we have no doubt, would be gladly accepted."

Our contemporary, however, has some rather queer ideas on the subject of art patronage, and it suggests, as what might be done in this line, a commission to Rothermel to paint a picture of the "Battle of Germantown;" somebody else to do a first-class drop curtain for the Academy of Music; and for a subscription to be started by "the liberal patrons of art in Philadelphia to engage Hamilton or Moran to paint a picture of the famous Battle of the Kegs." Something satirical is apparently concealed in this last suggestion, but the point of the joke is so fine that we are unable to see it, so we leave it to Messrs. Moran and Hamilton to study out between them.

With regard to art patronage, the less that is said the better. Art in this country will never be worth anything so long as it has to depend upon special patronage. The duties of the Academy in this line will end when it gives our artists the proper sort of an education, when it adds first-rate specimens of the works of our best painters and sculptors to its collection, so as to make its galleries represent the progress and position of Philadelphia art, and when it affords our artists ample facilities for putting their works before the public. The Academy does absolutely nothing in this line, and the case of young Harnisch, to which the *Bulletin* referred yesterday, is a fair illustration. This boy (for Harnisch is but a boy) has that rare, very rare endowment, genius. Some day he will make a name for himself, and then the Academy of Fine Arts will be proud to claim him as one of its pupils. At present Harnwisch has no money and very little reputation, and consequently neither he nor his works are of any importance to the gentlemen who manage the Academy, or to those outside of that institution who profess to be the patrons of art in Philadelphia. The "Cupid," which was literally a labor of love to this boy artist, is an exquisitely graceful and poetical work; but it has been waiting six years for a purchaser, with very little prospect of finding one. In the meantime the young artist has labored and patiently waited for some recognition. His statue would do honor to the Academy, and some day the institution may be happy to be its possessor; but when the sculptor offered it at a price which, for the credit of the Academy, and for fear some art patrons might endeavor to obtain it at about one-fifth of its value, we refrain from mentioning, he was coldly put off with the plea that the Academy could not afford the outlay, and did not purpose making any purchases, except such works as would be practically useful to the students.

We by no means advocate the Academy buying everything that needy artists—even if they happen to have genius—may think fit to offer it; but the fact that it buys nothing, and does almost nothing towards building up a school of art, or encouraging art in any way; and its general effect is to deaden and depress all art enterprise in this city, so much so, indeed, that many of our artists find that their only chance of success is to emigrate to other quarters. In this connection, it is a significant fact that Philadelphia artists who remove to New York, or those who take up their residence in Europe, get better prices for the pictures they send to Philadelphia than they did when this was their home. Art must have the foreign trade-mark upon it before it can find a ready market in this city, and our artists not only go abroad, but they sell their works at better prices in other places than they do here. This is due, in a great measure, to the fact that we have no art school, worthy of the name, which will educate our artists and the public at the same time; and many of our picture buyers, including a good many of the gentlemen prominently connected with the institution, have so little regard for the Academy as a school of art that they have become profoundly impressed with the idea that only those works are worth having that are produced elsewhere under genuine art influences. There is a remedy for this deplorable state of affairs which has been plainly pointed out, and it now rests with the Academy of Fine Arts to do something for the art reputation of Philadelphia, or to see the work taken out of its hands and carried on by energetic men who understand the real necessities of the case.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

NORTH TENTH STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. MATTHEW NEWKIRK, Pastor.—Rev. Dr. JACOBUS will preach at 10½ A. M. Sabbath School Anniversary at 3 o'clock. No Evening service To-morrow. It*

SPECIAL SUNDAY SCHOOL SERVICE.—Rev. GEORGE A. PELTZ, Pastor of the TABERNACLE BAPTIST CHURCH, CHESNUT Street, west of Eighteenth, will preach the Annual Sunday School sermon To-morrow at 10½ A. M. Singing by the Youths' Choir and the Sunday School. All are cordially invited. It

THE FIFTY-FOURTH ANNIVERSARY of the Sabbath Schools of the SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, at the S. E. corner of TWENTY-FIRST and WALNUT Streets, will be held To-morrow afternoon at 3½ o'clock. Addresses by Rev. E. R. BEADLE and others. *

ANNIVERSARY DAY.—CALVARY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, LOCUST Street, above Fifteenth.—The Pastor, Rev. J. M. HUMPHREY, D. D., will preach his first Anniversary Sermon To-morrow at 10½ A. M. The Sunday School Anniversary services will be held at 3 P. M., and the usual evening service omitted. *

NORTH BROAD STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner of BROAD and GREEN Streets.—The pastor, Rev. PETER STRYKER, D. D., will preach his First Anniversary Discourse To-morrow morning. Subject of the evening: "What is Meant by the Good Spirit and the Evil Spirit of King Saul?" All are invited. *

GREEN STREET M. E. CHURCH.—One of a series of Temperance Sermons (under the auspices of Relief Lodge, No. 28, Good Templars) will be delivered To-morrow (Sunday) Evening, by the Rev. J. B. McCULLOUGH, at the above Church. All are invited. *

THE FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, WASHINGTON SQUARE.—Rev. HERRICK JOHNSON, D. D., Pastor, will preach To-morrow at 10½ A. M. and 8 P. M. The Sabbath School Anniversary will be held at 3½ P. M. Addresses by Mr. J. K. F. STITES, Rev. ALBERT BARNES, and the Pastor. *

UNITARIAN PREACHING.—THERE will be services before the newly-gathered SECOND SOCIETY, corner of ELEVENTH and WOOD Streets, conducted by the pastor, Rev. WILLIAM H. THORNE, To-morrow (Sunday) Morning at 10½ o'clock. Subject—"Will Christianity ever be the universal religion of mankind. No service in the evening.

An opportunity will here be offered to individuals and families who may be drawn together to form a permanent society for the promotion of free religious worship, rational religious instruction, and daily Christian life. All seats will be free to all.

THE FORTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY of the AMERICAN SUNDAY-SCHOOL UNION will be held at the ACADEMY OF MUSIC, on TUESDAY EVENING, 25th instant, at 7:45 o'clock.

Addresses may be expected from Rev. M. M. G. DANA, of Norwich, Conn., Rev. N. H. SCHENCK, D. D., of Brooklyn, and Rev. FRANK L. ROBBINS, of Philadelphia.

A selected choir of 600 young ladies will sing, under the leadership of Colonel D. W. C. MOORE.

Tickets may be had at the Society's Buildings, No. 1122 CHESNUT Street. Secured seats in Parquet and Parquet Circle 50 cents: Balcony 25 cents.

Children not admitted unless accompanied by parents or guardians. 5 15 18 20 22 25 5t

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FOR THE SUMMER.—TO PREVENT sunburn and all discolorations and irritations of the skin, bites of mosquitoes or other insects, use Wright's Alconated Glycerine Tablet. It is deliciously fragrant, transparent, and has no equal as a toilet soap. For sale by druggists generally. R. & G. A. WRIGHT, No. 624 CHESNUT Street. 4 5

U. S. OFFICE OF ARTIFICIAL LIMBS.—An appropriation ($50,000) having been made by Congress for purchasing

ARTIFICIAL LIMBS FOR OFFICERS

of the United States Army and Navy mutilated in the service, applications may now be made, in person or by letter, by officers entitled to the benefit of the act, and who desire the best Artificial Limbs, to

Dr. B. FRANK PALMER, Surgeon Artist,
No. 1609 CHESNUT Street, Philadelphia,
No. 678 BROADWAY, New York,
No. 81 GREEN Street, Boston.
Offices for Supplying Army and Navy Officers.
5 12t

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the CLARION RIVER AND SPRING CREEK OIL COMPANY will be held at HORTICULTURAL HALL on WEDNESDAY, the 26th inst., at 8 o'clock P. M. 5 12 13t*

DR. R. F. THOMAS, THE LATE OPERator of the Colton Dental Association, is now the *only one* in Philadelphia who devotes his entire time and practice to extracting teeth, absolutely without pain, by fresh nitrous oxide gas. Office, 1027 WALNUT St. [5 12]

DR. WYMAN, DENTIST, No. 257 North SIXTH Street, opposite Franklin Square, extracts teeth absolutely without pain with pure Nitrous Oxide Gas, inserts the best teeth, and makes no charge for extracting, with or without gas, when artificial teeth are inserted at Dr. WYMAN'S, No. 257 North SIXTH Street, opposite Franklin Square. 5 15 1m4p

COFFEES ROASTED ON A NEW Principle, retaining all the aroma and true flavor, are the best. On sale by

FAIRTHORNE & CO.,
No. 205 N. NINTH and
1 30 stuth6m No. 1036 MARKET Street.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE BLOOMSBURG IRON COMPANY will be held at the Office at IRON DALE, Columbia county, Pa., on WEDNESDAY, May 19, 1869, for the Election of Nine Directors, to serve the ensuing year, and for the transaction of other business.

WILLIAM E. S. BAKER,
Secretary and Treasurer,
No. 122 RACE Street.
PHILADELPHIA, April 17, 1869. 4 29 17t*

"A PENNY SAVED IS EQUAL TO TWO Earned."—The time to save money is when you earn it, and the way to save it is by depositing a portion of it weekly in the old FRANKLIN SAVING FUND, No. 136 S. FOURTH Street, below Chesnut. Money in large or small amounts received, and five per cent. interest allowed. Open daily from 9 to 3, and on Monday evenings from 7 to 9 o'clock. CYRUS CADWALADER, 2 16 Treasurer.

TO THE MEMBERS AND DEED HOLDERS OF THE UNION BURIAL GROUND SOCIETY.—All members and deed holders of the above society are particularly requested to leave their names with the Secretary, MR. YOUNG, on SPRUCE Street, above Fifth, south side. By neglecting this duty they cannot receive a notice for the next meeting, at which important business, affecting the permanent security of the property of the society for its maintenance and support, will be transacted.

It* A VETERAN MEMBER.

ELLIS' IRON BITTERS.—"HAVING used your Iron Bitters in my practice, I can testify to its superior tonic properties for invigorating the appetite and promoting digestion. I can unhesitatingly recommend it in cases of general debility and dyspepsia, and in conditions of the system requiring the use of a ferruginous tonic. Its agreeable flavor must recommend it to all. Yours, respectfully, CHAS. S. GAUNT, M. D., Professor in the Philadelphia University of Medicine and Surgery." [2 4 tu th f s]

For sale by JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN, No. 602 ARCH Street, and by Druggists generally.

OFFICE PHILADELPHIA AND SOUTHERN MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, No. 130 S. THIRD Street, May 15, 1869.

The stockholders of this Company are requested to present their certificates at this office at once, that the proper reduction of the par value, in accordance with the provisions of the act of the Legislature reducing the same, approved April 16, 1869, and accepted by the stockholders May 5, 1869, may be stamped thereon.

Books of subscription to the capital stock at its reduced valuation are now open at this office.

5 15 12t CHARLES S. TEAL, Treasurer.

OFFICE CATAWISSA RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 424 WALNUT Street.

PHILADELPHIA, April 29, 1869.

The Board of Directors of this Company have declared a dividend of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT., on account of the dividends due the Preferred Stockholders, payable on the 20th of May next, to those persons in whose name the stock stands at the close of the Transfer Books.

The Transfer Books of the Preferred Stock will be closed on the 10th and reopened on the 20th of May.

W. L. GILROY,
5 1 stuth9t Treasurer.

IMPORTANT TO BUYERS OF HOSIERY.—Messrs. COOK & BROTHER, Importers of Hosiery, No. 53 North EIGHTH Street, claim to be the only firm in Philadelphia, keeping all grades of Hosiery at retail, who import their own goods. They feel assured—

First. That by avoiding the profits and commissions imposed in the ordinary course of trade they save their customers at least 25 per cent.

Second. That they have the quality of their goods under complete control, using the best yarns and employing the best workmen in their manufactory.

Third. That having direct access to European markets, they can keep a more complete stock than if dependent upon purchases made here of foreign goods.

A call from the reader is solicited at their store, No. 53 North EIGHTH Street. 5 5 wsmp4m

JAMES M. SCOVEL, LAWYER, CAMDEN, N. J. COLLECTIONS MADE ANYWHERE IN NEW JERSEY. 5 1 1m*

$12,000 IN ONE SUM TO LOAN ON Mortgage. Apply to LEWIS H. REDNER, 5 14 2t No. 731 WALNUT Street.

SUFFOLK PARK, TUESDAY, May 18—Match for $1000—Mile heats, 3 in 5, to wagons, at 3 P. M. Good day and track. John Lovitt names s. g. Harry D.
W. H. Doble names bl. g. Jersey Boy.
W. H. DOBLE, Proprietor.
Cars leave Broad and Prime streets at 11 A. M. and 1 and 2 P. M. 14

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

ARCH STREET M. E. CHURCH.—REV. JAMES NEILL To-morrow at 10½ A. M. Rev. J. T. GRACEY at 7¾ P. M. Strangers invited. *

REV. E. E. ADAMS, D. D., WILL PREACH in the WESTERN PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, SEVENTEENTH and FILBERT, Sabbath, 10½ and 3½. *

REV. R. JEFFERY, D. D., WILL preach in the FOURTH BAPTIST CHURCH, corner of FIFTH and BUTTONWOOD Streets, To-morrow, at 10½ A. M. and 7¾ P. M. *

CHILDREN'S CHURCH.—THE NEXT monthly services of the young, and the last for this season, at the CHURCH OF THE EPIPHANY, To-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. *

SECOND REFORMED CHURCH, SEVENTH Street, above Brown.—Rev. HERMAN G. BERG, of New Brunswick, will preach To-morrow at 10½ and 8. *

TRINITY M. E. CHURCH, EIGHTH Street, above Race.—Rev. S. W. THOMAS will preach at 10½. Rev. J. J. PEARCE at 7¾. Strangers invited. *

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, EIGHTH and CHERRY Streets.—Rev. R. M. PATTERSON will preach on Sabbath Morning at 10½ o'clock, and in the afternoon at 4 o'clock. *

SPIRITUALISM.—THOMAS GALES FORSTER (a trance medium) will lecture on Sunday, at 8 P. M., at CONCERT HALL. A collection will be taken. 1t

SPIRITUAL UNION LYCEUM WILL meet To-morrow, at Hall, EIGHTH and SPRING GARDEN, 10 A. M., and on every Sunday following, till July. Sociable will be held on Wednesday Evening, May 19. 1t

BETHESDA PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner of FRANKFORD Road and VIENNA Street.—Services on Sunday, 15th inst., at 10½ A. M. Preaching by Rev. Dr. ALLEN, of Old Pine Street Church. Subject—"Heavenly Recognition." *

REV. WILLIAM S. OWENS, PASTOR elect, at the NORTH UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHAPEL, MASTER Street, above Fifteenth, at 10½ A. M. and at 8 P. M. The Pastor will be ordained on TUESDAY EVENING, May 18. *

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, THIRD STREET, below Walnut.—Service To-morrow at 10½ A. M., and at quarter to 8 in the evening. Prayer meeting every Saturday evening at quarter to 8. Strangers cordially invited. *

THE PALM TREE.—BIBLE LESSON from the Book of Nature.—Rev. Dr. MARCH will preach on this subject To-morrow (Sunday) evening, at 8 o'clock, in CANTON STREET CHURCH. All persons cordially invited.

INSTALLATION.—REV. THOMAS X. ORR will be installed Pastor of the FIRST REFORMED CHURCH, SEVENTH and SPRING GARDEN Streets, To-morrow (Sunday) evening, at 7½ o'clock. Sermon by the Rev. GEORGE F. CAIN, charge to the people by Rev. JAMES L. AMERMAN, charge to the Pastor by Rev. C. COLLINS, Jr. Morning service at 10½. *

OUR

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT

IS NOW REPLETE

WITH EVERY GRADE

OF

SEASONABLE HOSIERY,

OF ALL THE BEST MAKES AND IN ALL DESIRABLE QUALITIES.

HOMER, COLLADAY & CO.,

Nos. 1412 and 1414 CHESNUT STREET,

5 15 3t ABOVE BROAD.

ECONOMICAL

Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Providence, R. I.

SIMON S. BUCKLIN, President. C. G. McKNIGHT, Vice-President. WILLIAM Y. POTTER, Secretary.

HON. ELIZUR WRIGHT, ACTUARY.

Among the Directors, all of whom are men of tried ability as financiers, are

EX-GOVERNOR WILLIAM SPRAGUE, EARL P. MASON, ESQ., MAJOR-GENERAL A. E. BURNSIDE, JOHN CARTER BROWN, ESQ., and MOSES B. LOCKWOOD, ESQ.

Rates Lower than other Mutual Companies with Equal Safety and Soundness.

Premiums Non-forfeitable from the First Payment.

ANNUAL CASH DIVIDENDS.

Assets January 1, 1869 - - - $500,886.18

$182 of Assets for every $100 of Liabilities.

Every guarantee that is essential to the honest administration of a LIFE INSURANCE TRUST, and that tends to promote economy, frugality, and integrity, will be found in the "ECONOMICAL."

FRANCIS S. BELDEN, General Agent,

5 15 ws ROOMS 26 AND 27, NO. 430 WALNUT STREET, PHILA.

CIGARS.

TO CIGAR BUYERS.

Fresh importations of Havana Cigars, in bond or duty paid. Large assortment, offered in lots to suit purchasers.

Also, cigars of our own manufacture, viz.:—

"MARIANA RITA."

High grade Vuelta Abajo leaf, fifteen styles. Low prices compared with imported cigars. A fair trial will prove their merits.

"FRA DIAVOLO."

Lower priced than the "Mariana Rita," three styles; excellent cigars.

"FLEUR DE LYS," "LOUIS D'OR,"

and other brands, all copyrighted; each of highest grade in its respective class.

All of our Havana leaf we *import direct*, and no better cigars can be produced in this market than those we now offer.

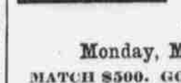
Smokers should see that they obtain our *genuine* cigars, which are offered regularly by many respectable dealers, although some irregular parties put forward inferior cigars as of our make.

We offer these cigars in lots to suit purchasers.

They can be profitably retailed at prices forty per cent. less than imported cigars, will give equal satisfaction, and should be tried, without prejudice, by all who desire a good cigar at moderate cost.

S. FUGUET & SONS,
Importers and Manufacturers,
5 13 26trp No. 229 South FRONT Street.

POINT BREEZE PARK.



POINT BREEZE PARK.

Monday, May 17, 3 P. M.

MATCH $500. GOOD DAY AND TRACK.

G. TURNER names b. m. FANNY ALLEN, trotter, to harness.

E. HART names b. m. POLLY ANN, pacer, to wagon.

ADMISSION, $1. 5 12 4t

POINT BREEZE PARK.—Spring Trotting Meeting commencing MONDAY, May 24, 1869.

No. 1.—Sweepstake—For Horses that have never beaten 2:55. $50 entrance. Mile heats, 3 in 5 to harness. Association adding net receipts.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 26.

No. 2.—Sweepstake—For Horses that have never beaten 2:40. $50 entrance. Mile heats, 3 in 5 to harness. Association adding net receipts.

FRIDAY, MAY 28.

No. 3.—Sweepstake—For Horses that have never beaten 2:50. $25 entrance. Mile heats, 3 in 5 to harness. Association adding net receipts.

Three or more entries to fill and two to start. Should only one horse appear he will be entitled to all the entrance money; should three or more start, the second horse to save his entrance. Entries to be addressed to the Secretary, and in each instance enclosing the entrance. Entries to be closed at 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday, May 20.

SAMUEL KILPATRICK, Secretary,
5 14 6t No. 144 S. FOURTH Street, Philadelphia.

FOR SALE, WEST PHILADELPHIA, handsome monitor style Dwelling, 10 rooms, in complete order, with all the modern improvements, corner Forty-Ninth and Silverton avenue. Lot 75 by 150 to a back street. Plenty of shrubbery, fruit, and flowers in full growth. Apply No. 1111 VINE Street. 15*

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME COUNTRY Residence, with 13 acres of land, situated in Montgomery county, near Hatboro. For further information, apply to J. L. FULTON, N. E. corner TWENTIETH and Filbert streets, Philadelphia. 5 15 9t

WINES.

CHAMPAGNE.

JUST RECEIVED, AN INVOICE OF

200 Cases Giesler & Co.'s Champagne,

"Verzenay" and "Gold Label," quarts and pints,

For sale by

JOS. F. TOBIAS & CO.,

5 13 12trp Nos. 206 and 208 S. FRONT Street.

BENEDICTINE,

Made by the Monks of the Abbey of Fecamp, France.

Established in 1510.

This Liqueur has not changed from the time of its first introduction in 1510, and the original recipe employed in its manufacture has been religiously observed. For sale by

A. MERINO,
NO. 140 SOUTH FRONT STREET,
5 12 6t Agent for Pennsylvania.

PIPER HEIDSIECK CHAMPAGNE

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE BY

A. MERINO,
NO. 140 SOUTH FRONT STREET,
5 12 6t Agent for Pennsylvania.

CLARET WINES.

EIGHT HUNDRED DOZEN

VERY SUPERIOR HIGH AND MEDIUM GRADE CLARETS,

FOR TABLE AND GENERAL USE.

Gentlemen leaving town for the season can be supplied with Fine Wines at reasonable prices.

SIMON COLTON & CLARKE,

S. W. CORNER BROAD AND WALNUT,

stuth PHILADELPHIA.

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR,

For the Trade or at Retail.

EVERY BARREL WARRANTED.

Keystone Flour Mills,

4 19 1mrp Nos. 19 and 21 GIRARD Avenue, East of Front street.

TYNDALE & MITCHELL,

NO. 707 CHESNUT STREET,

HAVE JUST OPENED A LARGE INVOICE OF BOHEMIAN COLOGNE SETS,

A VARIETY OF PATTERNS,

At $1·50 and $1·75 PER SET. 3 20 stuth3mrp

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

The City Amusements.

AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC a matinee will be given to-day, when *The Bohemian Girl* will be performed.

On Monday *A Night in Granada* will be given for the first time in English.

On Tuesday evening Verdi's opera of *Il Trovatore* will be performed for the benefit of Mr. Alfred Stimmell, the polite and popular doorkeeper of the Academy of Music. Mr. Stimmell is well known and largely esteemed by our opera *habitues*, and he will doubtless have an overflowing house on this occasion. Tickets for Mr. Stimmell's benefit can be had at Trumpler's and at the Academy.

AT THE WALNUT Mr. Brougham will appear for the last time this evening. *Much Ado About a Merchant of Venice* and *The Peep-Show Man* will be performed.

On Monday Mr. and Mrs. Harry Watkins will appear.

AT THE ARCH Lotta will make her last appearance this afternoon and evening in the drama of *The Female Detective*.

On Monday Mr. Barton Hill will have a farewell benefit.

AT THE CHESNUT the burlesque of *Lucretia Borgia, M. D.*, will be performed this afternoon and evening by the Elise Holt troupe.

AT THE THEATRE COMIQUE *La Rose de St. Fleur* and *A Rainy Day* will be performed this afternoon, and *Punchinello* and *Les Deux Aveugles* this evening.

AT THE AMERICAN attractive variety performances will be given this afternoon and evening.

THE NEW YORK CIRCUS, on Eighth street, above Race, will give two performances to-day at 2½ P. M. and 8 P. M., when all the company of talented artists and all the performing horses, ponies, mules, and dogs will appear in a great variety of interesting feats of strength, skill, and agility.

PROFESSOR JAMES MCCLINTOCK, M. D., will commence a series of lectures on Anatomy and Physiology, at Concert Hall on Monday evening. These lectures will be illustrated by the finest models made by the celebrated Dr. Azoux, of Paris, and they cannot fail to prove of value to those who attend.

MRS. F. MORDAUNT, who is favorably known in this city as a talented actress and an estimable lady, will have a complimentary benefit at the Academy of Music on the 29th inst. Mrs. John Drew's Arch Street Theatre Company have volunteered their services on the occasion, as well as a number of other prominent artists. A very attractive bill will be presented, and we hope that the affair will prove a brilliant success.

MR. COLLINS, the celebrated Irish comedian and vocalist, after an absence of five years, will commence a short engagement at the Arch street Theatre on the 25th instant. Mr. Collins was always a great favorite with the Philadelphia theatre going public, and we predict for him a very successful engagement.

MESSRS. E. & G. G. HOOK, organ builders, of Boston, have contracted to furnish a large and powerful organ for the Coliseum, to be used at the National Peace Jubilee. It is intended that the instrument shall be one of such strength and power as shall sustain the vast chorus and orchestra, and fill the building with sound. The builders will confine themselves to such features as are absolutely needed, and, to avoid the occupation of any more space than is positively required for the pipes and mechanism, there will be no attempt at mere display.

CITY ITEMS.

STYLE, FIT AND MAKE *of our Men's, Youths', and Boys Clothing unequalled by any stock of Ready-made goods in Philadelphia. We have also*

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT *of selected styles of piece goods, to be made up to order, in unsurpassed style.*

ALL PRICES GUARANTEED *lower than the lowest elsewhere, and full satisfaction guaranteed every purchaser, or the sale cancelled and money refunded.*

HALF WAY BETWEEN *Fifth and Sixth Streets,* } BENNETT & CO., TOWER HALL, 518 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA, AND 600 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

THE PACIFIC RAILROAD.—

Plunging through the mountains;
Flying o'er the plains;
Screaming, tearing, shrieking,
Come the loaded trains;
Loud the bells are ringing;
All aboard, look out!
California's bringing
Her treasures here about.
John Bull must take a back seat,
And Nap may rip and swear,
But Jonathan is wide awake,
And for them doesn't care.
The road to China's open,
Hurrah for Uncle Sam,
Over which to send our notions
To CHINA and JAPAN.
While in return, for ploughshares
And school books, if you please,
We'll receive their silks and satins,
To say nothing 'bout the teas.
John Bull's Atlantic cable
Was a big thing in its way;
But it's laid now on the table;
We have a bigger thing to-day.
Railroad to California;
Just think of it, my boys;
Clear the track, old fogy chaps,
Don't you hear the noise?
This glorious Yankee nation
Has astonished all the folks,
And the great Pacific station
Is the store of Charles Stokes,
Where Clothing made in styles so nice
Is sold at the very lowest price.
824 Chesnut street.

JEWELRY.—Mr. William W. Cassidy, No. 12 S. Second street, has the largest and most attractive assortment of fine Jewelry and Silverware in the city. Purchasers can rely upon obtaining a real, pure article furnished at a price which cannot be equalled. He also has a large stock of American Western Watches in all varieties and at all prices. A visit to his store is sure to result in pleasure and profit.

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES
On easiest terms, by
O. F. DAVIS, No. 810 Chesnut street.

HALLETT, DAVIS & CO.'S Pianos, No. 927 Chesnut street, are unequalled in durability, brilliancy, tone, and power. Distinguished pianists say they are the best. We never listened to any Piano so enchanting.

GROVER & BAKER'S Highest Premium Sewing Machines, No. 730 Chesnut street.

MR. DOYLE, the well-known clerk at the AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON, is one of the great favorites with the travelling public. His well-known face at the office is only an intimation of the thorough comfort and uniform courtesy which meets his guests throughout.

EXTRACTING TEETH WITHOUT PAIN.—The Colton Dental Association, No. 737 Walnut street, are still extracting teeth without giving pain to the patient. They administer the nitrous oxide gas in the most approved manner. This association originated the anæsthetic use of the gas, and for a number of years have operated most successfully, as over thirteen thousand signatures, which are on exhibition at their office, will testify. All who would be rid of a troublesome tooth we would advise to give them a call.—*Globe.*

MAD DOG!—

Mad dog! mad dog! the urchins cried,
And rushing down the street,
Snapping, the frantic brute I spied,
At every thing he'd meet.
Why *will* a dog be kept in town
That human life endangers?
Send off the beast to grass, or drown
Where sausage-men are strangers.
And go and buy a Marvin Safe
Your valuables to keep in,
Consuming neither bread nor beef
'Twill grace the room you sleep in.
And though it may a corner fit,
No *mad fit* will astound you,
While keeping *scotch* or jewels, it
Makes no disturbance round you.

For sale by MARVIN & CO.,
No. 721 Chesnut street.

SUMMER CAMPAIGN
FULLY INAUGURATED.
WANAMAKER & BROWN
WANAMAKER & BROWN
WANAMAKER & BROWN
WAGING WAR
WAGING WAR
WAGING WAR
AGAINST
HIGH PRICES, HIGH PRICES,
HIGH PRICES, HIGH PRICES,
HIGH PRICES, HIGH PRICES,
BY OFFERING
FINE CLOTHING FINE CLOTHING
FINE CLOTHING FINE CLOTHING
FINE CLOTHING FINE CLOTHING
VERY CHEAP FOR CASH.
VERY CHEAP FOR CASH.
VERY CHEAP FOR CASH.
ADD TO YOUR COMFORT,
SAVE YOUR MONEY,
IMPROVE YOUR LOOKS,
BY
BUYING YOUR SUMMER SUIT
AT
OAK HALL, OAK HALL.
OAK HALL, SIXTH AND MARKET. OAK HALL.
OAK HALL, SIXTH AND MARKET. OAK HALL.
OAK HALL, OAK HALL.

JOHN L. CAPEN, PHRENOLOGIST has opened a new office for Ladies and Gentlemen, at No. 702 CHESNUT Street ("Press" Building, Room No. 4, second floor), where he will be happy to see his old friends and all who wish his Phrenological opinions. 5 15 tf

MARRIED.

CRUMLEY—COOPER.—On the 3d instant, at the Parsonage of Pitman M. E. Church, Twenty-third and Lombard streets, by Rev. J. Y. Ashton, Mr. GEORGE W. CRUMLEY and Miss MARY J. COOPER, both of this city.

GOLDEN—SNYDER.—On the 13th instant, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. James Y. Mitchell, Mr. JOSEPH W. GOLDEN to Miss KATE A. SNYder, both of this city.

KELLER—JOHNSTON.—On April 29, by Rev. Samuel Durborow, Mr. A. B. KELLER, of Burlington, N. J., to Miss HANNAH S. JOHNSTON, of this city.

DIED.

BOWERS.—On the 11th inst., WILLIAM R., son of Jacob E. and Catharine Bowers, aged 10 years.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 1719 Marshall street, on Sunday morning, at 10 o'clock. To proceed to Glenwood Cemetery.

KENT.—On the morning of the 14th instant, CHARLES C., son of Rodolphus and Eliza C. Kent, in the 8th year of his age.

The funeral at Christ Church Burying Ground, Fifth and Arch streets, on Monday afternoon at quarter before 3 o'clock precisely.

PATTON.—On the 10th instant, MATTHEW PATTON, in the 73d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, also Kensington Council, No. 9, State Council Mechanic Relief Association, and No. 5, Junior Order U. A. M.; Kuequenaka Tribe, No. 4, I. O. of R. M.; Paradise Lodge, No. 2, K. of H., and the Orders in general, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Sunday, May 16, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of his son-in-law, S. F. Beecher, No. 931 Ontario street, below Girard avenue and below Broad street. To proceed to Mechanics' Cemetery.

SCHULL.—On Wednesday, the 12th instant, ELIZA, wife of Benjamin Schull.

The male relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Monday, the 17th instant, at 10 o'clock A. M., from the residence of her husband, No. 505 N. Tenth street.

TAYLOR.—On the 13th instant, WILLIAM TAYLOR, in the 66th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 402 S. Ninth street, on Monday afternoon, the 17th instant, at 3 o'clock. To proceed to Ronaldson's Cemetery.

INSURANCE.

TO SECURE YOUR FAMILY FROM WANT,
To Relieve Your Mind of Anxiety,
To Make a Good Investment,
INSURE YOUR LIFE
IN THE
AMERICAN
OF PHILADELPHIA.
ALEX. WHILLDIN, President.
JOHN S. WILSON, Secretary. 6 10

ST. LOUIS, VANDALIA,
AND TERRE HAUTE RR. BONDS.

Having been appointed the Sole Agents
For the sale of the balance ($750,000) of the above bonds, we offer them as in our judgment,
A Most Reliable and Satisfactory Investment.

The St. Louis, Vandalia, and Terre Haute Railroad is building to connect the cities of St. Louis and Terre Haute, forming part of the
Great Through Line from St. Louis to Philadelphia and New York,
Controlled and Operated by the Pennsylvania Railroad Co.

The whole amount of the mortgage is $1,900,000, about two-fifths of the cost of the road, and the bonds have in addition the guarantee of payment of principal and interest of the Terre Haute and Indianapolis Railroad Company (a corporation having no debt, and with a large surplus fund), the Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central Railway Company, and the Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railway Company, the last two endorsements being assumed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company by contracts which are matters of record. There is also a Sinking Fund created by the mortgage of $20,000 per annum, to pay the principal of the bonds at maturity.

These bonds bear interest at Seven Per Cent. per annum, payable January 1 and July 1, in New York, and are offered for the present at NINETY PER CENT. and accrued interest.

DREXEL & CO.,
NO. 34 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
W. H. NEWBOLD, SON & AERTSEN,
S. E. CORNER DOCK AND WALNUT,
5 14 rp PHILADELPHIA.

DREXEL & CO.,
NO. 34 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
American and Foreign
BANKERS,
ISSUE DRAFTS AND CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT available on presentation in any part of Europe.
Travellers can make all their financial arrangements through us, and we will collect their interest and dividends without charge.
DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO., DREXEL, HARJES & CO.,
New York. | Paris. [3 10 4p

PAPER HANGINGS,
Window Shades,
LACE CURTAINS,
AND
UPHOLSTERY GOODS GENERALLY.
The only House in Philadelphia combining the above branches.
We keep the best PAPER HANGERS and UPHOLSTERERS in the city, and all our work is first-class.
CARRINGTON, DE ZOUCHE & CO.,
SOUTHEAST CORNER
THIRTEENTH and CHESNUT Streets,
3 13 thstu3m PHILADELPHIA.

NOW IS THE TIME TO CLEANSE YOUR HOUSE.
WINCHER, HARTMAN & CO.'S
WASHING AND CLEANSING POWDER
Is unequalled for scrubbing Paints, Floors, and all household use. Ask for it and take no other.
W. H. BOWMAN, Sole Agent,
4 23 6m No. 1156 FRANKFORD Road.

DRY GOODS.

PRICE & WOOD,
N. W. CORNER EIGHTH AND FILBERT.
Just received a new lot of White Goods.
Satin Plaid Nainsook Muslins.
Satin Stripe Nainsook Muslins.
Plaid and Stripe Swiss Muslins.
Fine Plaid Organdies, 37½c. a yard.
Swiss Muslins, Victoria Lawns, Nainsook Muslins.
Soft-finish Cambrics, Shirred Muslins, etc. etc.
White Brilliantes, India Twilled Long Cloths.
White Piques, 25, 37½, 50, 62½, 75, 85, 90, and $1 a yard.
Bargains in Linen Goods.
Table Linens, Napkins and Towels,
Nursery Diaper and Linen Birdseye for aprons.
Figured Shirting Linens, 25c. a yard.
Best makes Shirting Linens, etc. etc.
Best makes Bleached and Unbleached Muslins.
Pillow-case and Sheeting Muslins.
All wool and Domet Flannels.
Summer Flannels, all-wool and Domet, Angola Flannels.
Marseilles Quilts, very chep, $4, $4'50, $5, $6, $7, $8 up to $12, imported to order, and much below the regular prices.
Honeycomb and Jacquard Quilts, very cheap.
BLACK SILKS! BLACK SILKS!
Good quality Black Silks, $1'25, $2, $2'25, $2'75, $2'90, $3'75, $5, and $7'50 per yard.
A cheap lot of French Lawns, 25 cents per yard.
Stripe Alpaca Lustres and Stripe Delaines.
A cheap lot of mixed Poplins, 25 cents per yard.
Japanese Poplins, 33 and 37½ cents per yard.
Figured Silks and Wool Poplins, 80 cents, worth $1'12½.
Bargains in Ladies' and Gents' Hosiery and Gloves.
Ladies' and Gents' Handkerchiefs.
Gents' Shirt Fronts, Neck-Ties, and Suspenders.
Jouvin's Kid Gloves, best quality imported.
A good Kid Glove, $1 a pair.
Hamburg Edgings and Insertings.
A large lot of Linen Fans, very cheap.
Autograph Fans and Silk Fans.
Silk Umbrellas and Parasols.
PRICE & WOOD,
N. W. CORNER EIGHTH AND FILBERT.

JOHN BURNS,
Nos. 245 and 247 S. ELEVENTH St.
ABOVE SPRUCE,
Will offer this day, from New York Auctions,
SPECIAL BARGAINS IN
HOSIERY! HOSIERY!! HOSIERY!!!
Children's Gauze Merino Vests, from 9 to 30 in.
Children's ½ to ¾ Socks, finest imported.
Ladies' full regular-made Hose, 25c. up.
Ladies' double-sole regular-made Hose, 37½c.
Ladies' Gauze Merino Vests, all sizes.
Gents' striped and fancy-colored Socks, 25c. up.
English superfine Half Hose, best imported, 37½c.
Gents' Gauze Merino Vests, 37½, 62½, 75c. up.
Ladies', Gents', and Children's Balbriggan Hose.
BARGAINS IN WHITE GOODS!
300 yards London Cord Pique, 25c., worth 50c.
Fine French Organdies, plaid and striped, 37½c.
Piques at 20, 25, 35, 37½, 50c. to $1.
Soft-finished Cambric, 18c. up. Plain Nainsooks, 12c. up.
Hamburg Insertings and Edgings.
Large and small Plaid Nainsooks for dresses.
TOWELS! NAPKINS!! LINENS!!!
Damask Towels, large size, 25, 31, 50c. up.
Damask Napkins, all linen, $1, $1'50, to $11.
Richardson's Shirting Linens, 37½c. up.
Irish, Barnsley, and Scotch Table Linens.
Barnsley Linen Sheetings, 2¼ yards wide, $1'12½.
12-4 Linen Sheetings, $1'31, $1'45, $1'65 to $2.
These goods are much below regular prices. Please examine quality and price before purchasing elsewhere.
Job lots of Ladies' and Gents' Handkerchiefs. 5 15 2t

E. R. LEE,
No. 43 NORTH EIGHTH STREET,
Opened this morning the balance of an importer's stock of
FRENCH HDKFS.
100 dozen Ladies' French Colored Border Hemstitched, 45 cents.
50 dozen 2 Tucked Sheer Hemstitched.
50 dozen Gents' Fine Fancy Hemstitched.
100 dozen Gents' French Hemstitched, 45 to 62.
20 dozen large size Moire Antique Border French Towels.
15 dozen French Huck Towels.
Among the above goods will be found some of the finest goods imported, and will be sold 50 per cent. less than importers' prices.
ALSO,
200 pcs. EXTRA FINE MATTING, 38 cents, regular price 62; only lot to be sold at the price.
ALSO,
KID GLOVES A SPECIALTY.
Also, 100 ps. Spring Mohairs for suits, 28 and 31.
Also, Sun Umbrellas and Parasols.
Also, our entire Stock closing out.
Also, 200 dozen Linen Fans, 12½ and 15.
Handsome Silk Fans reduced to close out.
Very Fine Lisle and Silk Gloves.
Ladies' Fine Riding Gauntlets, half price. 5 13 3t

MOURNING DEPARTMENT

We have made this department of our business a specialty, and obtaining goods direct, can offer them at lowest prices, and in every variety.

PERKINS & CO.,
NO. 9 SOUTH NINTH STREET,
5 13 thstu1m4p PHILADELPHIA.

SILKS! POPLINS! HERNANIES!
COOPER & CONARD,
S. E. COR. NINTH AND MARKET STS.
BLACK SILKS.
Purple, Green, Gold, Silver Edges.
Cachemire de Soie; Satin Face Gros Grain.
Silks for Manties and Full Suits.
Some great bargains, 80 cents to $6'25.
SILK CHAIN POPLINS.
Silk Chain Poplins for Suits.
Japanese Figured and Plain Silks.
Scarce Light Poplin Mixtures for Suits.
Stripes, Plaids, and Friendly Wear.
BLACK HERNANIES.
Twisted Silk Hernanies, 62 cents.
Twisted Silk, large open mesh.
Figured and Striped Grenadines.
Black Mohairs, Battiate, Tamise, etc.
LAWNS.
Scarce Black French Lawns.
Finest French Pink Jaconets.
Good display Figured Striped Lawns.
Dress Percales, Chintzes, etc. etc. 1 7 fsm

STOKES & WOOD,
SEVENTH AND ARCH STREETS,
OPEN TO-DAY
A full line of Black Silks, from $1'75 to $5'00.
One lot neat Striped and Plaid Silks, very choice.
Japanese Silks, Plain, Chene, and Striped.
One lot Plaid French Silks at $1'20.
Crepe Poplins, for suits, in great variety.
Black Hernani, from 44 cents to $4'50.
Satin Striped Hernani, choice styles.
French Lawns, a large assortment. 3 3ws

DRY GOODS.

GRENADINES! LAWNS! ORGANDIES!
JOHN W. THOMAS,
405 and 407 N. SECOND St.,
Has now in Stock a LARGE and HANDSOME assortment of
NEW GRENADINES in Stripes and Figured,
NEW STYLE LAWNS AND ORGANDIES,
3-4, 4-4, and 8-4 IRON MESH HERNANI,
Together with every variety of NEW and ELEGANT
DRESS GOODS.
3 27 3mrp]
NEW AND CHOICE GOODS are received daily from the New York and Philadelphia markets.

PARASOLS.
PARASOLS.—ALL THE NEWEST London and Paris styles, which for novelty, variety, and elegance are unequalled. A large assortment of Lace Covers, Sun Side and Sun Umbrellas at the lowest prices, at H. DIXON'S Fancy Goods Store, No. 21 S. EIGHTH Street. 4 10 3m

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BONNETS, TRIMMINGS, ETC.
MRS. M. A. BINDER,
DRESS TRIMMING AND PAPER PATTERN STORE,
N. W. Corner Eleventh and Chesnut Streets.
BARGAINS JUST OPENED,
New style Silk Tassel Fringe, 62 cents a yard, all shades.
REAL GUIPURE LACES.
A case Lace Points, Sacques, and Jackets.
Llama Lace Parasol Covers.
Black Thread Laces, all widths, at very low prices.
The genuine Joseph Kid Gloves, $1 per pair.
Misses' Colored Kids.
NEW STYLES PARASOLS AND SEASIDES.
Roman and Plain Ribbons and Sashes.
Paris Jewelry.
Plaid Nainsooks, French Muslins, Pique and Marseilles, Hamburg Edging and Insertings.
EXCLUSIVE AGENT
For Mrs. M. WORK'S Celebrated System for cutting Ladies' Dresses, Sacques, Basques, Garibaldi's, Children's Clothes, etc., by measurement, and full instructions given.
AGENTS WANTED.
Ladies are now making from $100 to $200 per month as agents for this system. 3 6 stuth]

FOR THE LADIES.
JUST RECEIVED,
TOWEL RACKS AND HAT RACKS,
With spaces for Zephyr Embroidery.
Satin Quilled Ribbons,
Nos. 3, 4, 6, 9 and 12 in Black; No. 4 in all Colors.
Also, a full line of new designs in
Real Guipure Laces.
J. G. MAXWELL,
LADIES' DRESS TRIMMINGS & PAPER PATTERNS,
SOUTHEAST CORNER
CHESNUT and ELEVENTH Streets,
5 13 ths2trp PHILADELPHIA.

GRAND OPENING
OF
SPRING DESIGNS
IN
BONNETS AND HATS,
AT OUR
NEW BONNET ROOMS,
No. 806 ARCH Street.
P. A. HARDING & CO.
4 1 thstu3m

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107 EIGHTH ST. RIBBON STORE.
No. 107 North EIGHTH Street,
(Four doors above Arch).
I have now open a splendid assortment of

SILKS,	SATIN RIBBONS,
SATINS,	BONNET RIBBONS,
CRAPES,	STRAW HATS,
FIGURED NETS,	STRAW BONNETS,
ILLUSIONS,	FLOWERS,

To which I would kindly call the attention of the Ladies.
JULIUS SICHEL,
No. 107 North EIGHTH Street,
FOUR DOORS ABOVE ARCH.
P.S.—SILKS and SATINS CUT BIAS. 4 3 stuth2m

CHOICE GOODS—POPULAR PRICES.
PARIS FLOWERS,
LINEN-BACK SATINS,
AND
LADIES' AND MISSES' HATS AND BONNETS,
In Unrivalled Assortment.
S. A. & D. STERN,
NO. 724 ARCH STREET,
5 1 stuth2mrp PHILADELPHIA.

FRINGES, GIMPS, AND BUTTONS,
New Styles and Moderate Prices.
GUIPURE LACES, HANDSOME PATTERNS;
WHITE COTTON TRIMMINGS;
AMERICAN ZEPHYR, ALL COLORS.
RAPSON'S,
[4 17 stuth2m
N. W. Corner of EIGHTH and CHERRY Sts.

EXECUTORS' PEREMPTORY SALE.—Estate of John Miller, deceased.—Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers.—Two-story Brick Dwelling, No. 221 Gaskill street. On Tuesday, June 1, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, *without reserve*, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that two story brick dwelling and lot of ground, situate on the north side of Gaskill street, west of Second street, No. 221; containing in front on Gaskill street 12 feet 9 inches, and extending in depth 44 feet 3 inches, including at the rear end thereof part of an alley 3 feet wide. Sale absolute. By order of
SAMUEL P MILLER, }
JOHN F. COMBS, } Executors.
M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 15 3t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Modern Three-story Brick Dwelling, No. 929 N. Twelfth street, above Poplar street. On Tuesday, May 25, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that modern three-story brick messuage, with three-story back buildings and lot of ground, situate on the east side of Twelfth street, north of Poplar street, No. 929; containing in front on Twelfth street 18 feet, and extending in depth 55 feet. The house contains 11 rooms, numerous closets; has gas, bath, hot and cold water, furnace, cooking-range, under-ground drainage, tin roof; beautifully papered, etc. Terms—$4300 may remain on mortgage. Immediate possession. Keys at No. 1400 N. Thirteenth street. $200 to be paid at the time of sale.
M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 15 s 2t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

PUBLIC SALE.—ESTATE OF LAWRENCE Dillon, deceased.—THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers.—Three-story Brick Dwelling, with side office and yard, No. 1815 Frankford avenue, and two stables in the rear, between Montgomery avenue and Berks street, Eighteenth ward. On Tuesday, June 1, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that three-story brick messuage, two-story brick back building, with side office or store, and lot of ground, situate on the east side of of Frankford avenue, No. 1815; the lot containing in front on Frankford avenue 49 feet, and extending in depth 140 feet. Also, 2 stables in the rear. Subject to a mortgage of $3000. Immediate possession of the dwelling.
M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 15 s3t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

PEREMPTORY SALE.—THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers.—Valuable Lot S. E. corner of Westminster avenue and Markoe street, Twenty-fourth ward. On Tuesday, June 1, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, without reserve, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that valuable lot of ground situate on the southeast corner of Westminster avenue and Markoe street, Twenty-fourth ward; thence south along the east side of Markoe street 318 feet 3½ inches to ground granted to F. Sloan on ground rent; thence east along the same 100 feet to a point in the west line of a twenty feet wide street, extending from Westminster avenue southward to Seneca street; thence north along the west line of said street 321 feet 7½ inches to a point in the south line of Westminster avenue, and thence westward along the south side of said avenue 100 feet ½ of an inch to the place of beginning. Sale absolute.
M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 15 s 3t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—On Tuesday, June 1, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, the following described properties, viz.:—
No. 1.—Modern Three-story Brick Dwelling, No. 728 Erie street, north of Fitzwater street, all that modern three-story brick messuage, with three-story back building and lot of ground, situate on the west side of Erie street, 56 feet north of Fitzwater street, No. 728; containing in front on Erie street 16 feet, and extending in depth 84 feet to a 12-feet-wide alley. It has been newly papered and painted, and has the modern conveniences. Clear of all incumbrance. Terms—$2000 cash. Immediate possession. Keys at the Auction Rooms.
No. 2.—Modern Three-story Brick Dwelling, No. 1732 North Tenth street. All that modern three-story brick dwelling, with three-story back building and lot of ground, situate on the west side of Tenth street, 148 feet 1½ inches south of Montgomery street; containing in front on Tenth street 18 feet, and extending in depth 70 feet to a 3-feet-wide alley, with the privilege thereof. It has the modern conveniences. Terms—$2000 cash. Immediate possession. Keys at the Auction Rooms.
M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 15 s3t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Valuable Business Stand; Modern Three-story Brick Store and Residence with side yard. No 2024 North Second street, between Norris and Diamond streets, with Two-story Frame Building in rear on Philip street. On Tuesday, June 1, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that modern three-story brick messuage, two-story double back buildings and lot of ground, situate on the west side of Second street, between Norris and Diamond streets, No. 2024; the lot containing in front on Second street 28 feet, and extending in depth 121 feet 9 inches to Philip street, with a two-story frame building on said street. The house contains 10 rooms, large store, and private entrance, and has all the modern conveniences; gas, bath, hot and cold water, water closet, cooking range, etc.; French-plate glass in store windows and doors; pavements arched and laid with flagstone; good dry cellar, which is floored; wine and ice closet, underground drainage, etc.; yard planted with grape vines, fruit trees, shrubbery, etc. Subject to an irredeemable ground rent of $90. Possession July 1, 1869. May be examined any day previous to sale.
M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 15 s3t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Genteel three-story brick cottage, York street, west of Twenty-third street, 20 feet front, 112 feet deep. On Tuesday, May 25, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that handsome three-story brick cottage and lot of ground, situate on the north side of York street, 60 feet west of Twenty-third street, Twenty-eighth ward; containing in front on York street 20 feet, and extending in depth 112 feet. Terms, cash. Immediate possession. Keys next door.
M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers.
5 15 s2t Nos. 139 and 141 South FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Three well-secured Ground Rents, $48'50 each, a year. On Tuesday, June 1, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all those three well-secured redeemable yearly ground rents of $48'50 each, a year, each secured by a two-story brick dwelling and lot of ground, situate on the south side of McClellan street between Second and Third streets and above Mifflin street, First Ward, Nos. 242, 244, and 246; each containing in front 14 feet, and extending in depth 53 feet to a 3 feet wide alley. They will be sold separately.
M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 15 s 3t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

PEREMPTORY SALE.—THOMAS & SONS, AUCtioneers.—Genteel three-story brick dwelling, No. 225 Lybrand street, between Thirteenth and Broad, north of Race street. On Tuesday, June 1, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that genteel three-story brick messuage and lot of ground, situate on the east side of Lybrand street, 213 feet 6 inches north of Race street, No. 225; containing in front on Lybrand street 16½ feet, and extending in depth 60 feet. Clear of all incumbrance. Terms cash. Sale absolute.
M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 15 s3t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Modern three-story brick residence, 1419 North Eighth street, above Master street. On Tuesday, June 1, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that modern three-story brick messuage, with three-story back building and lot of ground, situate on the east side of Eighth street, north of Master street, No. 1419, containing in front on Eighth street 17 feet, and extending in depth 102 feet 9 inches to A street. The house has all the modern improvements and conveniences, contains twelve rooms, parlor, dining room, and two kitchens on the first floor. Terms—$3000 may remain on mortgage. Immediate possession. Will be open for examination daily previous to sale.
M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 15 s 3t No. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Two three-story Brick Dwellings and Frame Shop, No. 1527 N. Second street, above Jefferson street. On Tuesday, June 1, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that lot of ground, with the improvements thereon erected, situate on the east side of Second street, 198 feet north of Jefferson street, No. 1527; containing in front on Second street 18 feet, and extending in depth 120 feet to Perry street. The improvements consist of a three-story brick dwelling, fronting on Second street, containing 6 rooms; a frame weaver-shop to accommodate 8 looms, with warping and spooling rooms in the rear, and a three-story brick dwelling, fronting on Perry street. Clear of all incumbrance. Possession of dwelling fronting on Second street and frame shop immediately.
M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 15 s3t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

PUBLIC SALE.—THOMAS & SONS, AUCTIONEERS.—Desirable Country Seat and Farm, 26¼ Acres, Lansdale, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, 20 miles from Philadelphia. On Tuesday, June 1, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that desirable country seat and farm, 26 acres, 105 perches, situate at Lansdale, Gwynedd township, Montgomery county, Penna., about 3 minutes' walk of Lansdale Station, on the North Pennsylvania Railroad, access 8 times daily, formerly owned and occupied by R. Parsons, Esq. The farm is divided into 6 fields; truck garden, lawn, etc.; fences in good condition; crops in ground; abundance of fruit trees. The improvements are a well-built 2½-story brick and stuccoed dwelling; contains 9 rooms and attics, porch all around, well of never-failing water in kitchen, barn, carriage-house and out-buildings. Included in the sale are 2 horses, 4 cows, poultry, 2 carriages, cart, and wagon harness and farming implements. The neighborhood is very desirable. Terms—$4000 may remain on mortgage. Immediate possession. Will be shown on application to the owner and occupant, Mrs. Rachel Moter.
M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 15 s3t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

SUMMER CLOTHES,

Elegant and Becoming in the Highest Degree.

Light in Texture and Light in Colors

MADE UP IN

AIRY AND GRACEFUL STYLES,

Cool, Comely, and Comfortable,

AT THE

Chesnut Street Clothing Establishment

OF

JOHN WANAMAKER,

NOS. 818 AND 820 CHESNUT STREET,

5 6 4p PHILADELPHIA.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, ETC.
SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.
W. T. SNODGRASS & CO.,
No. 34 South SECOND Street,
Have just received a fresh importation of
Genuine Scotch Cheviots,
Elegant French Coatings
LATEST STYLES OF
Fancy Cassimeres and Vestings,
FOR THEIR [4 3 2mrp
RETAIL DEPARTMENT.
CASSIMERES AND DOESKINS.

JAMES & LEE,
No. 11 NORTH SECOND STREET,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LAMB,
Are now receiving a large and CHOICE ASSORTMENT of all the celebrated makes of
Black Doeskins and Cassimeres
That come to the country, [3 28 s
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

GROCERIES, ETC.
CRIPPEN & MADDOCK,
No. 115 S. THIRD Street,
BELOW CHESNUT.

GREEN AND BLACK TEAS,
FINEST QUALITY.
AFRICAN, MOCHA, EAST INDIA, AND JAVA COFFEE.
W. G. FAMILY FLOUR
The finest in the country, always on hand.
Families leaving for the country or seashore can have their goods neatly packed, and delivered, free of charge, to any of the depots or wharves. 1 t

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THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE
ALBERT BISCUITS,
Manufactured by Mackenzie & Mackenzie, Edinburgh.
These Biscuits are supplied regularly to the Queen, the Royal Family, and the Nobility of England.
FOR SALE BY
Thompson Black's Son & Co.,
BROAD and CHESNUT Sts.,
4 3 stuth3mrp PHILADELPHIA.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.
REMOVAL.
A. B. WARDEN,
IMPORTER OF
Watches, Diamonds, and Jewelry,
Has Removed from the S. E. corner of Fifth and Chesnut Streets to
No. 1029 CHESNUT Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
N. B.—WATCHES REPAIRED IN THE BEST MANNER. 3 11 thstu6

RICH JEWELRY.
JOHN BRENNAN,
DIAMOND DEALER AND JEWELLER,
NO. 13 SOUTH EIGHTH STREET,
4 29 thstu3mrp PHILADELPHIA.

C. & A. PEQUIGNOT,
MANUFACTURERS OF
WATCH CASES,
AND DEALERS IN AMERICAN AND FOREIGN
WATCHES,
No. 13 South SIXTH Street,
2 1 mwslrp
MANUFACTORY, No. 22 S. FIFTH Street.

PASSPORTS PROCURED BY JOHN F. YOUNG, Notary Public, 508 CHESNUT St. 5 3 6m thstu3m

OUR SATURDAY NIGHT SUPPER TABLE SERIES

BEING

A Diet for Mental Dyspeptics—A Salad for Small Salaries,

AND

A SALVE FOR BAD CUTS.

The whole carefully compounded and put up expressly for Family Use.

BY OUR SERIES EDITOR.

NUMBER CCXXIII.

One of the "Improved Order of Red Men."

Improved Red Man rushes into the office of the Indian Agent at Omaha with eyes staring, and exclaims—"Want whisky; Injun bit by snake very bad!"

Agent—"How much does thee want?"

I. O. of R. M. (*looking every inch a savage*)—"Quart!"

Agent—"Thee does not want a quart of whisky for a snake bite!"

I. O. of R. M. (excitedly)—"Yes, quart; snake very big."

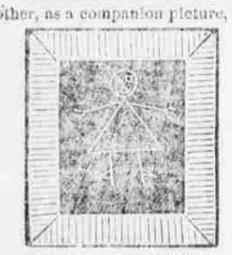
ACADEMY OF FINE ARTS REVISITED.

In making a second visit to see the pictures in the Academy, we have the example of Wordsworth, in his poem entitled "Yarrow Revisited." Besides, no art critic can do justice to an exhibition like the present one in a single paper. There are so many pictures worthy of notice, on account of the prices asked for them by the artists who painted and glazed them, that an humble attempt at reproducing them in our Saturday Art Column will help the artists along. The *cuts* we herewith give are designed for this purpose.

The two little gems that attract the attention most of fond parents are a couple of life sketches by S. B. Waugh, one called

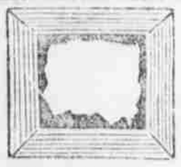
Portrait of a Little Boy.

and the other, as a companion picture,



Portrait of a Little Girl.

These little bits of color were done by Mr. Waugh in his earliest years, and, we are informed, without any previous instruction. From the expression of the countenances, they are evidently brother and sister. This opinion is borne out by both of them having but three fingers each, a circumstance that would have been overlooked by a less observing artist than Waugh. We must protest, however, against our artist's adopting the "pre-Raphaelite," as it is called, in all cases, at the expense of beauty. We consider the figure of the "Little Girl" in the above picture much depreciated by the extravagantly distended skirt and the high-heeled shoes. A little attention to this hint will greatly benefit not only Waugh, but others. The "Little Boy" is not so faulty in these particulars, as he has neither skirt nor shoes.



A Deep Cut, by E. Moran, P. B.

This picture is very natural. The artist, in throwing his feeling into the picture, has cut it entirely out of the frame. It is one of the best renderings of a *deep cut* we have ever seen on the walls of the Academy, and we venture to say that the Hoosac Tunnel is not a greater bore than these little productions of artistic feeling. We understand that Mr. Moran has several commissions for the same subject on hand.

Procession of Hod Fellows.

This is one of the tallest pictures in the exhibition. It represents a company of gentlemen turned out for a day of mortar practice at some of the arsenals. The practice is very demoralizing, as they all are sure to come to the scaffold sooner or later.

The Village Post-man.

by W. G. Winner. The drawing of the lamp-post is very good, and is of the pattern last approved by Councils. The man is gracefully reclining on the post in an attitude of meditation, and is on the point of throwing up his position as a post man.

The Old Mill on the Adirondack,

by Mrs. Charles A. Sommer. Mrs. Sommer is some on a "mill." This picture has some striking effects; one of them is right under the potato-masher, which will be damaging to the kissing-trap. The pose of the dexter mauley of the right is well drawn, and looks as though his opponent would be sent to prayers on the next round, which, of course, would fetch him up groggy. The coloring of the peeper on the left is good.

A Horse Sail at Cairo,

by J. L. Geroime. Well handled, although we notice a defect in the steering apparatus. We suppose experience will correct that.

Winter Sports,

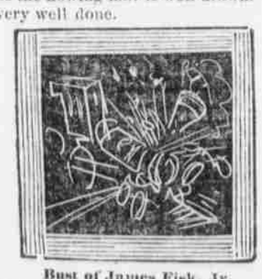
by Chas. A. Sommer. We are sorry that the artist has made only one of the "sports" visible, and but a small part of him at that. He has been showing some of his feats on the ice, and it appears from the picture they are the last things seen.

Charcoal Drawing,

by T. Moran. This drawing is full of vigor. The action is quite natural. It is seldom this artist goes into anything like this, but whatever he becomes attached to, he turns out a whole team. In this view he is attached to a go-cart laden with charcoal, and we believe his commissions in this line will be largely increased as people better appreciate his skill in this direction. The drawing is a little heavy, though, and the *aplomb* is faulty. The *florroture* is good.

Scene from Longfellow's Hiawatha.

By T. Moran. The above is a very fine mechanical drawing of a "dummy Injun," and shows much feeling on the part of the artist. The bunch of cigars is true to life. The natural grace of the flowing hair is well drawn. The *off* leg is very well done.



Bust of James Fisk, Jr.

Very sparkling little piece. The *tender* touches exhibited in his bust are *very fine;* in fact, as one of the employes on the road expressed it, "the tender was knocked to flinders." The exhibition this year is a very successful one, and very good. The pictures are not so good.

A Yankee peddler in his cart, overtaking another of his class, was addressed, "Hallo! what do you carry?" "Drugs and medicines," was the reply. "Go ahead," was the rejoinder; "I carry gravestones."

"Tom, why did you not marry Lucy?"

"Oh, she had a sort of hesitation in her speech, and so I left her."

"A hesitation in her speech! I never heard of that before. Are you not mistaken?"

"No, not at all; for when I asked if she would have me she hesitated to say yes, and—so I cut her for another girl."

SPIRIT OF THE PRESS.

EDITORIAL OPINIONS OF THE LEADING JOURNALS UPON CURRENT TOPICS—COMPILED EVERY DAY FOR THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

THE THIRD MONTH OF GENERAL GRANT'S ADMINISTRATION.

From the N. Y. Herald.

We are in the third month of General Grant's administration, and still there are no visible signs in the heavens of the dawn of the millennium. The General's inaugural was a good thing. It gave general satisfaction in reference to the Cabinet, and likewise on economy, retrenchment, reform, an honest payment of the national debt, the fifteenth amendment, and our foreign relations; but Washburne, first choice as Secretary of State, was a riddle, and the general make-up of the Cabinet, as it now stands, not only puzzles the politicians, but is by all sorts of men accepted in the lump as a mystery past finding out. All that the politicians profess to know of the Cabinet is that Fish in diplomacy is a disciple of Seward; that Boutwell is the instrument of a faction in Congress; that Cox, Creswell, and Hoar are mere political make-weights; that General Rawlins, as Secretary of War, is only the recording clerk of General Sherman, and that good old Mr. Borie, in the Navy, is but the tender to Admiral Porter. All accounts concur in extolling the piety, gentleness, and amiability of the venerable Borie, and how, after spending a portion of the week in Washington, under Porter's instructions, he leaves on Saturday to spend his Sunday in the more genial Sabbath-day atmosphere of Philadelphia.

The Cabinet, taking all such criticisms with a liberal sprinkling of salt, might be improved by reconstruction; for, as it is, in the lump, we have no promise of great things in any special department. Nor are there any hopeful signs of retrenchment and reform in the general division of the spoils. What with his impediments of the House and the Senate and the ravenous outside crowd of office vultures and the Tenure-of-Office law, here was a tough job. General Grant, however, plunged into this jungle of the Wilderness, expecting hard knocks, but resolved to get through. He has got through; but the groans of the wounded are painful to hear, and through the rank and file of the Republican camps there are weeping and wailing and gnashing of teeth. To change the figure, this scramble for the spoils has been a most disgraceful and demoralizing spectacle, and the prevailing influences at headquarters do not promise much in the way of retrenchment and reform. The evils here brought to light may lie in the established and pernicious system of personal rewards for party services, but still these evils, since General Grant's inauguration, have been developed more alarmingly than ever before; for never before has there been in this country such an exhibition of impudence, rapacity, and shameless wrangling over the public plunder.

The results were inevitable. It is simply impossible to give general satisfaction in parcelling out the plunder when the office-seekers compared with the offices are as ten to one. Hence the prevailing hue and cry among the Republican journals over the stupid appointments of this administration, its ingratitude to its friends, and its reckless disregard of the claims of the unlucky beggars, hat in hand, turned empty away. They have become even scandalous in their accusations; for they say that the favors of the administration are bought and sold, that gifts of houses and lots, and horses and carriages, and books and hats, and boots and shoes, find a cordial welcome at headquarters; and these accusers ask us in derision, what can you expect of an administration which invites approaches that were repulsed even by John Tyler, Fillmore, and Andy Johnson?

In relation to all such charges, we hold that custom gives an excuse to General Grant, and that the beggarly and contemptible stinginess of the Government to its faithful servants whose services cannot be measured by dollars and cents is an excuse for the custom of private subscriptions and individual offerings in such cases. The British Government rewarded Wellington in princely gifts of honors, money, and rich estates, while for services incalculably greater and more important than those of the great Duke, General Grant, a poor man, receives from his Government a military promotion, with its perquisites, which hardly meet his proper expenses. Some of his fellow-citizens patriotically step in to his relief, and he receives their offerings. They make his mind easy touching his private affairs, and thus he may more largely devote his energies to his public duties. We may admire the remarkable example of that sterling soldier, General George H. Thomas, in refusing all such private recognitions of his great achievements, from the gift of a mansion to the gift of a service of silver; but the fashion runs the other way, and General Grant has only followed the fashion. He is a practical man, and, moreover, he has doubtless acted upon the idea that it would be squeamish to decline a gift really useful, the acceptance of which is regarded as a compliment by the giver.

But, absolving the President upon these matters, the question still recurs, what is the promise of his administration? He has given us nothing yet but his inaugural, his Cabinet, and his general division of the spoils, upon which to form a judgment. Judging from these things, the promise is not very bright. He has reduced to practice the radical doctrine of "equal rights," regardless of race or color; for his appointments cover all shades of race and color, from the Caucasian to the undiluted African. He has also practically recognized women's rights in the appointment of a good lot of patriotic women as postmasters. And so it turns out, while the Republican journals *par excellence* have become in some cases as bad as the Copperheads in their flings and denunciations of the President, that Wendell Phillips, Fred Douglass, and the women's rights women sing his praises and crown him with flowers. This marks the consummation of a great revolution; but what next? Our too sanguine expectations have subsided. Saladin sitting in the White House, and, while loungingly smoking his cigar, discussing the claims of Tom, Dick, and Harry for the consulate of Chinchowfoo, or the Post Office at Jones' Crossroads, is a disappointment. Nor does it satisfy us to hear that while General Grant proposes to do nothing for the present on the Alabama claims, Cuba, St. Domingo, or Mexico, his private opinions on each and all of these subjects are those of Young America. Public acts are what we want, not private opinions.

To sum up—in the third month of an administration with four years before it for the development of a policy, if but little is promised but little can be reasonably expected. The promise, however, upon one manifest deficiency, is not encouraging. We refer to the deficiency in the administration in the sagacity to grasp, and the energy for decisive action, demanded by the crisis in reference to our domestic and foreign affairs. We must have retrenchment and reform on a grand scale in our domestic affairs, or a vigorous foreign policy of expansion from this administration, or in the elections for the next the short method of removing our present burden of taxes and debt will work another political revolution. How important, then, the question, Will this administration be a failure?

THE TREASURY FIRM!

From the N. Y. Tribune.

The *Express* of Thursday evening had a despatch squarely asserting that Mr. Boutwell had just told a correspondent that he would not cancel the bonds he is buying "for fear that he may "want, at a future period, to sell them as currency." But several despatches were received on Thursday which flatly contradict this, and give assurances that the bonds now purchased will in no case be reissued, but will be so stamped and punched as to prevent the possibility of their clandestine return to circulation, and that, thus stamped, they will be held as a sinking fund, in express accordance with the act of February 25, 1862. One despatch adds that he expects soon to be able to redeem bonds at a more rapid rate than $1,000,000 per week; and that he does not purpose to keep on hand a larger surplus of gold than is required for the safe conduct of the finances.

We need not say that this is as we have always hoped it would be, though we were otherwise advised by our own correspondent. It seemed to us essentially incredible that Mr. Boutwell should betray the timidity or vacillation which was implied in the report that he expected or apprehended that he might be obliged or induced to resell these redeemed bonds. The current revenue of the Government is certainly much over $300,000,000 per annum; the current expenditures, including interest on the debt, cannot exceed $250,000,000. With such a prospect, why should a surplus of $100,000,000 be retained in the Treasury? Nay, why should any considerable part of it be longer hoarded? Does any one imagine that our revenue is about to break or be broken down? or that our expenses will soon be largely augmented? If not, why lose the $6,000,000 per annum that we should save by paying off $100,000,000 of our five-twenties whereon the option to pay has matured? So long as we can buy at still better rates, of course let us buy; but, when no more bonds can be had at less than specie par, let us pay off so long as the Treasury holds a disposable dollar. We don't object to buying up the three per cent. legal tenders whenever that shall be deemed advisable; it is not our fault that the Secretary is forbidden to buy up greenbacks; we only say buy something so long as we have coin on hand that we may safely spare, or so long as we have a dime on deposit in any bank. We are too poor to lend money to banks without interest while we are paying $120,000,000 per annum of interest on our debt. And every dollar of gold held useless in the Treasury tends to make gold scarce out of the Treasury, and so aggravate that disparity between greenbacks and specie which the oracles of the gold gamblers affect to deplore.

Once more we congratulate the country on the latest advices from Washington. We shall soon be reducing the interest on our debt.

THE "TRIBUNE" RETRACTS.

From the N. Y. Tribune.

It is impossible to doubt any longer that women have the right to vote, for the scenes at Steinway Hall on Thursday proved that they can be just as disorderly as any legislature or political convention of men. The opponents of female suffrage have always argued that the ladies are too refined, too delicate, to mingle in the rough affairs of men, and have refused them the ballot as a careful mother refuses her infant a razor for a plaything. We fancied they might hurt themselves at the polls; but it was an idle fear, and they have taken great pains to remove it. With a diplomacy which cannot be too much admired, their first act in their great convention has been to show that they are as competent as we are to get up a row and break up a meeting in confusion.

As this Convention was called to discuss equal rights, the ladies resolved to discuss everything else. First, they debated George Francis Train; then long speeches; then the relative merits of New York and Chicago reporters; then the question of color; then free love; then capital and labor; then industrial schools; and upon what other subjects they would have enlightened the world, had not the meeting adjourned suddenly, it is impossible to imagine. But when the man with the map began to give his views upon the contraction of the currency, and Mrs. Vernon showed how, by the help of celestial kites, the whole Convention could ascend to heaven, Miss Anthony, "with her voice raised to the highest key," unfortunately declared an adjournment. By this untimely decision the ladies were prevented from utterly refuting the theory that they are too much like angels to behave themselves like men.

A few more conventions like this and the ladies will not merely be allowed to vote, but compelled to vote. An act of Congress will be solemnly passed, declaring that women have such extraordinary capacity for mismanagement that they can no longer be spared from public life. It will be insisted that they are just as fit to throw inkstanks as any Common Councilman, and might possibly waste the public money as well as Mr. Mattoon. They have shown that they can be as tumultuous as a Democratic mass meeting, and eclipse all our orators in the art of speaking at once. Those who heard the storms of hisses on Thursday, are willing to swear that they were to the feeble attempts of men as a cyclone is to a zephyr. Those who saw how Mr. Burleigh was put down and kept down, no longer doubt that the ladies need not be afraid to vote even in the Fourth ward or in Mackerelville.

Upon the plea of their superior refinement and angelic gentleness the ladies cannot much longer escape from public duties. It is to be feared that men have been basely deceived for many thousands of years, and that we have been unjustly compelled to assume the whole weight of burdens that the women should have helped us to bear. We demand, therefore, that these conventions shall be continued, and the great fact that woman is not man's superior fully demonstrated to the world.

LOPEZ REDIVIVUS.

From the N. Y. Times.

President Lopez is holding a strong position in the interior, with nine thousand men and forty guns. The allies are "preparing" to attack him. Such is the intelligence from the seat of war in Paraguay, through Brazilian channels, and it is exactly what might have been anticipated from the course of the Paraguayan war since its commencement. Lopez is periodically "defeated," his strongholds are "destroyed," his forces are "annihilated," and he himself appears as a "fugitive," accompanied only by a few "stragglers." A few weeks generally elapse after the receipt of intelligence to this effect, during which every one expects by every mail to hear of the capitulation of Lopez and the establishment of the Provisional Government so long talked of by the allies. But after long delay, it becomes manifest that there is a hitch somewhere. And then, with unvarying regularity, there comes a despatch announcing that Lopez has reappeared at some point where he was least expected, with a force which—assuming the correctness of Brazilian statistics of his losses—can only consist of resuscitated Paraguayan corpses, and that the allies are about to commence a great campaign instead of inaugurating a Provisional Government. These have been the regularly recurring phases of Rio Janeiro war news for years past. And as far as we can yet see, they may still repeat themselves over again. Lopez with nine thousand men and forty guns in the interior is as powerful as he was with twice that force within range of the Brazilian iron-clads. And if ever there was a doubt as to the determination of the Paraguayans to rally round Lopez to the last man, and die in defense of his cause, it must have been dispelled by this time. The extraordinary hold which he possesses on the devotion of that singular race has already been tested sufficiently to show how little likelihood there is of it being loosened even by the extremity of reverses. Time, however, must ultimately bring matters to a crisis. We may hear once or twice again of the destruction and reappearance of the Paraguayan army, but it cannot be very long before the war comes to one of the only two possible terminations—the extermination of the Paraguayan race or the abandonment of the contest by the Allies.

SUMNER AND PEACE.

From the N. Y. World.

That Mr. Charles Sumner has succeeded in making the calamity of war between England and America more probable than it has for a long time been, by arousing in England a feeling of hostility to this country nearly or quite as bitter as has ever been felt in this country towards England, is quite certain. It is hardly less certain, we opine, that this was the last thing in the world which Mr. Sumner fancied himself to be doing when he wrought out his elaborate fustian about the moral responsibility of England for the protraction of our civil war. It was said, and not more sternly than truly, and not only of but to a charlatan in literature who is quite the peer of Mr. Sumner as a charlatan in oratory—we mean, of course, Mr. Bancroft—that he had proved himself to be "incapable of comprehending the feelings which are aroused in the breast of an honorable man by a charge of personal cowardice." Mr. George Schuyler said and printed this of Mr. Bancroft, and proved the justice of the thing he said and printed. It is just as true of Mr. Sumner that he is incapable of comprehending the feelings which are aroused in the breast of a man of spirit by an attempt to dictate to him his morals and his manners. It is natural enough that Englishmen, seeing in Mr. Sumner the official head of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the United States Senate, and one of the recognized leaders of the party which the people of this country chose to put into power again at the last Presidential election, should take his utterances to be the expression of the dominant sentiment of America. It is equally natural that, finding those utterances to be insufferably insolent in tone, they should infer that the American people desire to provoke and insult Great Britain. This, we need not say, the American people do not desire to do. It is not the extravagance, as they esteem it, of the claims made upon England in this preposterous speech, so much as the tone in which those demands are made, which has stirred the passions of the British people so profoundly. Extravagant claims may be debated at least. Moral impertinence makes debate a humiliation. Could we believe that Mr. Sumner was conscious of the moral impertinence of his harangue about the Alabama claims, that he really meant to be morally impertinent to England, we might think worse than we now do of his disposition, but we should certainly think better of his abilities. A man may be a statesman, even if he be a wrong-headed one, who deliberately sets about making a war possible between two nations, or two sections of a nation, among men. Menschikoff did this very thing in his influence upon the foreign policy of Russia before the Crimean war; Thiers tried to do this in his influence upon the foreign policy of France in 1840. Russia suffered fearfully from the success of the one; France happily escaped suffering by the failure of the other. But both were men capable of a policy, men who could proportion their means to their ends, and will the end deliberately when they set about deliberately using the means. It is our calamity that a conspicuous American State should keep in so conspicuous a place as that which Mr. Sumner occupies in the Senate a man who is incapable of all this. The fool of the Scripture scattered firebrands and death, thinking it sport. Mr. Sumner sows dragon's teeth, thinking them to be merely flowers of rhetoric. That he is a person destitute of coherent and steady convictions appears very clearly from his action in regard to that question of peace of which, for a long time, he assumed to be the special organ and advocate in this country. It is hardly more than twenty years since Mr. Sumner shocked and startled Boston on a Fourth of July by getting up in Faneuil Hall to insult the memory of the patriots of the Revolution by sweeping denunciations of war in all its forms as "organized brutality" and murder on a colossal scale. It is not yet twenty years since he caused his name to be published abroad as a leading American delegate to the first "Congress of Universal Peace," held in Paris. Before he did these things he had expended a great deal of labor unsuccessfully on an attempt to rouse the United States to war on the questions involved in the famous "Quintuple Treaty" concerning the slave-trade. Since he did these things he has expended, alas! how much labor, and alas! how successfully! upon an attempt to plunge the American people into the horrors of the bloodiest internecine war ever waged in modern times within the borders of a civilized nation. To suppose Mr. Sumner to be a man of genuine intellectual force—a virile person understanding what he says, and measuring the scope of his language—would be to suppose him one of the worst, most hypocritical, and most sanguinary of men. We believe this would be to do him less than justice morally, and far more than justice intellectually.

Unquestionably, his name will go down into history as that of the man who, more than any other public man of his time, contributed to fan into a blaze of hatred the alienation of feeling caused by a diversity of interest and of policy between the Northern and the Southern people of this country. Unquestionably, too, should England and America come to blows upon the Alabama question, or upon any other question, history will fasten upon Mr. Sumner the charge of having gangrened, by his licentious and vituperative rhetoric, English dissatisfaction with American pretensions into English resentment of American arrogance. Yet nobody was more anxious than Mr. Sumner when he first entered the Senate to secure social recognition from and establish social relations with the representatives of the Southern people; and never was a man more amazed than he when he found those representatives disinclined to cordially entreat the person who daily berated them and their constituents as assassins of liberty, slave-drivers, and traders in human blood. And throughout his whole career Mr. Sumner has manifested an almost morbid thirst for the applause and admiration of the better classes of that English people by whom he has now succeeded in getting himself recognized as the ideal enemy of the British lion—the incarnate Elijah Pogram of the New World.

The truth about Mr. Sumner we take to have been once plainly, though good-naturedly, told him to his face by an eminent foreign diplomat now no longer living. According to a well-known habit of his, Mr. Sumner had asked this gentleman his opinion of a recent "effort" in the Senate. "Frankly," responded the diplomat, who was much too indolent as well as too honest to be at the pains of diplomatizing in such a case—"frankly, Mr. Sumner, I think your speech detestable, I think most of your recent speeches detestable. Personally, I consider you (pardon me for the candor I show) a very kind-hearted, well-intentioned man. But your speeches will cause you to be regarded in history as a sort of Couthon, or St. Just, or Marat. I can't help thinking the reason is that you don't appreciate the force of words."

Speeches made to prove to a British audience, by citations from Polybius, Tacitus, Don Quixote, and Ovid's "Metamorphoses," that every owner of slaves must necessarily be a *caput lupinum*, or to demonstrate to a listening Senate in secret session that England's encouragement of the Rebel belligerency had brought her in debtor to us "by equity" to the amount of half the national debt, are for Mr. Sumner mere exercises in rhetoric. They are something more to the people who hear them, and who consider words to be not counters but coin. Sumner speaking on the one theme helped to make every Southerner believe the North a land breathing forth only death and ruin to him and to his. Sumner speaking on the other is doing a like work in England.

But the philanthropy of Massachusetts kept him at the one work till the land was drenched with fraternal blood. Will it keep him at the other till the ocean also shall be shaken with the thunders of battle between the two foremost naval pioneers of commerce and of civilization?

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We manufacture four sizes:—Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4—holding respectively 3, 4, 6, and 8 gallons. No. 1 is small, and is suitable only for very small families, or for milk and butter. No. 4 for large families, boarding-houses, etc. Nos. 2 and 3 are intermediate sizes.

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2 19 3m No. 701 CHESNUT Street.

A Batch of Epitaphs.

A writer in the London *Scotsman* has gathered a crop of epitaphs, several of which are quite fresh.

Here is one on a person named Chest:—

"Here lies at rest, I do protest,
One Chest within another;
The one of them is very good—
Who says so of the other?"

On a very old man:—

"He lived to 105 because he was strong,
100 to 5 you don't live as long."

On Martha Shiell:—

"Poor Martha Shiell has gone away,
Her would if she could, but how couldn't stay;
Her had 2 bad legs and a bad dish cough,
It was her 2 bad legs that carried her off."

The following, although quaint, is very coarse:

"Here lies the body of barren Peg,
Who never had no home but one in her leg;
And when she was alive she was so cunning,
That when one leg stood still the other kept running."

Mr. Proctor's antipathy to medical men did not save him from the common fate of humanity:—

"Here lies John Proctor,
Who lived and died without a doctor."

On Professor Walker, who wrote a treatise on English Particles:—

"Here lies Walker's Particles."

On Dr. Fuller:—

"Here lies Fuller's earth."

On a dustman:—

"Cease to lament his change, ye just,
He's only gone from dust to dust."

Dr. Chard's medical practice seems to have been large, if not particularly successful:—

"Here lies Dr. Chard,
Who filled the half of this churchyard."

The following is a quaint mixture of specific information and sentiment:—

"Here lie two babes as dead as nits,
Who died of agonizing fits;
They were too good to live with we,
So God took them to live with He."

On another babe:—

"Since I was so quickly done for,
I wonder what I was begun for."

The maker of the following epitaph is clearly of opinion that Mr. Jones' ruling passion will be strong after death. Its profanity spoils it:—

"Here lies the bones of Joseph Jones,
Who ate while he was able;
But once o'er fed, he dropt down dead,
And fell beneath the table.
When from this tomb to meet his doom
He'll rise with other sinners,
Since he must dwell in heaven or hell,
He'll choose where he'll get the best dinners."

On a woodman:—

"In Kent so good I was lopping wood,
And down fell from a tree;
I met with a check and broke my neck,
And so death lopped off me."

There is no evidence that Jonathan Pound was an Irishman, but his epitaph contains an unmistakable bull:—

"Here lies the body of Jonathan Pound,
Who was lost at sea, and never was found."

—A jury in the United States District Court, at Savannah, arose and left the jury-box, on a proposal to administer the "iron-clad" oath.

PROPOSALS.

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS, BRIDGES, SEWERS, ETC.—OFFICE OF CHIEF COMMISSIONER, No. 104 S. FIFTH Street.

PHILADELPHIA, May 13, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of the Chief Commissioner of Highways until 12 o'clock M., on MONDAY, May 17, for the construction of a Sewer on the line of Sixth street, from Water street, northward two hundred and sixty-seven feet, with a clear inside diameter of three feet, and with such man-holes as may be directed by the Chief Engineer and Surveyor.

The understanding to be that the contractor shall take bills prepared against the property fronting on said sewer to the amount of one dollar and fifty cents for each lineal foot of front on each side of the street, as so much cash paid; the balance, as limited by ordinance, to be paid by the city.

When the street is occupied by a City Passenger Railroad track, the Sewer shall be constructed alongside of said track in such manner as not to obstruct or interfere with the safe passage of the cars thereon; and no claim for remuneration shall be paid the contractor by the company using said track, as specified in Act of Assembly approved May 8, 1856.

All bidders are invited to be present at the time and place of opening the said proposals. Each proposal will be accompanied by a certificate that a bond has been filed in the Law Department as directed by Ordinance of May 25, 1860. If the lowest bidder shall not execute a contract within five days after the work is awarded, he will be deemed as declining, and will be held liable on his bond for the difference between his bid and the next highest bid. Specifications may be had at the Department of Surveys, which will be strictly adhered to.

MAHLON H. DICKINSON,
5 13 3t Chief Commissioner of Highways.

MUNICIPAL CLAIMS.

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS, BRIDGES, SEWERS, ETC.—OFFICE OF CHIEF COMMISSIONER, No. 104 SOUTH FIFTH Street.

PHILADELPHIA, May 13, 1869.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—In accordance with the provisions of an ordinance of Councils, approved April 24, 1868, notice is hereby given that the final estimate for the construction of the sewer on Thirty-sixth, Warren, and Thirty-seventh streets, from Market to Lancaster avenue, will be paid June 14th, 1869. All persons having claims for labor done or material furnished for said sewers, are requested to present the same for payment, on or before 12 o'clock M., of the 14th day of June, 1869:

MAHLON H. DICKINSON,
5 13 3t Chief Commissioner of Highways.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

ORPHANS' COURT PEREMPTORY SALE, on the premises. Estate of George G. Leiper, deceased. Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers. Very valuable real estate, Leiperville, Delaware county, Pa. By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Delaware county, will be sold at pbolic sale, without reserve, on Thursday, June 3, 1869, at 1 o'clock, on the premises, the following described property, late of George G. Leiper, deceased, viz.:—

No. 1—Valuable Stone Quarry. All that certain quarry property known as Leiper's upper and lower quarries, containing 23 acres, 1 rood, 25 perches. These celebrated quarries are in perfect working order, containing an almost unlimited amount of stone of the best quality, and with the railroad to the landing, at tide water, the stone may be shipped to market at small expense. The stone furnished from these quarries has been known for half a century as the standard building and curb-stone in Philadelphia.

No. 2—Mansion. All that certain tract of land, 31 acres, 37 perches, on which is erected the mansion house; also, a frame tenant house, stone barn, carriage sheds.

No. 3—Cotton Mill and Tenant Houses. A cotton mill, tenant-houses, and a tract of land, 16 acres, 1 rood, 29 perches. The improvements are a stone factory building, three stories high, 47 by 55 feet, with water power on Crum creek of about 10 feet head and fall. Also, 14 frame and stone tenant-houses near said mill.

No. 4—Stone and Frame Cotton Factory. A stone and frame cotton factory building and tract of land, in the village of Leiperville. These properties are all situate on good public roads, and within convenient distances of stations on the Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore Railroad, and on the West Chester and Philadelphia Railroad, and within 1½ miles of Chester and 13 miles of Philadelphia.

The conditions of sale will be ten per cent. cash at the time of sale, and the balance of the purchase money in equal instalments, in 30, 60, and 90 days, and the conditions will be fully made known at the time of sale.

JOHN B. THOMAS, } Executors.
J. EDWARD FARNUM, }
M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 3 15 22 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

MASTER'S SALE.—THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers.—In the Court of Common Pleas, for the City and County of Philadelphia, Josiah Woodward vs. Sarah Ann Martin, et al., of June Term, 1868, No. 44, Partition in Equity. Very valuable business stand, five-story building northeast corner of Third and Chesnut streets. In pursuance of an order and decree made by the said Court in the above cause, on the 24th day of April, A. D. 1869, will be sold at public sale, on Tuesday, May 25, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that lot of ground, with the five-story rough-cast building thereon erected, situate on the northeast corner of Third and Chesnut streets, in the City of Philadelphia; containing in front on Chesnut street 26 feet 3 inches, more or less, and extending in depth northward of that width, along the said Third street, on the west line thereof, 67 feet 1 inch, more or less, and on the east line thereof 67 feet 1½ inches, more or less, to a 3-feet 6 inches wide alley. (Being the same premises which William A. Martin, by indenture dated June 8, A. D. 1859, recorded in Deed Book G. W. R., No. 33, page 78, etc., granted and conveyed unto Robert C. Martin, now deceased, in fee.) Subject to a ground-rent of $260 per year. Terms:—The widow's dower, one-third of the purchase money, must remain on the property. Information in reference to the sale of the said property may be had of the Master, at his office, No. 728 Walnut street.

By the Court, J. Granville Leach, Master.
M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 3 15 22 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

PUBLIC SALE.—THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers.—Very elegant Country Seat and Mansion, 8 acres, Oak lane, Cheltenham township, Montgomery county, Pa., 7½ miles from Philadelphia, 1½ miles from Oak Lane Station, on the N. P. R. R., and near Second street turnpike. On Tuesday, May 25, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold, at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that very elegant country seat of 8 acres of land, situate on Oak lane, opposite the Jenkintown road, Cheltenham township, Montgomery county, Pa. (just beyond the city line), 1½ miles from Oak Lane Station, on the North Pennsylvania Railroad, ½ a mile of Second street turnpike, 1½ miles of the Old York road; excellent road to either; beautiful and healthy location, the elevation, splendid view, surroundings are unexceptionable, very convenient to churches, post office, school, store, etc. The improvements consist of a pointed stone mansion, with fine porticoes, built and finished throughout in the most substantial and very best manner; handsomely papered, and in most excellent repair; ceilings 12 feet high; good cellar, cemented floor, with every convenience; hall 10 feet wide, with splendid staircase; has 18 rooms—parlor, sitting, dining, and breakfast-rooms, and kitchen on the first floor; 5 chambers, library, store-room, bath-room, and water-closet on the second floor; servants' rooms and large, elegantly decorated billiard-room on the third floor, with numerous closet rooms. The range and heating arrangements are most complete, and of the very best character. The water is of a quality that cannot be excelled, and a never-failing supply of the same; the arrangement for getting it to the house is most complete; there is a hydrant in the cellar; hot and cold water on the first and second floors; the drainage is all underground; there is an out wash-house, with a good range; ice-house, well filled with ice of an excellent quality, and 2 fine water-closets; all surrounded with a good brick pavement; also, a handsomely finished cottage style and substantially built pointed stone stable and carriage-house, with accommodation for 5 horses and 4 carriages; hydrant drainage; platform over the manure pit for washing carriages; also, an extra stable for cows, double pig pen, hotbeds, etc. There is a handsome lawn, laid out with beautiful evergreens, trees and shrubbery of the choicest kind; Norway spruce hedge along the road, and a good stone wall; vegetable garden with excellent soil; abundance of strawberries, raspberries, blackberries, gooseberries, currants, and grapes of the choicest varieties; 50 dwarf and standard pear and apple trees, all of which come into bearing this year; pasture fields, and 1 acre of ploughed ground; all the ground is in the very best order. It adjoins the handsome country seats of B. Rowland, Thomas Rowland, E. Walz, John Cook, and Robert Haines, Esqs. See photographic view at the Auction Rooms. Immediate possession. Will be shown by the owner and occupant.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 8 s2t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

PUBLIC SALE.—THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers.—Very desirable Country Place, 4 acres, Baltimore turnpike, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, about 2 miles north of Chester, and 10 miles from Philadelphia. On Tuesday, May 18, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that very desirable country place, of about 4 acres of ground, situate on the easterly side of the Baltimore turnpike, about 2 miles north of Chester, Pa., directly opposite the very handsome country seat and farm of Mr. —— Maddock. The improvements are a genteel three-story frame dwelling; has parlor, sitting-room, dining-room, and pantries on the first floor, and 6 chambers and observatory above; large porch in front, bath-room, hot and cold water, cooking-range, pump, hydraulic ram, which supplies the house with spring water, etc.; also, a frame stable and coach-house; garden planted with fruit and shade trees, shrubbery, etc. Immediate possession. Keys opposite. Terms—$2100 may remain on mortgage. About 10 minutes' walk from the Crumb Creek Station on the Philadelphia and Baltimore Railroad.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 8 s2t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

PEREMPTORY SALE.—TO CLOSE A PARTnership account.—Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers.—On Tuesday, May 18, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, without reserve, at the Philadelphia Exchange, the following described property, viz.:—

No. 1.—5 three-story brick dwellings, Nos. 1720, 1722, 1724, 1726, and 1730 Leib street, between Front street and Frankford road and south of Harrison street. All those 5 three-story brick messuages and the lot of ground thereunto belonging, situate on Leib street, Nos. 1720, 1722, 1724, 1726, and 1730; each containing in front about 13 feet, and in depth about 60 feet. They have bath, hot and cold water, summer kitchen, with range, etc. Clear of all incumbrance. Sale absolute.

No. 2.—Ground rent, $60 a year. All that ground rent of $60 a year, issuing out of a lot of ground and the dwelling thereon erected, No. 1728 Leib street; 13 feet front, and in depth about 60 feet. Sale absolute.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 8 s2t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—On Tuesday, May 18, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, the following described property, viz.:—

No. 1.—Three-story brick dwelling, No. 219 Juniper street, north of Race street. All that three-story brick messuage, with two-story kitchen and lot of ground, situate on the easterly side of Juniper street, 146 feet 6 inches north of Race street, No. 219; containing in front on Juniper street 17 feet 3 inches, and extending in depth 56 feet, more or less. It contains 8 rooms, bath, gas, etc. Terms, cash. Keys at No. 228 North Juniper street.

No. 2—Desirable lot, Ridge avenue, northwesterly of Vineyard street, between Seventeenth and Eighteenth streets. All that lot of ground, situate on the southwesterly side of Ridge avenue, 20 feet 1¼ inches northwesterly of Vineyard street, Twentieth ward, 20 feet 1¼ inches front, and in depth on one line 79 feet 11 5-8 inches to a 3 feet wide alley, and on the other line 77 feet 11¼ inches to said alley, where the front is 20 feet. Terms, $2000 may remain for —— years.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 8 s2t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Handsome modern four-story Brick Residence, with side yard, No. 1518 N. Tenth street, above Jefferson street, 28 feet front. On Tuesday, May 25, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that handsome modern four-story brick messuage (Mansard roof), with three-story back building and lot of ground, situate on the west side of Tenth street, north of Jefferson street, No. 1518; the lot containing in front on Tenth street 28 feet, and extending in depth 70 feet. The house is new, about 20 feet front, well built and handsomely finished; has all the modern conveniences; marble base and vestibule, marble balcony in front of parlor windows; parlor, dining-room, and kitchen on the first floor; commodious chambers, permanent washstand, bell-calls, gas, bath, hot and cold water, water-closet, furnace, cooking range, etc. Immediate possession. Keys at the auction rooms. Terms—$5500 may remain on mortgage.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 8 s2t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Three-story Brick Dwelling, No. 20 Otter street, west of Frankford road, Sixteenth ward, with a two-story frame shop in rear. On Tuesday, May 18, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that three-story brick messuage, with two-story back buildings and lot of ground, situate on the southerly side of Otter street, 172 feet west of the Frankford road, No. 20; thence extending southwardly 54 feet 9½ inches; thence southward 54 feet 9½ inches to Eagle street; thence west along Eagle street 28 feet 3½ inches; thence northward 104 feet 3½ inches to Otter street; thence eastwardly along Otter street 28 feet 9½ inches to the place of beginning. It has gas, bath, hot and cold water, range, etc. Also, a two-story frame carpenter shop. Subject to a yearly ground rent of $60. Immediate possession. Keys at No. 1116 N. Front street.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 8 s2t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Modern three-story brick dwelling, No. 421 South Thirteenth street, between Pine and Lombard streets. On Tuesday, May 18, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that modern three-story brick messuage, with two-story back building and lot of ground, situate on the east side of Thirteenth street, between Pine and Lombard streets, No. 421; containing in front on Thirteenth street 15 feet 6½ inches, and extending in depth on one line 58 feet 3 inches, and the other line 57 feet 9 inches—together with the privilege of an outlet into Stockton street. It has two parlors and kitchen on the first floor, and cellar kitchen; two chambers, dining-room and bath on the second floor, and two chambers and attics above; flat on back building for drying clothes; gas, bath, hot and cold water, dumb waiter, range, etc. Keys next door. Clear of all incumbrance. Terms, half cash. Immediate possession.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 8 s2t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Valuable Business Stand, 2½-story Frame Store, No. 510 South street, west of Fifth street. On Tuesday, May 25, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that valuable 2½-story frame store and lot of ground, situate on the south side of South street, west of Fifth street, No. 510; containing in front on South street 20 feet, and extending in depth 10 feet. Terms cash. Clear of all incumbrance.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 11 15-22 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

PEREMPTORY SALE.—THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers.—Very elegant and superior five-story stone Mansion, with Stables and Coachhouses, No. 1512 Walnut street, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets, 46 feet front, 150 feet deep to Chancellor street, 23 feet in the rear, two fronts. On Tuesday, May 18, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, without reserve, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that very elegant and superior five-story granite stone front messuage and lot of ground, situate on the south side of Walnut street, west of Sixteenth street, No. 1512, containing in front on Walnut street 46 feet, and extending in depth 150 feet to Chancellor street, on which it has a front of 63 feet, with the privilege of a three-feet alley. The Mansion is five stories high, well and substantially built, and has all the modern conveniences. First floor has reception room, dining room, with dumb waiter, pantry, library, billiard room; second floor, two very elegant chambers and recess room, two handsome parlors, bath and water closet; third floor, four large chambers, two baths; fourth floor, three large chambers and banqueting room (with skylight); and five chambers with linen room on the fifth floor; large kitchen, two wine cellars, vault under front pavement, laundry, with stationary wash tubs, with hot and cold water, meat vault, two steam furnaces, cooking range, bell-calls, marble mantels, gas throughout, wash-pave, flag pavement; balcony (second story) front and back, high ceilings, numerous closets, etc. Also, two two-story Stables and Coach Houses in the rear, fronting on Chancellor street. Court yard paved with granite. Large cistern in the yard. It is one of the most valuable residences on Walnut street, and situated in a desirable neighborhood. Terms—$50,000 may remain on morigage for five years, if desired. May be examined on application to the auctioneers.

ELEGANT FURNITURE, HORSES, CARRIAGES, ETC.—Also, on Friday, May 28, 1869, will be sold at public sale, without reserve, on the premises, the entire elegant furniture, including ebony and gilt parlor furniture, silk terry coverings, very elegant walnut and rosewood chamber suits, handsome Wilton, velvet, Brussels, and other carpets, china and glassware, etc. Full particulars in catalogues.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 3 12 14 15 17 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH St.

PEREMPTORY SALE.—THOMAS & SONS Auctioneers. — Very Elegant Country Seat. Three-story Stone Mansion, Stable and Coach-house, Green-houses, etc., 23 acres, New Second street road, Montgomery county, Penna., near the City Line Station, on the North Pennsylvania Railroad. Residence of William G. Moorhead, Esq. On Tuesday, May 18, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that very elegant country seat, of about 23 acres, situate on the westerly side of the New Second street turnpike, about 6 minutes' walk of City Line Station, on the North Pennsylvania Railroad. The improvements are a very elegant three-story stone mansion, with tower, well built and finished in a superior manner; walls frescoed, etc.; 5 open grates on first floor; well adapted for winter as well as summer residence; contains 6 rooms on each floor; library, picture gallery, etc.; has piazza on three sides, and the modern conveniences; commodious chambers, bath, hot and cold water, water-closet, furnace, cooking range, etc.; also, a handsome stone lodge or gardener's house, stable and carriage-house, green-house, ice-house, etc. The mansion is built in a beautiful grove of old forest and ornamental trees. Terms—Half cash. Immediate possession. Sale absolute. May be examined any day previous to sale. The above is the residence of William G. Moorhead, Esq., who sells on account of going abroad for a term of years.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 12 14 15 17 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

EXECUTORS' SALE.—ESTATE OF Edwin A. Stevens, Esq., deceased.—Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers.—233 very desirable Lots, Camden, New Jersey, fronting on Second, Third, Fourth, West, Hamilton, Washington, Benson, Stevens, Mickie streets, and Bridge avenue. On Tuesday, May 18, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all those 233 desirable building lots in the city of Camden, New Jersey, situate between Bridge avenue, Hamilton, Second and West streets, late the property of Edwin A. Stevens, Esq., deceased. The lots on Benson street and north side of Washington street, between Third and West streets, will be sold subject to the restriction that purchasers shall not erect other than dwelling houses of the class of those erected within said limits, and such as would be objectionable in a good neighborhood. Terms—10 per cent. cash at the time of sale; 20 per cent. when title is made, say within twenty days, and balance secured on premises by bond and mortgage in four years or less, at the option of purchaser. Interest 7 per cent. per annum. For full particulars see plan, which may be had at the auction rooms.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 11 12 15 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Modern Stone Residence, with Stable and Coach-house, Johnson street, southwest of Green street, Germantown, 151 feet front, 300 feet deep, to Norton street. On Tuesday, June 1, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that modern three-story stone rough-cast messuage, with two-story back building and large lot of ground, situate on the northwest side of Johnson street, 343 72-100 feet southwest of Green street, Germantown, Twenty-second ward; the lot containing in front on Johnson street 151 19-100 feet, and extending in depth 300 feet to Norton street—2 fronts. The house is well and substantially built; has piazza front and back; has parlor, dining-room, 2 kitchens, 9 chambers, and bath-room; gas, hot and cold water, water-closet, furnace, range, etc.; cellars paved with brick, and has a vault enclosed. The lot is handsomely laid out; has vegetable garden, etc. Stable and coach-house, green-house, etc. Clear of all incumbrance. Terms—$4000 may remain on mortgage. Immediate possession.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 11 15 22 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FRONT Street.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Three-story Brick Dwelling, No. 1305 North Seventh street, above Thompson street. On Tuesday, May 25, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that three-story brick messuage, with double three-story back buildings situate on the east side of Seventh street, 31 feet 8 inches north of Thompson street, No. 1305; containing in front on Seventh street 15 feet 8 inches, and extending in depth eastward 72 feet 10 inches to a 3 feet-wide alley. The house has the modern conveniences; gas, bath, hot and cold water, heater, range, etc. Terms—Half cash. Immediate possession. Subject to a yearly ground rent of $60. Keys at the drug store N. W. corner of Seventh and Thompson streets.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 11 15 22 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Three-story Brick Dwelling, No. 417 Vine street. On Tuesday, May 25, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that three-story brick messuage and lot of ground, situate on the north side of Vine street, 17 feet east of Crown street, No. 417; containing in front 17 feet, and extending in depth northward between lines parallel with Crown street 75 feet 2 inches to a 3 feet wide alley, leading from Crown street eastwardly to a 4 feet wide alley, which leads thence northwardly into Wood street. Clear of all incumbrance. Terms, $2000 may remain on mortgage. Keys may be had of James Buck, S. W. corner of Crown and Vine streets.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 11 15 22 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Two-story frame dwelling, stable, and 2¼ acres, Harrowgate lane, below Nicetown lane. On Tuesday, June 1, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that lot of ground, containing 2 acres and 114 perches, with the messuages thereon erected, situate on a new road, lately opened near Harrowgate, leading from the Frankford road to the Germantown road, Twenty-third ward, known as Harrowgate lane. The improvements are a two-story frame house, containing 9 rooms; frame stable. Terms—Half cash. Immediate possession.

The property of James S. Jenkins. Keys next door.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 11 15 22 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—1100 Acres of Land in Clinton County, Pennsylvania. On Tuesday, May 25, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that certain tract of land, situate in the Township of Grove, and County of Clinton, and surveyed in pursuance of a warrant granted to William Power, for 1100 acres, etc., No. 5060. Bounded as follows, viz.:—Beginning at a chesnut, corner of Robert Morris' land, No. 1174; thence north 320 perches to a post; thence by No. 5059, west 580 perches to a post; thence by Samuel Wallis' land, No. 4174, south 320 perches, to a line of Casper Wister, Jr., No. 5719; thence along the same east 580 perches to the place of beginning, containing 1100 acres and allowances.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 3 15 22 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS' SALE.—Neat Modern Three-story Brick Dwelling, No. 523 Wharton street, east of Sixth street, with a three-story brick building in the rear on Mellwain street, No. 523. On Tuesday, May 18, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that lot of ground, with the three-story brick messuage and three-story back buildings thereon erected, situate on the north side of Wharton street, No. 523, containing in front on Wharton street 16 feet 8 inches, and extending in depth northward of that width 109 feet to Mellwain street. The house has the modern improvements; gas, bath, hot and cold water, cooking range, etc. Also, a three-story brick building, No. 628 Mellwain street, in the rear of the above, used as a box manufactory. Subject to a yearly ground rent of $45.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 3 6 15 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

TO CAPITALISTS, BUILDERS, AND OTHERS.—Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers.—Very valuable business location; large and desirable lot, church, and residence, Eighth street, above Race street, 100 feet front. On Tuesday, May 18, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that large and very valuable lot of ground, with the improvements thereon erected, situate on the east side of Eighth street, north of Race street; containing in front on Eighth street 100 feet, and extending in depth 87 feet. The improvements are a substantially built three-story brick residence, 18 feet front, and at a small expense could be altered into a store; also, a large and well-built church, which could also be altered into stores, and valuable for a bank or any business requiring space. It is located on one of the most improving squares on Eighth street, and adjoining a lot on which they are now building handsome stores. Will be sold according to a survey, which may be seen at the auction rooms. Subject to two yearly ground rents on the parsonage, one of $92.50, lawful silver money, for 999 years, from Oct. 1, 1846, and the other for $51.90, and on the church property a ground rent of $500 a year for 999 years from April 28, 1841, and on a strip of ground 4 feet wide by 110 feet deep adjoining the church on the north a mortgage for $1500, April 28, 1868. Together $732 a year.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 1 s3t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

EXECUTORS' PEREMPTORY SALE.—Estate of Joshua Longstreth, deceased.—Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers.—Very Valuable Business Stands. Three three-story Brick Stores, Nos. 219, 221, and 223 Church street, east of Third street. On Tuesday, May 25, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, without reserve, at the Philadelphia Exchange, the following described property, viz.:—

No. 1.—All that valuable three-story brick store and lot of ground, situate on the north side of Church street, east of Third street, No. 219, containing in front 15 feet 2 inches, and extending in depth 58 feet 4 inches.

No. 2.—All that valuable three-story brick store and lot of ground, adjoining the above, being No. 221, containing in front 15 feet 1¾ inches, and in depth 58 feet 4 inches.

No. 3.—All that valuable three-story brick store and lot of ground, adjoining the above, being No. 223, containing in front 15 feet 7½ inches, and extending in depth 26 feet one-half inch, then narrowing 5 feet 4½ inches, and extending still further in depth 14 feet, the entire depth being 40 feet.

Terms, half cash. Sale absolute. By order of

GEO. D. PARRISH, }
WILLIAM HUNT, } Executors.
STEPHEN S. PRICE, }
M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 1 s4t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

EXECUTORS' PEREMPTORY SALE.—Estate of Joshua Longstreth, deceased.—Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers.—Very valuable business location. Two Three-story Brick Stores, Nos. 232 and 234 S. Second street, with Seven Three-story Brick Dwellings in the rear forming a court, fronting on Levant street, 31½ feet front, 280 feet deep, two fronts. On Tuesday, May 25, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, without reserve, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all those buildings and the lot of ground thereunto belonging, situate on the west side of Second street, south of Dock street; the lot containing in front on Second street 31 feet 7 inches, and extending in depth 280 feet to Levant street. The improvements are a large and substantially built three-story brick building, occupied as two stores, fronts on Second street, Nos. 232 and 234, with seven three-story brick dwellings in the rear, called Southampton court, running from No. 215 Levant street, on which it is 32 feet front. Terms, half cash. Sale absolute.

By order of GEORGE D. PARRISH, }
WILLIAM HUNT, } Executors.
STEPHEN S. PRICE, }
M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 1 s4t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

EXECUTORS' PEREMPTORY SALE.—Estate of Joshua Longstreth, deceased.—Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers.—Very valuable Business Location. Two three-story Brick Residences, Nos. 513 and 515 Arch street, extending through to Cherry street, 47 feet front, 288 feet deep, two fronts. On Tuesday, May 25, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, without reserve, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all those two three-story brick messuages and lot of ground, situate on the north side of Arch street, west of Fifth street; the lot containing in front on Arch street 47 feet 1 inch, and extending in depth 288 feet to Cherry street, on which is erected a stable and coach-house. The houses are large, well and substantially built, and could be easily altered into stores. Subject to an irredeemable yearly ground rent of $600. The above is situated in an improving business neighborhood. Terms—Half cash. Sale absolute. By order of

GEORGE D. PARRISH, }
WILLIAM HUNT, } Executors.
STEPHEN S. PRICE, }
M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 1 s4t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

PUBLIC SALE.—THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers.—Very Desirable Country Residence, West Walnut lane, west of Green street, Germantown, 140 feet front, 334 feet deep to a street. On Tuesday, June 1, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that very desirable two-and-a-half-story stone mansion, with two-story back building and lot of ground, situate on the northerly side of West Walnut lane, about 150 feet west from Green street, Germantown; the lot containing in front on West Walnut lane 140 feet, and extending in depth 334 feet to a street. The house contains 15 rooms; has wide hall, parlor, dining-room, library, kitchen, and summer kitchen on the first floor; six rooms and bath on the second floor; and three good rooms in attic; large porch, vegetable garden, lawn planted with evergreen and other shade trees; also, a frame barn.

No. 2.—Large Lot. Also, a large lot, adjoining the above; 150 feet front, 334 feet deep to said street.

The situation is healthy and very desirable.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 8 15 29 Nos. 139 and 141 South FOURTH St.

EXECUTORS' PEREMPTORY SALE.—Estate of Joshua Longstreth, deceased.—Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers.—Large and very Valuable Lot, 11 acres, known as "Barclay Hall," Turner's lane, Twenty-first ward, intersected by Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Berks, Norris, and Diamond streets. On Tuesday, May 25, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, without reserve, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that valuable country place, of between 10 and 11 acres, known as "Barclay Hall," situate on Turner's lane, and having fronts on six streets. The improvements are a large mansion house, tenant house, barn, and out-buildings. It adjoins and is surrounded by several very valuable properties; several rows of handsome residences are being built in the neighborhood. See plan. Terms—Half cash. Sale absolute.

By order of GEORGE D. PARRISH, }
WILLIAM HUNT, } Executors.
STEPHEN S. PRICE. }
M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 1 s4t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

EXECUTORS' PEREMPTORY SALE.—Estate of Joshua Longstreth, deceased.—Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers.—Large and Valuable Lot, Eighth street, Seventh street, Fitzwater street, Three Valuable Fronts, 394½ feet by 228½ feet. On Tuesday, May 25, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, without reserve, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that large and very valuable lot of ground, situate at the corner of Eighth, Seventh and Fitzwater streets; containing in front on Eighth street 228 feet 5 inches, on Fitzwater street, 394 feet 10 inches, on Seventh street 228 feet 5 inches. A plan, showing how it could be divided into smaller building lots, may be seen at the Auction Rooms. Terms—Half cash. Sale absolute. By order of

WM. HUNT, }
STEPHEN S. PRICE, } Executors.
M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
1 s4t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

EXECUTORS' PEREMPTORY SALE.—Estate of Joshua Longstreth, deceased. Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers.—Handsome Modern Three-story Stone Residence, with Stable and Coach-house, Forty-first street, above Hutton street, West Philadelphia; lot 120 by 166 feet to a 25-feet street. On Tuesday, May 18, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, without reserve, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that large and commodious three-story stone plastered residence and lot of ground, situate on the west side of Forty-first street, first property above Hutton street; the lot containing in front on Forty-first street 120 feet, and extending in depth 166 feet to a 25-feet street, called Palm street. The house is 36 feet front, by about 75 feet deep, and is built in the most substantial manner throughout, with gas, bath, hot and cold water, etc.; has parlor, library, sitting-room, dining-room, and kitchen on the first floor; 5 chambers, bath-room, and store-room on the second floor; 4 chambers on the third floor. House is well shaded with Norway spruce and other trees; an abundance of choice fruit trees, large and small, in full bearing; also, stable and coach-house. May be examined at any time previous to sale. This desirable residence is in close proximity to the new Fairmount Park extension, and must enhance in value. Terms—$9250 can remain on mortgage. Sale absolute. Immediate possession.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
5 8 s2t Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

PUBLIC SALE.—THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers.—Handsome Modern Residence, No. 5236 Main street, Germantown, 41 feet front. On Tuesday, May 18, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that handsome modern two-and-a-half-story messuage and lot of ground, situate on the southwest side of Main street, Twenty-second ward, at a point in the southwest side of said Germantown avenue, at the distance of 469 feet 1 6-8 inches from the southeast side of Johnson street (formerly Johnson lane); containing in front 41 feet, with an average width of 44 feet, and in depth about 300 feet

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

THE MORTALITY OF THE CITY.—The number of deaths in the city for the week ending at noon to-day was 267, being an increase of 35 over the corresponding period of last year. Of these, 124 were adults; 143 minors; 194 were born in the United States; 59 were foreign; 14 were unknown; 20 were people, of color; and 8 from the country. Of the number, 2 died of congestion of the brain; 19 of inflammation of the lungs; 5 of marasmus; 6 of old age; 9 of typhoid fever.

The deaths were divided as follows among the different wards:—

Wards.		Wards.	
First	10	Fifteenth	8
Second	10	Sixteenth	8
Third	3	Seventeenth	11
Fourth	17	Eighteenth	9
Fifth	11	Nineteenth	26
Sixth	5	Twentieth	25
Seventh	14	Twenty-first	4
Eighth	8	Twenty-second	6
Ninth	11	Twenty-third	8
Tenth	6	Twenty-fourth	3
Eleventh	6	Twenth-fifth	0
Twelfth	3	Twenth-sixth	11
Thirteenth	6	Twenty-seventh	15
Fourteenth	9	Twenty-eighth	28

DEATH OF WILLIAM TAYLOR.—At a meeting of the Commercial Exchange Association held this morning, the following preamble and resolutions, offered by Mr. S. N. Winslow, were unanimously adopted:—

Whereas, Our Almighty Father, the Giver of all good, has seen fit, in His providence, to remove from our midst our late member, William Taylor, therefore

Resolved, That while we recognize in this sad bereavement the hand of Him who doeth all things wisely, we cannot refrain from some expression of sorrow for the loss of one who has been so long and so actively engaged in the business enterprises of our city.

Resolved, That a committee of five members be appointed to condole, in behalf of this body, with his afflicted family, and that we will attend his funeral in a body.

The following committee was appointed:—John H. Mitchener, William Brice, B. B. Craycroft, John D. Bower, and W. Duke Murphy.

A NEW AND HANDSOME IMPROVEMENT.—Philadelphia is becoming noted for the handsome business places which are being continually erected along its various thoroughfares. During the past week John Burns, well known in business circles as an enterprising man, opened his fine and commodious stores at Nos. 245 and 247 South Eleventh street, above Spruce, where gentlemanly and lady-like assistants may be found at all times. All sorts and styles of dry goods are kept on hand, and the figures are always down to the lowest notch. A great variety of auction goods are also for sale.

POLICE MATTERS.—Mayor Fox this morning announced the following appointments:—

Fourteenth district, P. Finn.
Delaware Harbor, John G. Smith, Lieutenant, vice Benjamin Edgar.
Fifth district, Francis M. Brewin.
Sixth district, John King.
Schuylkill Harbor, John Mayhew.
John S. Cameron, Sergeant of the Thirteenth district, sent in his resignation this morning.

THE SEIZURE.—A few days since a small lot of kid gloves were seized at the store of E. R. Lee, on Eighth street, by the revenue officials, upon the ground that the extremely cheap price at which they were selling justified the supposition that they had been smuggled. Mr. Lee, however, at once cleared himself of all suspicion by giving the names of the parties in New York of whom the goods had been purchased. The result of the seizure is that the goods have been withdrawn from sale for a short time.

ELEGANT RESIDENCES, WALNUT, CHESNUT, SPRUCE, ARCH, AND OTHER STREETS, CITY AND COUNTY RESIDENCES, FARMS, LARGE AND VALUABLE LOTS, BUSINESS LOCATIONS, STORES, ETC.—Thomas & Sons' forthcoming sales will comprise a number of very elegant residences, lots, etc. See Thomas & Sons' advertisements on pages 5 and 7. Catalogues issued to-day.

ROBBERIES.—Some time during Friday night robbers broke into the residence of John Vicker, on Penn street, and stole a black coat, a pair of pants, a vest, and an English lever watch and chair, to which was attached a Masonic mark.

The house of Cherrie Borse, on Leiper street, was entered on Friday night and robbed of a pair of pantaloons and a bunch of keys.

A HEAVY ROBBERY.—Patrick Mallady yesterday went into a tavern at Amber and York streets, where a gentleman dropped a pocket-book containing $400. Patrick picked up the article and started off with it. After abstracting the money he threw the book down a cesspool. Alderman Heins held him in $1000 bail for trial.

A WOMAN BEATEN.—Mrs. Pedrick resides at Eighth and Passyunk road. Last evening John Reilly entered the house and assaulted Mrs. Pedrick. On a young lady neighbor remonstrating he also beat her. A policeman arrested him, and after a hearing before Alderman Bonsall he was sent below.

SLIGHT FIRE.—At 1 o'clock this morning a slight fire occurred at Curran & Garrigue's grocery store, at Eighteenth and Ingersoll streets.

MAD DOG SHOT.—A mad dog was shot yesterday on the main street in Bridesburg, by a policeman.

WEDDING INVITATIONS, ENGRAVED IN the newest and best manner.
LOUIS DREKA, Stationer and Engraver,
3 4 No. 1033 Chesnut Street.

CROQUET HEADQUARTERS

Twelve varieties from $5·00 per set up, made of
BOXWOOD, ROSEWOOD,
LIGNUMVITÆ, COCOA,
APPLE and ROCK MAPLE,
Painted in China colors, which we guarantee will wear as long as the wood itself.

R. HOSKINS & CO.,
Stationers and Steam Power Printers,
No. 913 ARCH Street,
mws3m PHILADELPHIA

CROQUET CROQUET! CROQUET!
THE BEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE CITY.
Croquet from $5·00 upwards, made of the hardest and best wood, Boxwood, Lignumvitæ, Apple, etc.
JOHN LINERD,
3 17 wsm§ No. 921 SPRING GARDEN Street.

PERSONAL.

A LADY, WHO HAS HAD CONSIDERABLE experience in teaching Vocal Music, the Piano, and Cabinet Organ, desires to take charge of the young ladies in one or more of the private schools of Philadelphia. Her references from Professors of Music will be satisfactory. Address "Music Teacher," Office of the Evening Telegraph, stating where an interview can be had, and when. 5 15 3t

BOARDING WANTED, IN A SMALL private family by a gentleman, wife, and two daughters. None but the most respectable, not boarding house keepers, need reply. Address A. M. L., "Evening Telegraph" office, stating terms per month (which must not be unreasonable), with references. 5 12 6t

715 CHESNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA.

MEDICAL.

GUILFORD SPRING WATER
NATURE'S GREAT REMEDY FOR
DYSPEPSIA, KIDNEY COMPLAINTS,
RHEUMATISM, and NEURALGIA.
This is the oldest and most powerful Medicinal Spring in Vermont, and has been endorsed and prescribed by the Medical Faculty since 1817.
In diseases requiring an alterative, its action is speedy and permanent.
A descriptive pamphlet of the Spring, its cures, and the analysis of the water, can be procured gratis of the
WHOLESALE AGENTS,
JOHN WYETH & BRO.,
No. 1412 WALNUT Street.
Also for sale by CHAS. ELLIS, SON & CO., No. 1000 MARKET Street.
W. WALTER MULLEN, Chesnut Hill.
FREDERICK BROWN, FIFTH and CHESNUT Sts.
JAMES T. SHINN, BROAD and SPRUCE Streets.
O. S. HUBBELL, No. 1410 CHESNUT Street.
PECK & CO., No. 1228 CHESNUT Street.
A. B. TAALOR, No. 1015 CHESNUT St. 4 21 ws3mrp

THIRD EDITION

WASHINGTON.

Lutheran Clergymen Call Upon President Grant—Their Address and His Response —General Shaking of Hands.

From the Interior of the State.

Foreign Diplomats Entertained by Pennsylvanians.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

Visit of Clergymen to the White House.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—About two hundred Lutheran ministers paid their respects to President Grant this morning. They were received in the east room.

Address to President Grant.

The President on entering was greeted with applause, when Rev. Dr. Pohlman of New York addressed him as follows:—It is not unusual for ecclesiastical bodies holding their sessions at the capital of the nation to desire to pay their respects to the honored Chief Magistrate; but the custom of boring him with long speeches is, in my opinion, "more honored in the breach than in the observance."

I shall therefore content myself with merely introducing these members of the General Synod, and then follow the example of the illustrious chief who said, "Let us have peace," and so I shall say, "Let us have peace." You see before you the representatives of the General Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in the United States. They are the representatives of twenty-two synods, and from various parts of the Union. They are not, however, representatives of the whole body of Lutherans in the country.

There are large bodies of Southerners in the South yet unreconstructed; others in the far West not Americanized; and there are some in the Middle States who, unfortunately, are not with us to-day, but all are true and loyal men. I trust the day will come when the entire Lutheran Church will be in the unity of the spirit and the bonds of peace. I wish, sir, I could relieve you from the labor of shaking hands and do it by proxy. If you would give me a hearty shake of the hand, and I then shake hands with all my brethren here, perhaps they would be satisfied.

To this there was a general response, "No! no! We want to shake hands with him."

The President's Response.

The President then said to Dr. Pohlman, General Eakin, and Rev. Dr. Butler that he would shake hands with them individually. The ministers then separately approached the President, and were introduced and shaken by the hand. The President, when the ceremony was over, entered into conversation for a few minutes with the few that remained.

FROM MAUCH CHUNK.

The British and Austrian Ministers Entertained by Prominent Pennsylvanians.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

MAUCH CHUNK, May 15.—The British and Austrian Ministers and their attaches dined here to-day. Hon. Simon Cameron, Judge Packer, and other distinguished citizens of the State were present.

At 3 o'clock the distinguished party, accompanied by Mendes Cohen, Controller of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company; Charles Brodhead, President of the Lehigh and Lackawanna Railroad Company; William L. Conyngham, of Wilkesbarre; David Thomas, of Catasauqua, and other prominent representatives of the wealth and progress of the Lehigh valley, left in a special train for Catasaugna and Bethlehem, and, after a pleasant trip, returned to this place in the evening.

The party left this morning for the Wyoming and Lackawanna valleys. The foreign Ministers are the guests of the Lehigh Valley and Lehigh and Lackawanna Railroad Companies. They express themselves highly pleased with their visit.

FROM ALLENTOWN.

Fatal Accident on the Catasauqua Railroad.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., May 15.—A sad accident occurred at Chapman's Station, on the Catasauqua and Fogelsville Railroad, yesterday afternoon, which resulted in the death of William Chapman. It appears the unfortunate man, while engaged in coupling some cars, was caught between them and crushed in such a horrible manner that he died in a few moments.

FROM NEW YORK.

A Murderer Respited—A Hoax—Testimonial to John Brougham.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

NEW YORK, May 15.—A Richmond telegram says John J. Phillips, who was to have been executed there yesterday for murder, has been respited by the Governor until July 16.

The report of yesterday announcing another accident upon the Long Island Railroad was a hoax.

The grand complimentary benefit tendered to John Brougham by many of the prominent citizens of New York previous to his departure for California has been fixed for Wednesday next. There are to be two performances, one in the afternoon at Niblo's Garden, and the other in the evening at the French Theatre. The plays selected are *School for Scandal* and *London Assurance*. All the leading artists in New York will assist, and a grand time generally is anticipated.

FROM BALTIMORE.

Railroad Projects—The City to Be Tunnelled—Post Office Appointments.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

BALTIMORE, May 15.—Bernard Carter, Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means in the first branch of City Council, has presented a report, unanimously signed, authorizing the City Register and Finance Commissioner to borrow one million dollars to complete the Western Maryland Railroad, by hypothecating the city's stock in the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. There is no doubt of this proposition finally passing, and the money being procured. We have a grand parade on Monday.

The bill authorizing the Baltimore and Potomac Road to tunnel the city, and connect with the Northern Central, now only awaits the Mayor's signature, which is certain to be given. This is alleged as a triumph of Simon Cameron and the Pennsylvania Road.

James F. Wagner, Edward Petherbridge, and James McPhail, all Baltimore Republicans, have been appointed special agents in the post office service.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, May 15.—Stocks steady. Gold, 139¼; Exchange, 109¼. 5-20s, 1862, 120¼; do. 1864, 115¾; do. 1865, 117; new, 118¼; do. 1867, 118¼; 10-40s, 108; Virginia 6s, 61¾; Missouri 6s, 80; Canton Co., 62½; Cumberland preferred, 31; New York Central, 182; Reading, 96½; Hudson River, 187¾; Michigan Central, 137; Michigan Southern, 106; Illinois Central, 146; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 93; Cleveland and Toledo, 105⅝; Chicago and Rock Island, 128⅝; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 155½.

NEW YORK, May 15.—Cotton steady; 800 bales sold at 28¾. Flour dull and declined 5@10 cents; sales of 4500 barrels; State, $5·65@6·80; Western, $5·65@8; Southern, $6·50@12. Wheat dull and declined 1 cent; sales of 1000 bushels; white Michigan, $1·88. Corn firmer and advanced 1@2 cents; stock scarce; sales of 28,000 bushels mixed Western, 82@90c.; yellow Western, 93c. Oats quiet; sales of 10,000 bushels at 80c. Beef quiet. Pork quiet; new mess, $31. Lard firm; steam, 18c. Whisky dull at 96c.

BALTIMORE, May 15.—Cotton steady at 28c. Flour dull and irregular. Wheat—receipts small and prices nominal. Corn firm; white, 88c.; yellow unchanged. Oats dull. Rye dull. Mess Pork quiet at $31·66@31·75. Bacon firm; rib sides, 16½c.; clear sides, 17½c.; shoulders, 14½c.; hams, 19@21c. Lard dull at 19c. Whisky firm but quil at 99c.

Stock Quotations by Telegraph—1 P. M.

Glendenning, Davis & Co. report through their New York house the following:—

N. Y. Cent. R.	181½	Cleve. & Toledo	105¾
N. Y. and Erie R.	31	Toledo & Wabash	75⅝
Ph. and Rea. R.	95⅞	Mil. & St. Paul R.	78⅛
Mich. S. and N. I. R.	106¼	Mil. & St. Paul pref.	87⅝
Cle. and Pitt. R.	92⅝	Adams Express	61⅝
Chi. and N. W. com.	91⅛	Wells, Fargo & Co.	53¾
Chi. and N. W. pref.	103¼	United States	66⅛
Chi. and R. I. R.	127⅛	Tennessee 6s, new	65½
Pitts. F. W. & Chi. R.	155¼	Gold	139¼
Pacific Mail Steam.	95⅜	Market steady.	
West. Union Tel.	44⅞		

The New York Money Market.

From the Herald.

"The activity of the London money market, which set in so sharply a week ago, has evidently abated very little, for the cable to-day brought lower prices for bonds and consols. By one of those remarkable coincidences which are so frequent, and for that reason are so suggestive of trickery, the closing London quotation last night, which was much lower than at the one o'clock board, was not received in the street until after business hours. Hence governments opened weak this morning, and much uncertainty existed as to the course of the market, which was much dissipated towards noon, however, when the figure 79 was received. 6's and 67's sympathetically advanced to the quotations 120¾ and 118½ respectively. The foreign quotation came 78¾ at the close of business in London, and later private despatches placed it as low as 78⅜; but the Government market maintained its strength and refused to yield. The larger firms and prominent operators are 'long' of bonds, and the market is not easily depressed. The abundance of money enables even weaker dealers to carry loads, and as the market has steadily repeated the example of the toad in the well, advancing after each decline further than it fell, there is very general confidence in the final success of the 'bull' side of transactions.

"Gold was more sensitive to these foreign influences, and advanced to 139¾ before the actual closing of the Gold Room. Underlying the strength of the premium is the necessity of making payment in gold or its equivalent for the heavy excess of our imports over exports. Exchange has slowly crept up on this account. Hence, as the present prices of bonds in the home market leave no margin for their shipment, which would afford the equivalent for gold in settling the balance of trade against us, the holders of gold are firmer in their demands. Gold went up, not for the immediate reason that bonds have gone down abroad, but because the necessity for shipping gold is more imminent. Were not the Government selling gold and disbursing interest in these days, the extravagant amount of our imports would be still more seriously felt. As to the decline in bonds abroad, it is to be regretted if it continue, but its course will hardly remain with a downward tendency. The contradictory reports of Secretary Boutwell's policy in buying bonds have not reassured foreign investors. What is definitely stated is that the purchases will be made for the sinking fund, and that the retired bonds will not be reissued. English and German capitalists will be more willing to extend their investments. There is so much speculative trickery in American financial matters, both public and private, that the foreign moneyed man is often at a loss to place reliance in our professions, national or individual.

"As might be expected, this advance has encouraged the 'bears' to put out new contracts, and the loan market shows some hardening in rates. Up to Clearing House time to-day from 6 to 8 per cent. was paid for carrying, with one transaction at 'flat.' In the afternoon loans were made at 6 to 7 per cent. for carrying.

"The disbursements of coin interest to-day were $477,637·22.

"Foreign exchange was firmer late in the day, and some of the 'good' banks were asking 109½ for sixty days sterling, prime bankers' bills of the same time ruling steady at 108¾. The importing merchants were buying more freely to-day, which fact and the decline in bonds abroad strengthened the market."

THERE is a bogus strike among the Pennsylvania coal-miners, deliberately gotten up by the mine-owners for the sake of an excuse to raise the price of coal. There is plenty of coal in market. The past winter was an open one, making the consumption of coal less than usual and keeping open the sources of fresh supply. The usual quantity will be mined this year, and, if anything, the market will be overstocked and competition will compel low prices. Therefore, do not be deceived by reports of the bogus strikes. Do not be in haste to buy next winter's supplies—coal will be both plenty and cheap. The Pennsylvania miners, not satisfied with picking the people's pockets by means of "protection," are trying now to swindle them by bogus strikes.—*N. Y. World this morning.*

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.
Reported by De Haven & Bro. No. 40 S. Third street.

AFTER BOARDS.

$4000 Leh gold 1..b5.	96	500 sh Read.	s15	wn.	48
$2000 C & A mt 68'89	92	200	do.	s10.	48
$1200 do	92	200	do.	s10	wn. 48
$3000 5-20s, '62, rg.	116	100	do.	rg&1.	48
$3000 do.	b6.rg. 115⅞	100	do	b30.	48
$1500 do.	Cp. 116⅜	100 sh Sham'n C.	b10.		5½
50 sh Penna R.	57	200	do.	b5.	5½
54 do	s. 57	100 sh Phil & E R.			30¼
200 sh Sham'n C.	b30. 5½				

CLOTHING.

Why do the Gentlemen go for Clothes to
ROCKHILL & WILSON?

BECAUSE Gentlemen know that they can get the best of everything there at the most reasonable prices.

BECAUSE it is a pleasure to go where you know that every garment is well made, and so durably put together that the seams will last as long as the fabric does.

BECAUSE Rockhill & Wilson use none but the best materials, and such as gentlemen enjoy wearing.

BECAUSE Rockhill & Wilson employ none but the best cutters, trimmers, sewers, and finishers.

BECAUSE Rockhill & Wilson have so long enjoyed the patronage of the best men in Philadelphia, that they can tell, at a glance, exactly what each man wants.

BECAUSE you can get a dollar's worth for your dollar at Rockhill & Wilson's better than at any other place in town.

Now is your time, gentlemen.
Embrace the present opportunity
To supply yourselves
Economically
With some of the best
SPRING CLOTHING
Ever offered to the public.

Great Brown Hall,
NOS. 603 AND 605 CHESNUT STREET,
ROCKHILL & WILSON.

HICKS'
TEMPLE OF FASHION,
SO CELEBRATED
FOR FINE
FASHIONABLE
CLOTHING,
No. 902 MARKET Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
ESTABLISHED AUGUST 1, 1840. 5 1 stuth1m4p

WESTON & BROTHER,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
S. W. Corner NINTH and ARCH Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA.
DAILY RECEIVING
SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES OF
THE LATEST IMPORTATIONS.
A Superior Garment at a reasonable price.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. 3 31 3mrp

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.
IN BANKRUPTCY.
The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of ABRAHAM B. BERTOLET, of the city of Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt by the District Court of said district upon his own petition.
To the creditors of the said bankrupt.
ALEXANDER P. COLESBERRY,
Assignee,
5 15 s3t* No. 307 CHESNUT Street.

TO RENT.

FOR RENT—COTTAGE, ROXBOROUGH (Cinnaminson Lane): six rooms, attics, summer kitchen, etc.; dry and pleasant shade, and choice spring water. $300 for season, furnished, or $300 for a year, unfurnished. Stabling, if desired. Apply to
S. T. AUGE,
1t* No. 413 MARKET Street.

HATS AND CAPS.

WARBURTON'S IMPROVED VENTILATED and easy-fitting Dress Hats (patented), in all the improved fashions of the season. CHESNUT Street, next door to the Post Office. 11 19 6p

FOURTH EDITION

DOMESTIC AFFAIRS.

Shipments of Fractional Currency —Explosion in New York— Departure of a Consul —Naval Orders.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Speech of the Emperor of Austria.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

Naval Orders.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Lieutenant-Commander Charles S. Cotton has been ordered to the Naval Academy on the 29th of September. Surgeon A. A. Hoehling has been ordered to the New Hampshire. First Assistant Engineer Frederick G. McKean has been ordered to duty in the Bureau of Steam Engineering. Surgeon James McMaster and Paymaster W. F. Torbert have been ordered to the Savannah. Lieutenant-Commander Charles E. Clarke has been detached from the Seminole and ordered to the Vermont. Lieutenant-Commander E. M. Stedman has been detached from the Galena and ordered to the Seminole. Assistant Surgeon F. K. Hartzell has been detached from the Naval Academy and ordered to the Savannah.

Another Revenue Decision.

Acting Commissioner of Internal Revenue Douglass decides that the proprietors of the Pullman sleeping cars, if furnishing meals, liquors, wines, and cigars to travellers or others, are liable for each car on which such commodities are sold to special tax, as keepers of eating-houses, under the provisions of the act of June 30, 1864, and are also liable as dealers in liquors, either wholesale or retail, as the case may be, as provided by section 59, act of July 20, 1868, and further liable as dealers in tobacco, provided their annual sales of tobacco, snuff, and cigars exceed $100, under the provisions of the last-named section and act.

Appointment.

J. R. Redington, late of the Internal Revenue Office, has been appointed chief clerk of the secret service division of the Treasury Department.

Fractional Currency.

There were no receipts of fractional currency at the Treasury during the week ending to-day. Shipments to the Assistant Treasurer at Boston, $100,000; Philadelphia, $100,000; Chicago, $100,000; St. Louis, $50,000; United States Depository, Pittsburg, $50,000; National Banks, $234,496.

Treasurer Spinner holds as security for national bank circulation $342,749,496, and for public deposits $30,055,350. National bank notes issued during the week, $177,020. Total to date, $314,808,061. Mutilated bills returned, $13,908,003. Insolvent bank notes redeemed, $1,089,873. Actual circulation to this date, $299,810,185. Fractional currency redeemed during the week.

FROM NEW YORK.

Explosion and Fire.

NEW YORK, May 15.—At an early hour this morning an explosion occurred in Buchman & Co.'s cotton seed oil manufactory in Jersey City, and immediately afterwards the extensive building was wrapped in flames. The buildings, machinery, etc., were destroyed, involving a loss of $60,000. The property was largely insured.

Daring and Successful Robbery.

CANANDAIGUA, N. Y., May 15.—A most daring and successful robbery was committed upon the jewelry establishment of R. Hilles, about 5 o'clock this morning, after the policeme had been withdrawn from their beats. The thieves first went to the residence of Thomas Stevenson, Mr. Hill's foreman, and rifled his pockets of the keys of the store and some small change. After which they entered the store and opened the safes, show cases, and drawers, and abstracted therefrom diamonds, watches, jewelry, etc., to the amount of about $5000. The police and detectives are on the alert, though there is no clue to the robbers.

FROM EUROPE.

Address of the Emperor Francis Joseph.

By Atlantic Cable.

VIENNA, May 15.—The Emperor Francis Joseph, in closing the sessions of the Reichsrath yesterday, made a long and pleasant speech. He recalled the situation of Austria in 1866, compared that with the present condition of things, and traced the course of legislation of the Reichsrath since that time. He was rejoiced at the friendly arrangements made with Hungary, and the finances and condition of the army. He felt that peace was indispensable to national prosperity, and the present relations of Austria with the other powers of the world assured him of its continuance. He reviewed the late reforms enacted by the Reichsrath, and hoped they would become the basis of harmonious and pacific relations between the Church and State. In concluding, he thanked all the members for their past exertions, and expressed the hope that all would support the constitution. He was interrupted by long and loud cheering.

Departure of a Consul.

NEW YORK, May 15.—Colonel J. Holmes Grover, United States Consul at Ancona, Italy, sailed to-day, in the steamship City of London.

Stock Quotations by Telegraph—3 P. M.

Glendinning, Davis & Co. report through their New York house the following:—

N. Y. Central R.	181⅜	West. Union Tel.	44⅜
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Mich. S. and N. I. R.	106¼	Mil. and St. Paul R. c.	76
Cle. and Pitt. R.	93	Mil. and St. Paul R. p.	87½
Chi. and N. W. com.	91¼	Adams Express	61¼
Chi. and W. W. pref.	103	Wells, Fargo	53¾
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Dr. ALI SALMON CHEOPSUS, the discoverer of the powerful herb known as the ZINGA, or, as it is called by the Egyptians, Zingari, was an Egyptian, born in the valley of the Biblical historic Nile, in that part of Egypt known in ancient history as Bahara, and in modern times as Lower Egypt. Cheopsus, being of humble parentage, was in early youth placed in the service of a shepherd, who, in his nomadic course of life with his flocks, wandered far into the interior or upper regions of the Blue Nile, through the district of Said and Vostari. During the long and weary days of herding in the fertile valleys and on the borders of the lakes, although a mere boy, Cheopsus exhibited a natural or intuitive love and knowledge of flowers, herbs, roots, barks, and vegetables generally. On his return from the upper country with his flocks he would invariably bring with him fruits, seeds, herbs, roots, etc., and transplant and sow them on the land of his employer or in the limited domain of his parents, until, at the age of sixteen years, he had stocked a considerable tract of land near the town of Menant, in Bahara, with the choicest vegetables and medicinal plants, among which were millet, sweet-wish, carthamus, cardamon, aloe, jalap, coloquintida, sycamores, cassia, acacias, etc.

After a faithful service of ten years as a shepherd he devoted himself exclusively to the selection and propagation of strange and rare plants and flow